HES. ETC.

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LOGAN FLOUNDERS

IN HIS SPEECH ON THE ADMISSION

Senator Vest to Make a Reply to His Strictures How Butler Held His Own-Mr. Mills Makes silver Speech-The Ricctric Light Eusiness-Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, February 3.—[Special.]— Mr. Barnes introduced today two bills for the improvement of the Savannah river. One is for one hundred thousand dollars for the river between Augusta and Savannah, and the other for fifty thousand, for the river from Augusta up to Trotter's shoals. Mr. Barnes has collected valuable information as to the possibility of the permanent and valuable improve-ment of the Savannah, and will make a strong showing for his bills.

Colonel Norwood and Jake Dart went before the committee on public buildings and grounds today, and explained Brunswick's claim, for a public building. Mr. Norwood has introduced bill, appropriating one hundred thousand dollars for this purpose. The bill introduced by Mr. Candler for the relief of the first Georgia state troops was prepared and sent to him from Georgia, with the request that he present it. He did so, stating at the time that he did it "by request." This is common courtesy, but when a member presents a paper with the statement that it is "by request," it is understood that he does not commit himself to

LOGAN'S FLOUNDER. John Logan floundered fearfully in his speech today favoring the admission of Dako-ta. He referred to Mr. Vest's speech in a way which is sure to call for a reply. Vest is confined to his room, but he is too much for Lo-

gan even when he is sick.
Mr. Mills found occasion in the house this afternoon to deliver some very plain talk on the silver question. The close attention from a large majority of the house and frequent ap-plause, shows how fully he represented the dominent sentiment in that body. The speech was one of the most taking yet made and added no little to the discomfort of the goldbugs, who now realize fully that any scheme they may present will be mashed to flinders in both houses of congress.

MADISON DAVIS'S TIME NEAR OUT. Madison Davis's time as postmaster at Athens will be out on the 13th of this month. The appointment of his successor will probably be made next week. The lucky man will be either Dr. Orr, former postmaster, or Captain' W. B. Burnett. Congressman Reese is support-

THE TELEPHONE SCANDAL The New York Times to-day, in a doubleleaded editorial, expresses the true inwardness of the telephone scandal as follows:

The Pan Electric scandal, involving certain public men at Washington, is a small matter in comparison with the Bell telephone scandal involving certain newspaper editors in the city of New York.

The Times also says:

The rewspaper outery about the Pan Electric scandal is prompted and for the most part paid for by the Bell telephone company. F. H. R.

LAID ON THE TABLE. The Republicans Not Yet Ready to Discus the President's Action.

WASHINGTON, February 3 .- The chair then placed before the senate the resolution submit-ted yesterday by Mr. Riddleberger and substitute for it the one submitted by Pugh, relating to the relations between the president and the senate in regard to information and papers affecting government officers, suspended or

affecting government officers, suspended or appointed.

Mr. Edmunds said that, practically, but four menths of the sessions were left for business. The resolutions read embodied no practical questions, only moot questions; and it would be time enough to debate the question when it should become a practical question. He moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. Riddleberger addressed the chair.

The chair said the question was not debatable. Mr. Riddleberger criticised Edmunds' motion in view of the fact that he (Edmunds) had first debated the matter and then moved

had first debated the matter and then moved to shutoff the debate. He asked that he might be allowed to answer Edmunds' remarks.

Mr. Hale asked that Riddleberger might

ave unanimous consent to make his remarks. Mr. Nan Wyck thought he (Riddleberger) should be allowed to proceed in order and he would so move, if in order.' The chair said the motion would not be in

order at this time.

By unanimous consent Mr. Riddleberger was allowed to proceed. He did not object to the first three sections of Mr. Pugh's resolution. If these were now introduced as substitutes for his (Riddleberger's) resolution he would accept them. But when it came to the remain ing sections, he differed with Mr. Pugh. His (Riddleberger's) resolutions merely involved two propositions, namely: That we had no right to require from the president his reasons for removals or suspensions of officers, but had the right to demand of him any reasons or papers or proofs going to question the appointments. The rest of Pugh's resolution to "public policy, etc," Riddleberger says there was no necessity for.

Mr. Pugh professed ignorance of parliamentary law, but inquired of the chair if the object of the motion to lay on the table was to

The Chair-It has that effect. Further than that the chair cannot express an opinion.

Mr. Pugh—I never would have offered the resolution if the question had not been pre-

sented by a leading republican. sented by a leading republican.

Mr. Conger—I rise to a point of order.

Mr. Pugh—My resolution was merely responsive to the affirmative action, as I under-

sponsive to the amrimative action, as I understood, on the part of a republican senator.

The Chair—The senator from Alabama will pause a moment. The senator from Michigan (Conger) rises to a point of order.

Mr. Conger—I make this point of order; that if this question is to be open to debate by one senator, it must be open to all. If it is not to be open to all. If the disense to be open to all, I object to any further discus-

on on the subject. I have some remarks to ake myself.

Mr. Pugh—As a motion has been made to lay this resolution on the table, and as the motive and purpose of the motion are manifest. I have no objection to that motion prevailing. Mr. Riddleberger had no objection, if there

were no "prefatory" remarks.

Mr. Cockrell—Vote, vote.

The motion to lay on the table was then agreed to, only one voice being heard in the

After further unimportant business, Mr. After further unimportant business, Afr. Riddleberger then rose and again called up the resolution that had a few minutes since, been laid on the table. He said that the senator from Kansas, (Ingalls.) had yesterday given notice that he would today move to refer that resolution to a committee. He moved that it be taken from the table to permit of that dissessition

The motion was agreed to without debate and the resolution was agreed to without debate, and the resolution was again placed before the senate. After a pause, no motion being made, the chair inquired of Mr. Riddleberger whether his motion was to refer the resolution to a committee?

Mr. Riddleberger said he had nothing to do with the motion to refer. He had called up the resolution so that the senator from Kansas (Ingalls) could move according to his notice. Mr. Riddleberger criticised the course of "a

senator whose voice is too oppressed to be beard except by himself: who first makes a speech and then moves an undebateable mo-tion." I don't mind being run over by rail-road trains," continued Mr. Riddleberger, "but I don't like being mashed by a wheel-

barrow. [Great laughter.]
On motion of Mr. Morrlil the resolution was then, without debate, referred to the committee on privileges and elections.

committee on privileges and elections.

ON THE CALENDAR.

The senate then proceeded to the consideration of bill on the calendar under the Anthony, or, "five minute" rule, Among the bills passed were the following:

A bill for the relief of the Masonic hall company of Atlants, Ga.; J. A. Henry, Mrs. M. J. Donahoe, Mrs. J. P. Williams and other citizens of the southern states. The bill appropriates money for the payment of the claims of the parties named for supplies taken by the union troops between the time of the cessation of hostilities in the field in the late war, and the period fixed by the supreme court as the time when the war technically ceased.

THE DAKOTA BILL.

At 2 o'cleek the Dakota bill was placed be fore the senate, and Mr. Logan took the floor. Observing the sparse attendance in the chamber, Mr. Logan premised by observing that it was very encouraging to observe how little in-terest was taken in either side of the chamber on the great question of the admission of a new state to the nuion. He differed materially, he said, with the senator from South ally, he said, with the senator from South Carclina, (Butler) and the senator from Missuri (Vest) in regard to the question under consideration. There were certain conditions necessary in order to the admission of a territory as a state into the union. These conditions had varied in the past, in the cases of such admission. Two lines of precedent had been followed by congress, either of which will now be followed; one, that of a preliminary "early "garbly or yet by converse; the other.

will now be followed; one, that of a preliminary "enabling" act by congress; the other, the recognition of the existence of all the necessary conditions of population, area, resources and permanent development in the territory making application. The conditions referred to were conceded by all to exist in the case under consideration. Mr Logan regretted the absence from the chamber at this time of Vest and Butler. and Butler.

Mr. Cockrell said his colleague (Vest) was

Mr. Cockrell said his colleague (Vest) was confined to bed by sickness.
Mr. Logan expressed his regret at Mr. Vest's sickness. Going directly to the argument of the objections by Messrs. Butler and Vest, Mr. Logan said that fourteen states had been admitted under the force of "enabling" acts and eleven states without enabling acts. Congress therefore was free to adopt either course, according to circumstances which, in each case, might seem best adopted to the public good.

might seem best adapted to the public good. Mr. Logan asked what was the substantial objection to the admission. By reading a paragraph from Mr. Butler's speech we might get a glimpse, at least, a shadow of the real objection. The meaning of the objection was that if Dakota were admitted it would add three elections yets to the republican strength at electoral votes to the republican strength at the next presidential election. He inquired of Mr. Butler (who had meanwhile entered,) whether that was the point? Mr. Butler denied it and said he had al-

Mr. Butler denied it and said he had already declared that even if the political complexion of Dakota were democratic, he would have felt obliged to oppose its admission, under the present aspect of its application. If Dakota came here under an enabling act, and had complied with the conditions required by the act, he would not oppose its admission. But even in that case, he would not vote for the admission, if the so called action of territory was not the bona fide action of the people, but of a small political clique.

Dakota, Mr. Logan said, had 261,000 people and had polled 57,000 votes. South Carolina

and had polled 57,000 votes. South Carolina had 700,000 people, and only voted 91,000

votes.
Mr. Butler corrected Mr. Logan. South Carolina had 1.000,060 of population.

Mr. Legan admitted the error, but still insisted that there was something wrong somewhere, when Dakota polled so many votes relatively to the vote of South Carolina. True, only 31,000 votes were east by Dakota on the election for the new constitution, but that was because the democrats of Dakota, under the direction of the democratic committee, had not participated in the election.

Mr. Butler asked what that had to do with the election, under delection South Carolina.

he question under debate. South Carolina

was not applying for admission into the Mr. Legan admitted this.

Mr. Butler thought Legan's remarks, there-re, as applicable as if Kamchatka was applyg for admission.

Mr. Logan—That is the opinion of the sen-

eter. The senator had said South Carolina was n the union. "So she is," said Logan, "and I ay she has never been out." Mr. Butler—I am glad to hear the senator

Mr. Logan said his references were more in sorrow than in anger, but he could not forbear saying that it was not "north of the line" that bitterness was found or injustice inculcated. It was not north of the line that it was sought to deprive the people of their votes. The objection to Dakota was the part of a great scheme to keep out the republican states till the democratic states could be brought in also. That was a repetition of the old principle of the "slave and free" states. Mr. Logan read from the Charleston News and Courier an article advocating the enactment of a property qualification for voting. There, he said, was a proposition to deprive the mass of the people of the right of suffrage. "The senator from South Carolina suffrage. "The senator from South Caronna laughs," said Logan. "I don't see why you should not laugh, because that is the only way you are going to control that country after a while. The start of the democracy had been

"Yes," said Mr. Butler, "while the distin-guished senator from Illinois (Logan) was the

eader of that party."

"Not the leader," replied Logan. "I was a follower, and I followed so far behind that I got left." (Great laughter and applause in the galleries.) The attempt to keep out Dakota logan characterized as part of a great scheme o keep out the states that sent republicans to

Mr. Morgan opposed the admission of Dakota under the present condition. He thought the senate was asked to admit a new state merely or the purpose of admitting the office holders that had been sent here. The patriotism that had been so much referred to had in it a strong flavor of self interest. The speaker criticized the action of south Dakota in undertaking to divide the territory on its own account. That territory, as a whole, was a legal entity. He compared tho small states with the great—Delaware with New York—to

with the greate—Delaware with New York—to show the greater proportional influence of a wide territorial area for a state in union. He opposed the division of the territory, and said the people of Dakota, as a whole, also opposed it. The constitution brought here did not come from the people, and it created laws of congress by disrupting the territory. There was no case in our history like Dakota. Wheat the former territories had been divided, they had been divided by a vote of a people of one, but been divided by a vote of a people of one half the territory. Mr. Morgan would like to see Dakota admitted in the centennial year of the Three times thirteen would make thirty-nine

- to that there would be a special beauty and fitness in the admission of that state in 1889, after com-

pliance with the conditions of an "enabling" act, which shall be passed by this congress

to a motion to adjourn, At 4:50 p. m. the senate adjourned, Mr. Harrison giving notice that he would ask the senate to bring the bill to a vote tomorrow.

THE DAY IN THE HOUSE.

Mr. Mills Makes a Speech on the Silver Question.

Washington, February 3.—Mr. Blann from the committee on coinage, weights and measures, derired to report back a resolution offered by him Monday last, calling on the secretary of the treasury for certain information relative to the silver circulation.

Mr. Morrison, stating that he wished to exmine the resolution, made the point that it was not accompanied by a report as required by the rules. Mr. Bland withdrew the resolution for the present.

by the rules. Mr. mand water and the lution for the present.

Mr. Robertson, of Kentucky, from the committee on expenditures in the war department, reported back a resolution instructing that committee to inquire into the alleged violation by the civil service bureau, of the statute which which are appreciation for one object heing.

the civil service bureau, of the statute which prohibits an appropriation for one object being used for any other. Adopted.

Mr. Bland, having prepared a short report, again submitted a preamble and resolution which, as amended by the committee, quotes at greater length from the speech of Mr. Cox, of the New York clearing house, at the bankers' convention at Chicaso, and concludes the request. vention at Chicago, and concludes the request vention at Chicago, and concludes the request for information with the following clause:
Also what smount of the interest bearing debt is now subject to call, and will the same policy be pursued in payment of silver thereon and on other public dues in the future as in the past.

Mr. Morrison would not object to the resolution, but thought that it went to far in asking that went to far in asking that went to be the discretion.

what was to be the policy of the treasury de

partment.
The debate having indicated the only way to get rid of the last clause was by recommit-ting the resolution, with instructions to the committee to strike it out.

Mr. Hewett accordingly moved to recommit

the resolution, with instructions to the committee to strike out that portion which asked the secretary of the treasuy to define the policy of the administration.

The motion to recommit, with instructions, was lost-yeas 88, nays 168, and the resolution

was lost—yeas 88, nays 168, and the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Brady, of Virginia, rising to a question of personal privilege, again endeavored to reply to the speech of Mr. Wise, of Virginia, made by that gentlemen in response to Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, but he was again unsuccessful.

The house resolved itself into committee on the bill relating to the taxation of the fractional parts of a gallon of distilled spirits.

Mr. Mills, of Texas, offered an amendment providing that all taxes imposed by this act shall be paid in standard silver coin, and using this amendment as a text he addressed the

this amendment as a text he addressed the committee upon the entire silver question in favor of free coinage. Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, briefly discussed

the provisions of the pending bill, and opposed it as being disadvantageous to the distilling interests of Ohio. Without action the com-mittee rose and the house at 5:15 adjourned.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The Commission Meets the Committee and Interchange Views.

WASHINGTON, February 3.—The civil service commissioners today had an informal conference with the house committee on reform in the civil service, in which they discussed a number of details connected with the civil number of details connected with the civil service. In reply to questions as to whether it were not practicable to classify government employes by work rather than by salaries, the commissioners said that while it was practicable, classification by salaries seemed to them the better plan. They favored the ap-pointment of a commission to rearrange the classification and salaries of department employes, and cited instances where the same work was paid for at different rates in different departments. In reply to Mr. Blanchard, of Louisiana, the commissioners Blanchard, of Louisiana, the commissioners said they thought it would require an amendment to the civil service law to allow the commission in making appointments to take into consideration the number of employes already in office from the various states. They did not consider such an amendment wise, however, as it would tend to reader the whole civil service system unpopular with the month and west because under it the south north and west, because under it the south would get nearly all the offices, and thus open up the sectional question. Under the law the south was now getting its share of offices, and would in time have its proportion of offices. The commissioners did not think it wise to do anything which would make the law unpopular in the north, where its strength

now principally lies. The President is Satisfied.

Washington, February 3.—The Star says that Senators Edmunds and Pugh called upon the president in relation to the appointment of Judge Merrick upon the district bench, and advised him of the sentiment existing in the committee against an appointment on the United States bench of men whose age would soon fit them for retirement. merely said that Judge Merrick had given sat sfaction, and did not indicate whether or not ne considered his age an objection.

THE OHIO SCRAMBLE.

The Senates May Meet in Embrace Tomor Columbus, O., February 3.—The senate conference committee on the differences was in session all day, and being unable to formulate a report to the senate by 4 p. m., the hour for meeting, was given further time, and the seaate adjourned. The members of the commit tee gave out information this evening that an agreement has been reached, and that a repor will be submitted to the respective caucusses to morrow morning for ratification, and afterward to the state. Matters agreed upon refer more especially to the conduct of the investigation of the Cincinnati senatorial cases, with other uestions reserved for subsequent consideration by the committee and the senate. It is expected that investigating committees will be instituted and enter on its duties the first

of next week. The Payne alleged bribery investigation committee held another secret session today and adjourned to next Wednesday.

In the Hands of the Mayor.

COLUMBUS, O., February 3.—Governor Fora-ker today rendered his decision on the charges preferred against the Cincinnati police com-missioners, removing them from office. This practically leaves the control of the police in the hands of the mayor The Imported Men Strike Also. MOUNT PLEASANT, Pa., February 3 .- A train of eight emigrant coaches, containing ninety imported laborers, left Connellsville at mid-

imported laborers, left connelisville at mid-night. Delegations were dropped at Summit and Valley, and the remainder brought to Standard. They were met by a police escort, and part of them put in a house, while the re-mainder occupied coaches for the night. No one was allowed to go near them. Reports re-ceived at noon today from the Standard works indicate that the foreign importation has alindicate that the foreign importation has already gone on a strike. The striking Hungarians captured some of the people, and so impressed them with the existing troubles that they have refused to dig coal.

Striking in France.

PARIS, February 3 .- A serious strike is in progress at St. Quentin, department of Aisne. The weavers in four cotton mills there have quit work, and today they engaged in a riotous demonstration. A force of gendarmes finally succeeded in dispersing the mob.

generations of men, point to the marvellous work of the human hand and the human mind on the erection of a free government for a free people.

Mr. Harrison obtained the floor but yielded

A Heavy Failure.

Lyncheurg, Va., February 3.—W. B. Snead, contractor and builder, has made an assignment. Liabilities unknown, but supposed to be about \$30,000. The assets, it is said, will pay 75 per cent of the liabilities. A Heavy Failure.

COCHRAN'S FIRE.

A BIG BLAZE IN A LITTLE GEORGIA

Incendiary Applies the Torch to the Cochran Hotel and Lays Waste a Beautiful Town— The Losses and Insurances—Other Pires Throughout the Country.

COCHEAN, Ga., February 3.-[Special.]-An incendiary fire broke out here this morning at 1:30 in the rear of Thomas Hall's building Everything points to incendiarism. The building was a two story house of wood. The fire extended to the Daisey hotel. James A. Thomas is the proprietor of the hall and hotel. The occupants of the hall building were: H. M. Loyless, saloon, eight hundred dol-lars, no insurance, total loss.

W. H. Boyle, bed springs, loss one hundred

Dr. T. F. Walker, books, papers, collaterals and valuables, eleven thousand dollars.

J. E. Boothe building, one thousand dollars. Jack Vaughn building, five hundred dol

J. G. Wright, Jr., damage by goods two hundred dollars.

Bush Bros.'s livery stables, two thousand dollars.

E. Cook, loss of stable, one hundred dollars. The Daisy house and furniture, two thous-

and dollars, insurance not known. Some damage was done the goods being moved from the houses. The amount cannot, be estimated, the proprtetors being absent. The names of insurance companies cannot be learned. Suspicion rests upon some parties. The buildings were all of wood. The loss of the Daisey house deprives the town of a hotel. Colonel Thomas occupies Dr. T. F. Walker's house on Beech street, where Mrs. Thomas will take transient custom.

Courthouse Destroyed. Courthouse Destroyed.

HAMILTON, Texas, February 3.—The courthouse here was destroyed by fire at four o'clock yesterday morning. The records of the sheriff's and surveyor's offices were saved. Those of the county court were destroyed. The records of the clerk's office were in the vault and are supposed to have been incinerated. Three thousand dollars of the county funds were in the iron safe, which is thought to be fire proof. The loss on the building is \$10,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Burned the House Over His Head. CRISFIELD, Md., February 3.—Last night a German, known only as George, was arrested for some slight offense. On his way to the leck up he declared that if confined all night he would burn the house and himself. This morning the house, a small frame structure, was found to have been entirely destroyed by fire and awong the sakes wore the remains of fire, and among the ashes were the remains of the unfortunate man. He had evidently set fire to the place sometime during the night.

Fire in Manchester. MANCHESTER, February 3.—A huge block of buildings in this city, occupied by Hamilton & Co., Patton & Co., and Peak & Co., have been gutted by fire. The loss will exceed \$500,000.

THE FALLING SNOW. The Heaviest Snow Storm of the Season.

WASHINGTON, February 3.- The snow be

Washington, February 3.—The snow began falling here about three o'clock this morning, and this evening the depth at that hour ranges from eight inches on the level and sheltered spots to drifts of enormous size.

The heaviest snow of the season fell in Staunton today. At five o'clock, when it stopped snowing, the ground was covered to an average depth of eighteen inches. All the trains are delayed.

In Harrisonburg, Va., the heaviest snow storm since 1857 began at one o'clock this morning, and continued all day in blinding clouds. It is now eighteen inches deep on a level, and drifted from six to ten feet. Travel on the country roads is almost impossible.

on the country roads is almost impossible.
West-bound trains were two hours late. The
mercury is twelve degrees above zero.
The severest snow storm for several years iled in Richmond all day. The thermon eter has fallen twenty-two degrees in the last twenty-four hours. The six twenty northern train on the Richmond, Fredericksburg Potomac railroad is delayed.

THE SNOW IN TENNESSEE.

JNASHVILLE, Tenn., February 3.—The storm
of yesterday and last night was one of the seerest ever experienced in this state. The storm continued unceasingly from daylight Tueseay till daylight today, fully twenty-four hours, and prevailed throughout the state. The turnpikes and roads in every distate. The turnpikes and roads in every direction are impassable, and it is probable that the mailes for points of several roads will be delayed several days. Reports received from points in upper Middle. Tennessece say the snow drifted badly in that section, effectually stopping all the mail carriers and travel generally. All the stage coaches are snow bound, and do not hope to be able to travel for several days. All the city schools adjourned today, it being impossible for the children to reach the buildings. The average depth of snow here is twenty inches.

Business was practically suspended during the entire day and railroad traffic was almost completely suspended. There are but few trains running. The passenger train on the

rains running. The passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville road arrived here two hours and thirty minutes behind time and had two engines. The train went through to Louisville. All the other trains on the Louisville and Nashville road were unable to move on account of blockades. The train which left here last night on the St. Louis division is snewbound at Guthrie, Kentucky. On the Nashville and Northwestern railroad, all the trains beth received and freight. Nashville and Northwestern railroad, all the trains, both passenger and freight, have been abandoned. The train leaving here last night is snow bound at Waverly. The Chattanoga train, due here at 6:30 a. m, arrived at 1:30 o'clock. This is the only train that has arrived or departed on this road today. The heaviest snow was found at Tullahoma, from which place the train left at 3 a, m. The engine was carried under the snow up to the steam chest all the way. The snow at Martin was reported to be twenty-two inches deep. No trains are running to or from that place. In various parts of West Tennessee it was re-ported to be from twenty-two to thirty inches deep, but no serious damage was done. This s the first time there has ever been a general bleckade on the Tennessee roads.

THE SNOW IN TEXAS.

GALVESTON. February 3.—Meagre intelli-

rence from north Texas up to midnight last hight reports a heavy snow storm prevailing over the Indian territory and extending south and west into Texas. At Eufana Station, on the Miscouri Pacific railroad, about midway north and scuth in the Indian nation, the snow was five inches deep at sundown. Trains from the north are delayed and telegraphic communication

are delayed and telegraphic communication is interrupted. Harrold reports that it is snewing in the Pan Handle country, which, at this season of the year, means great suffering and loss among the stock. The extent of the storm will probably not be known for a few days. It is blustering and raining here, but no cold wave, anything like that of the January blizzard has yet reached Galveston.

EVEN IN MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO, February 3.—Snow fell to the depth of four inches at Mexicaleingo, four miles distant from this city, yesterday afternoon. This is the first snow that has fallen in this vicinity since 1856. The tops of all the adjacent mountains were also whitened. The weather is much cooler than is generally experienced in this latitude at this season.

THE HEADLESS MAN. Positively Identified as Being the Missing

NASHVILLE, Tenn., February 3.—[Special.]
The veil of mystery which has long enveloped the foulest and most remarkable crime chroncled in the annals of the state has been lifted, and it only remains to close the chapter of investigations with the formality and precision. The jury gathered in the long ante room of the undertaking establishment where the remains of the victim had been embalmed. The doors were closed, and only the officials of the court and representatives of the press were present to witness and only the officials of the court and representatives of the press were present to witness the final scenes. The front door was besieged with whites and blacks, standing knee deep in snowdrifts, pressed close against the windows and eagerly watched the movements within. The back yard was also crowded and the narrow hatchway leading to the door was strained to its utmost capacity by the sensation loving gamins, who peered through the glass framed doorway upon the mutilated remains. It seemed that the morbid love of the tragic was excited to abnormal intensity, for men of all grades, from the portly merchant to thinly grades, from the portly merchant to thinly clad children of the town, clustered and pushed and watched and waited around with an utter disregard of the lapse of time or the severity of the weather to which they were

Punctually at 3 o'clock the jury ranged themselves arong the long board upon which rested in awful significance, the head of the murdered man. The member was well preserved, considering the fact that it had been severed from the body over eleven weeks. The eyes were gone, the skin was smooth over the forehead, drawn close over the cheek bones, the jaws sunken, the nose flattened, the lips larcerated and torn back from rows of glistening teeth, which were in bold relief. The hair was natural, though back of the ear clotted, and exposing a sight of the skull. By direction of Judge Allen and Attorney-General Washington and the request of Coroner Snyder, Dr. W. C. Cook, county health officer, in be-

Washington and the request of Coroner Sayder, Dr. W. C. Cook, county health officer, in behalf of the state, conducted the autopsy.

IDENTIFYING THE HEAD.

Before the body was examined a number of prisons were sent for to identify the head. The first witness was Trustee Sneed. Advancing to within five feet of the head, he looked at it a moment and then said in a positive tone: tive tone:
"I recognize the head as that of Frank Ar-

'I recognize the head as that of Frank Arnold. I swear to his identity."

Constable Bob Marshall, J. D. Chickering, Robert Chickering, Ben Hadley, Elias Napier and several others testified to the same fact. J. D. Cary is the man in whose presence Ben Brown says the two promissary notes were made on the 10th of November, by Frank Arnold to Ben Brown. Ben said that on that day he and Arnold went to Cary's office and there the writing occurred. When shown the head yesterday, Cary examined it closely, and said that he was certain that it was not that of the man who came to his office with Ben Brown on November 10th., and passed himself off as Frank Arnold. This testimony indicates that even after Arnold had been killed, cates that even after Arnold had been killed, that Brown took his confederate to Cary's of-

that Brown took his confederate to Cary's office, and there passed him off as Brown and had the notes made.

WHO-IS THE MISSING MAN?

The question arises who was the man who was called Arnold?' Cary said he was not certain that he would recognize him were he to see him again. After the testimony was concluded Dr. Cook made a thorough examination of the head and other northins of the head and other no of the head and other portions of the body, the found that the skull had been fractured, the lips had been badly bruised, as had the nese. It will be remembered that Bill Brown said that Ben had broken Arnold's skull with an iron spike as he lay on the ground. There were two holes in the neck just above the wind pipe, which Dr. Cook said were stabs. Either of these wounds would have produced death. Large bruises were found on the chest of the wendered were were found on the chest. of the murdered man.

THE VERDICT. The jury, after the autopsy was concluded, returned, and in half hour made their verdict. The deceased had come to his death by a blow upon the head, breaking the skull, inflicted by Ben Brown and other parties, which was substantially the same verdict as that rendered

ROBERTS IN NEW YORK

The Augusta Bank President Pleads Not Guilty.

NEW YORK. February 3.—[Special.]—William S. Roberts, president of the defunct Bank of Augusta, Augusts, Georgia, arrived in this city yesterday in the custody of Detective Sergeant Phil Reilly. Roberts is under indictment herefor grand larceny, and was taken at once to the general sessions. Roger A. Pryor, his connsel, put in a plea of not gurlty, at the same time insisting that he be allowed to withdraw this plea at any time, and enter a

demurrer to the indictment.

ADMITTED TO BAIL.

Judge Cawing fixed bail at \$10,000, which was furnished a few hours later by K. Rogers Lockwood, vice-president of the Long Island railnead, who lives in Brooklyn, and is owner of the John D. Lock estate, at Whitestone, L. I. Roberts is charged with having hypothecated in this city \$145,000 worth of bonds of the Georgetown and Lane railroad company. These bonds were deposited in the bank of which Roberts was president by the Bethle. which Roberts was president by the Bethle-hem Iron company, of Pennsylvania. The bank failed in January, 1885. Early in April last, efforts were made to have Roberts extradited to this city just after the indictmen

against him was presented.

FIGHTS THE REQUISITION.

Detective Reilly went to Augusta to bring the ex-president here, but no sooner had he reached that city than he was prevented from executing his orders by habeus corpus pro-ceedings, brought successively in three different courts. These proceedings took up much time, but each failed in its purpose, and Rob-erts grew despondent. His friends made a last effort to save him by endeavoring to bring the matter before the supreme court of the United States.

About this time Roberts made an attempt to end his earthly troubles by cutting his throat.

When he had recovered Detective Reilly promptly took possession of him, the United States supreme court sitting in Washington having refused to further delay the trial. Governor Hill had requested that the supremocurt look into the matter, and it was principally for this reason that the court consented to listen to arguments regarding the case, but it issued an order decreeing that the extradi-tion order be carried into effect. Roberts is sixty years old, but his troubles have given him the appearance of being much older. His hair and whiskers are white.

The News from Montgon Montgomery, Ala., February 3.—[Special. A raving maniac, who gives his name as W. A. Scales, and claims to be from Columbus, Ga., was picked up at the union depot in this city last night and ledged in the city prison. He is in a sadily demented condition, and seems haunted with the idea that he will be murdered. He is raving mad, and will be kept in prison until the authorities receive further information.

The governor received notice, today of the deach.

and will be kept in prison that the authorities re-ceive further information.

The governor received notice today of the death of the freasurer of Clebourne county.

Morey & Barr, dealers in general merchandise, Wilsonville, Ala., failed today.

One of Packer's Legacies.

PHILADELPHIA, February 3.—The judgment PHILADELPHIA, February 3.—The judgment of the orphan's court, awarding the late Judge Packer's legacy of \$4,000 to the Virginia Military institute has been affirmed by the supreme court, which held that under the evidence it could not be questioned that the deceased intended to give \$4,000 to the institution which owed him \$1,000. The bequest was claimed by the Washington and Lee university. The supreme court also refused in countenance a devision of the legacy.

GLADSTONE'S CABINET.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE FULL LIST OFFICIALLY AN-NOUNCED.

The Belief Expressed that It is a Compromise Body-Morley Gets the Irish Secretaryship-Lord Martington Left Out-General News from the Old Country, Etc.

LONDON, February 3.—The new cabinet is dicially announced, as follows: Mr. GLADSTONE, prime minister and first lord

air. GLADSIVAE, prime minister and first lord of the treasury.

Sir FARRER HERSCHEL, lord high chancettor. Earl SPENCER, lord president of the council.

H. C. H. CHILDERS, home secretary.

Earl ROSEBERRY, secretary for foreign affairs.

Earl GRANVILLE, secretary for the colonies.

Earl KEMBERLEY, secretary for India.

H. CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN, secretary for war.

Sir WM. VERNON HARCOURT, chancellor of the exchequer.

the exchequer.

The MARQUIS OF RIPON, first lord of the admi-J. CHAMBERLAIN, president of the local gov-

ernment board.
G. O. TREVELVAN, secretary for Scotland.
A. J. MUNDELLA, president of the boa JOHN MORLEY, chief secretary for Ireland.

The following appointments have been made urder the new administration: EARL SIDNEY, lord steward of the queen's

ousehold.

ARNOLD MOBLEY, patronage secretary.

CHARLES RUSSELL, attorney general. The composition of the new cabinet has caused great surprise. It is thought to show

marks of a compromise. No definite appointments to the minor offices have been announced. The Daily News considers the new ministry a strong one, and especially approves of the appointment of the earl of Roseberry and John Morley. It say the selection of the earl of Kimberly for the Indian secretaryship is the only choice that is likely to meet with negative approval. The absence of Lord Hartington from the cabinet, the News says, is a matter of regret, which

may, however, at no distant date be renewed.

In the event of the defeat of John Morley in the election at Newcastle, Mr. Parnell offers to

the election at Newcastle, Mr. Parnell offers to find him a constituency in Ireland.

The Standard says: "Gladstone, in forming his cabinet has made the best of a bad situation. The members are men of undoubted ability. The election of Earl Rosebery for the post of secretary of foreign affairs was the best that could be made, and promises well for the good will of Germany. The appointments likely to clicit criticism are Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer and John Morely, chief secretary of Ireland. Rushten Pasha, Turkish ambassador at London, has informed the Turkish government that Gladstone will continue Lord Salisbury's Greek policy only on condition that the powers compel the porte to effect the needed reforms in the empire.

forms in the empire. The Pope Faints.

ROME, February 3.—The pope, while transecting home business with Cardinal Ferrieri, prefect of the congregation of bishops and regatars, yesterday, had a slight attack of syncope. He was carried to his chambers, but recovered from the attack before reaching them. May Priests Marry?

Paris, February 3 .- The court of appeals at

Amiens recently gave a decision that Catholic priests may marry, notwithstanding the fact that the court of cassation decided otherwise

in 1848. The higher court, however, has not yet interfered with the decision of the Amiens Picked up at Sea. LONDON, February 3.—Information has been received that Girod and Renaud, aeronauts, who ascended in a balloon in the latter part of January from Brest, and who were supposed to have perished, were picked up at sea.

The Dilke Scandal Suit. LONDON, February 3.—The trial of the Crawford divorce case, in which Sir Charles Dilke is co-respondent, has been delayed, but will probably be begun on Monday.

Assembled in Suda Bay.

London, February 3.—A majority of the vessels belonging to the European squadron designated to prevent Greece from attacking Turkey, have assembled in Suda bay.

EDISON SCORES ANOTHER. Messages Transmitted and Received in a

Moving Railway Train. New York, February 3.—A number of well known gentlemen went down to Staten Island today to witness the workings of Edison's new

today to witness the workings of Edison's new invention for telegraphing from moving rail-way trains. The test was made on a train of the Staten Island Rapid Transit road. Several messages were sent and received while the train was in motion. It is claimed that the results were very satisfactory.

Among those on the train were Governor Leland Stanford, of California; Vice President Sykes, of the Chicago and Northwestern rail-road; David Dows, vice president of the Rock Island railroad; Stuyvesant Fish, vice president of the Illinois Central, and Thos. Edison. A battery was in one of the passenger cars A battery was in one of the passenger cars with a ground wire connecting with the axle of the wheels and the track. The other wire connected with the tin roof of the car. The arroofs were connected by an insulated wire. The common electric magnet, worked by a Morse key, was used. From the ear roofs the messages were transmitted, by-induction to the permanent wires on the poles along the line of the railroad, a distance of twenty-five to thirty-five feet. Messages were sent to and from New York and other points with perfect facility while the train was running at thirty

in telegraph would be introduced at once on the Illinois Central railroad. THE CRIME LOCATED. A Railroad Agent and a Telegraph Opera-

pilesan hour. Mr. Edison said the new wonder

A Railroad Agent and a Telegraph Operator.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., February 3.—For six months past complaints have been coming in to the baggage departments of the railroads centering at Auburn Junction, near here, alleging less of valuables from trunks and valises. In the settlement of these claims, the Baltimore and Ohio company alone has paid over \$1,000. Detectives were put on the case, and by means of marked parcels they succeeded in locating the thieves. Last night the city was astonished by the arrest of C. M. Keck, joint agent at the junction, and J. B. Barnett, telegraph operater, both well known in society. They were arrested at the instance of the roads, on bench warrants charging them with the robbery of several thousand dollars worth of valuables. Their method was to open the trunks by means of false keys, and after rifling them of all valuablef, to relock them. The arrests are precipitated by the confession of Reck's mistress, who is a searvant in Barnett's family.

It Felt Like an Earthquake.

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It Felt Like an Earthquake.

New York, February 3.—The powder house at shaft twenty-two, of the new croton acqueduct, on Fordham road, exploded today, killing one man and probably fatally wounding another. A great deal of damage was done to the glass and weak buildings in the surrounding country. Several places on Long Island report an earthquake shock felt about the same moment that the powder explosion occurred. Similar reports come from places equally distant in other directions from the explosion.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK IN MIDDLE GEORGIA'S METROPOLIS.

What the Farmers and Business Zen are Doing-Thief Caught-Three New Zen Signed-Sick of Florida - An Byetall Amputated-White Carriers-Another Version.

MACON, February 3 .- [Special.] - Quite a number of Macon's representative business men interviewed shows that they are pretty much all of the same opinion in regard to the

ess outlook Trade has been dull, and the reason of it is. the farmers seem to have made a strong effort last year to forever rid themselves of the inenbus of old debts, and to meet them, they have been more economical than ever before. They have deprived themselves of most of the luxuries and a great many necessities of life to be able to meet their obligations. This accounts for the few goods sold as compared

with other years. The farmers having succeeded in adjusting matters are now at home working like beavers to secure a bountiful harvest for next season. A good crop year will set them straight and once again business of all kinds will receive an impetus, the like of which was never known before, and peace, plenty and prosperity will be the reward of the thrift and selfsacraficing economy of the tillers of the soil. It has got so now that the farmer's paper is

above par. The reason is that so few fail to meet their obligations when you come to compare them

with other trades and professions. The failure of a good many mercantile firms is not justly attributable to the failure of the farmers in paying their debts. It is rather attributable to their unselfish economy in paying old debts rather than purchase new goods. For this reason the merchant went under. He, of course had his stock laid in as usual, there were no buyers, and the business simply failed.

So far, business is opening very well in Macon. While there is no rush there is that steady trade, which indicates the legitimate equalization of supply and demand. Farmers are beginning to get money from the banks and business men, and I think, are spending it in a sensible, judicious manner. Money can be had here at one per cent, ten per cent for ten months, which is as long as the notes run. Bacon is sold at from 7 to

cents payable next fall, with-out interest, corn at 80 and syring at from 40 to 45 on the same understanding. I am glad to know that they are not buying corn to any great extent. Fertilizers are being purchased quite liberally, and it seems that popular favoracts in the direction of manipulated guanos, although quite a number of farmers will

use acids composted at home.

Upon the whole the outlook is very good.
The loss of the early oat crop was a hard blow, but the farmers are exhibiting their perseverance by putting in a fresh crop.

MACON, February 3.—[Special.]—Hon. W. Huff has received five letters within two weeks from settlers in Florida who have be come demoralized by the recent unprecedent ed cold weather there, and they all want to secure homes between Macon and Griffin.
They have at last learned that it is but a land
of dreams and that Middle Georgia is a land
of premise. Captain Huff has been in the real estate business for some time, but he says this is a new experience to him.

An Eyeball Amputated.

MACON, February 3.—[Special.]—Several weeks ago the infant child of Mr. Garrett, of Milledgeville, had the sad misfortune to losene its eyes by being scalded. The ball of the eye began to gradually protude between the lids, causing a terrible deformity to the little sufferer, and also endangering the sight of the other. Mrs. Garrett brought the child to this city yesterday, and Dr. Cotter amputated the injured cycball, saving the good eye and leav-ing a proper stump on which to fit an artificial

MACON, February 3.—[Special.]—Tonight at the Academy of Music, Fannie Davenport ap-peared as Princess Fedora in Sardon's great emotional play. She enters into the play with an enthusiasm that holds the attention audience, and some of her acting is simply grand. She is well supported, and the play is considered one of the best of the season. A from here to Atlanta.

Thief Caught.

Macon, February 3.—[Special.]—The thief who stole Mr. Sisson's watch Monday, on Fourth street, was caught today. He offered the watch at a pawnbroker's shop on Fourth street, was detected and Officer Murphy nabbed him. He and Allen Jones were on the same beat, and the latter took him to the jail, where he is now locked up.

White Carriers. Macon, February 3.—(Special.[—The Evening News has discharged its colored carriers and now employs white boys. This will doubtless prove more satisfactory. The News grows in sprightliness, and its publisher is forging ahead in good style.

A Correction. Macon, Februry 3.—[Special.]—In the account of sheriff's sales yesterday, the cart got before the horse. It was W. B. Sparks who brought the suit, and not J. H. Carstarpen,

but vice versa.

The Officer Got Him.

Macon, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—This evening a white man named Higgins knocked a drayman down three times, and threatened to knock Officer Baughn down, but the latter succeeded in locking him up after some trou-ble.

Personal Gossin.

Macon, February 3.—[Special.]—Miss Lula McIntosh, daughter of Prof. R. M.McIntosh, of Oxford, is visiting Mrs. J. W. Burke, this city.

Moody and Saukey answered our committee of ministers and deacons yesterday by saying that they could not come to Macon this season. as other engagements prevent their accepting

Rev. C. H. Mead, the famous temperance decturer, is in the city, accompanied by Rev. C. N. Stearns, secretary of the National Tem-Yesterday Alderman Johnson presented

Officer William Jones with a fine ivoryhandled revolver. Miss Hannah Morris, of Atlanta, is visiting

the Misses Peyser, this city.
Miss Fannie Lou Johnson is home from a visit sive eucher party was given by A progressive eucher party was given by Mis. David Flanders at her residence on Wharf street, to a party of friends last night. Captain John L. Day, of the steamer Ida, Lumber city, is in the city.

Admitted to the Bar.

NEWNAN, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—On Monday of this week. at Fairburn, Messra, Malvern Hill and Paul Wilcoxon, of Newnan, after passing creditable examinations, were admitted to practice law in this state. They are both young men of fine promise and college, Ala., and Mr. Wilcoxon of the University of Georgia.

Shad Fishing Commenced.

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SAVANNAH, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—
Shad fishing has commenced lively in the Savannah and Ogeechee waters, and a large number of men are engaged in the work, and the first large catch has been made. This commanded in the local market forty to seventy-five cents, but the demand north is so great that large shipments are made by every steamer from now on during the season.

CQLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

baual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Eagle and Phenix Factory.

COLUMBUS, Ga., February 3. - [Special.] The annual meeting of the stockholders the Eagle and Phenix mills was held at the company's office in this city today. The folboard of directors was elected: W. H. Young, N. J. Bussey, T. W. Battle, A. I. Young and John Peabody. At a subsequent meeting of the directors W. H. Young was re-elected president, and A. I. Young was elected secretary and treasurer. A semi-annual dividend of three per cent was declared pay-able June 30th and December 31st. Mr. G. Gunby Jordan declined a re-election as secretary and treasurer in order that he may give his whole time to the affairs of the Georgia Midland and Gulf railroad. The president's report was very voluminous, dealin detail with all the workings of the institut It showed the company in a healthy financial condition. Resolutions of regret at Mr. Jor-dan's resignation were passed by the stock-

holders and directors. e were twenty arrivals of boats at the wharf during the past month, from which one hundred dollars was collected as port dues. There were twelve interments each in the white and colored cemeteries during January, of which two whites and four colored were

non residents.

A Mikado party will be given at the residence of Mr. J. W. Pease Friday night.

At the meeting of the city council tonight the finance committee reported the tax ordinance for 1886. There is no change in the tax

on real estate or sales.

Forty-two parties were tried in the mayor's court in January, twenty-seven of whom were fined an aggregate of \$55. There was only one death in the city hospital during the past month.

TO MEET THE OHIOANS. Delegations to be on Hand from Gwinnett

and Randolph. LAWRENCEVILLE, Ga., February 3 .- [Spec

ial.]—A committee of citizens of this county, representing several thousand dollars, will meet the Ohio excursionists in Atlanta this week and will urge them to visit this place and county. Captain W. J. Born has been in communication with the parties who receive them, and will likely induce them to visit us. M. V. Brand, after several hours spent lying flat on the cold ground for the last ten days, this morning reaped a rich harvest in killing two large gobblers. They will be carved Friday

by his friends. CUTHBERT, February 3.—[Special.]—The following committee of invitation left here to-day to visit Atlanta and extend to the visitors of the buckeye state the hospitalities of Cuthbert and Randolph county: Mayor S. E. Freeman, Colonel A. Hood, Jr., Professor H. W. Key, president Andrew college, Messrs. Phil Pearce, L. E. Gay, J. F. Lealy, W. J. Olliver, H. A. Crittenden, J. L. Jay, V. O. Barry. These gentlemen will stop at the Markham, and can be found during their visit of several days in the gate city at the office of Hom. L. T. Honger the gate city, at the office of Hon. J. T. Hen-

They are prepared to furnish any informa ion necessary about this section and will be glad to meet and consult with all who may desire intelligence. The railroads have reduced rates for the visitors to one cent per mile any where in the state. This liberality is highly appreciated by our people and will be sure to fetch the farmers this way. Our citizens are determined to make their visit a pleasant one. They will throw open their doors and enter-tain every one of them without the least expense.

FLOYD WILL MEET OHIO. ROME, February 3.—[Special.]—Preparaexcursionists tomorrow evening. A banquet will be spread at the city hall for 200, and several speeches will be delivered at the opera house. Rome will give the excursionists a warm welcome and a hospitable reception.

COWETA WANTS THEM. NEWNAN, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—On resterday quite a number of the citizens of Coweta met in the court house to encourage the Ohio excursionists to visit the county mingle with our people and inspect our lands Resolutions were passed urging them to vis-us and a committee appointed to meet them n Atlanta and invite them to us.

The committee appointed is Hon. W. A. The committee appointed is Hon. W. A. Turner, Hon. J. B. Goodwyn, Hon. R. W. North, Hon. W. T. Stallings, and Messrs. A. C. Lowrey, A. B. Cates, James Y. Carmical, Benj. Leigh, Henry Pärks, W. F. S. Powell, James B. Hunnicutt, H. W. Camp and S. L. Whitley.

"IN FLAME AND SMOKE."

Bernesville Again Suffers Heavy Losses-Humburger & Stafford's Works Burned. BARNESVILLE, Ga., February 3 .- Special. 1-By the time the people of the town could up and prepare themselves for the cutting cold, the entire town was lit up by a bright flame. Hamburger & Stafford's mill and va-tiety works were on fire. The buildings were all large and of wood, hence the fire spread rapidly and soon consumed the entire buildings. The property was owned by Mr. Louis Hamburger, Jr., and Mr. Stanton, of Social Circle. Mr. R. A. Stafford had leased Mr. Stanton's half and had just entered upon the year's duties. The property and machinery was valued at \$12,000. There not a particle of insurance upon anything. The furniture department has recently been filled un-with the latest improved machinery. Young Mr. Williams lost a very fine lot of valuable tools. Many theories exist as to the origin and cause of the fire, but it is generally believed that it caught from the

HE CAME BACK CRAZY.

The Result of a Visit to Western North Carolina. CLAYTON, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—Ben Hackett, colored, who is well known to the Hackett, colored, who is well known to the members of the legal fraternity who attend Rabun superior court, gives every indication of insanity. He returned from North Carolina today, acting so strangely as to excite the notice of all who saw him. He gesticulated wildly. He would hold out his arms and wildly. He would hold out his attention wildly. He would hold out his attention say, "May the Lord abide with you all, amen! say, "May the Lord abide with you all, amen! His conversation was confined entirely to religious subjects. He has been preparing himself for the ministry for the past two years, and as he failed to obtain license, at the last conference, to preach, it is thought that his mind has given way under the disappoint

For the Care of the Young Men. SAVANNAH, Ga., February 3.-[Special.]-Its proposed to organize, in connection with the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, a society for the protection of children and the care of young men, especially to look after the liquor dealers, who sell liquor to mi-

nors. The movement is favorably mony will be obtained for its support. The Colored Lieutenant-Colonel SAVANNAH, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—
John H. Deveaux was elected lieutenant-colonel of the colored battalion, vice W. H. Woohouse, resigned. Deveaux is clerk in the customer of the leaf of the customer of the cus

comhouse and one of the leading colored men

in the city.

Cattle Drowned. EASTMAN, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]— Itis reported by citizens from the western portion of Dodge county that a considerable number of cattle were drowned or frozen to death in the Ocumulgee river swamp during therecent cold weather.

Local Points in Albany. ALBANY, Ga, February 3.—[Special.]—Miss Wellborn Hill and her sister, Miss Sallie John-son, of Atlanta, are in the city to try the arte-sian water. They will remain several days. Mr. John C. McDonnld, the live mayor of Waycross, is registered at the Artesian.

The Interment of Mr. Swartz. KINGSTON, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—
Mr.G. H. Waring went up today with the remains of Mr. Charles Swartz, of New Orleans, to inter them in the family vault at Oaklands, near Kingston. The celebrated Barnsley gardens are at Oaklands, THROUGH THE HEART.

ALBANY HAS ITS SECOND SUICIDE WITHIN A MONTH.

the Town-His Pistol Resorted to to Get Him Out of His Trouble-A Shocking Death Fully Described-Other News.

ALEANY, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]— Monday night about 7 o'clock the city was thrown into excitement over the report that Mr. Maud Reynolds had just shot himself through the heart in East Albany, another deliberate taking of self life in less than a month Mr. Reynolds was born in East Dougherty and raised there on his father's farm, about 8 miles from the city, but for the past four or five years has been clerking in the city for various parties, all of whom kept bar rooms, and it was there that he contracted the habit of drinking. He was about 25 years old, and has always borne the character of being a quiet, unobtru-sive young man. At the time of his death he was clerking for Mr. Shackleford, who kept a general store and saloon in East Albany. Mr. Shackleford went bird hunting and left Reynolds in charge of the store. On his return be noticed Reynolds was drinking, but as he was known to have been in the habit of drinking too much occasionally, nothing was said about too much occasionary, nothing was said about it. While Mr. Shaekleford was waiting on a customer he sent back into his bedroom and came out into the store room, which is cut off by a partition from the main store, with a pistol in one hand and unbottoning his vest with the other, walking up to the stove where two negroes which side was his heart on. Upon formed the left, he placed the muzz' Upon b

weapon to his heart, remarking:
"I am going to kill myself and go ... i He commenced crying.

The Carkies both ran out of the room, before they could speak to Mr. Shackleford the report was heard. Mr. Shackleford ran in the room and found him lying on the floor, his pistol by his side, gasping with a hole in his right side. By the time he raised him all was over. The pistol used was a \$2-caliber Smith & Wesson. Reynolds left no reason by word or writing for committing the act. He leaves two sisters and a brother and a large family of relatives to mourn his loss. The core oner's jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

CAMPBELL COURT IN SESSION. The Mapp Murder Case to Come Up To-

FAIRBURN, Ga., February 3 .- [Special.]-The superior court has been in session here since Monday last, Judge Jas. S. Boynton, of

the Flint circuit, presiding.

The criminal docket was taken up this morning. The cases of Elijah Rodgers, who was indicted with J. B. Moody at the August term last, of the court, for the murder of Jim Mapp, colored, and Tom Haynes, who was indicted at this term of the court, for the murder of Gus Cantrell, colored, will be reached about tomor-

row morning. Stephen Fanin, colored, who has been burglarizing stores here for several years, today pleaded guilty, but has not yet been ser

The Girl Recovered.

KNOXVILLE, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]— Quite a sensation was created last Saturday morning by the announcement that Miss Delia Mathews had eloped with Sim Sanders, a Texas cowboy. Later on it was developed that Sanders had applied to the ordinary here for license, but it was not granted. couple then started to Thomaston, where they expected to get them, but was again baffled by the interposition of a gentleman from Knox Sunday morning the father of the girl started in pursuit, returning with his daugh-ter this evening. None of the particulars as to her recovery have been learned. It is said that Sanders has a wife and child in Texas.

Shot Through the Leg, Covincton, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]— On yesterday one W. P. Simms, a negro, after patronizing the barrooms here quite freely, violated some of the city ordinances, and when Marshal Horton attempted to arrest him he whipped out a knife and made a des-perate effort to cut Marshal Horton across the breast and then ran, pursuad by Marshal Horton and Warran, who, after shooting him through tho leg, succeeded in capturing him, and after having his wound dressed by Dr. Perry, was jailed. The negro say she formerly lived in Lexington, Georgia.

SPARTA TOPICS.

Noted. SPARTA, Ga., February 3 .- [Special.]-The Farmers' clab of Hancock met vesterday to hold its monthly session for February. The question of a county fair was discussed, and it was determined to hold a fair. A large subscription was taken up and a committee was appointed to select grounds suitable for the purpose. It appeared to be the opinion of all the members of the club that the oat crop was entirely killed, but all determined to plant a

spring crop.

The firm of Pierce & Culver dissolved on the opened business.

Mr. De Lamar Turner is building a new

store opposite the depot, where he will carry on a wholesale mercantile business. Professor J. W. Hill, principal of the Sparta academy, has organized a military department in connection with his school, and Mr. Frank

L. Little, Jr., was elected captain. Sale Day In Elberton.

ELBERTON, February 3.—[Special.]—A very large crowd was out Tuesday, it being sale day, No property was sold by the sheriff, but a quantity of personal property was sold at auction. Messrs, R F. Tate & Co. sold a portion of their stock of goods at aution for fair prices. Herses, mules, buggies, etc. were offer-ed at auction, but the bidding was not spirited. The merchants who refused to credit farmers in the month of January removed the embargo today and the result was immense quantities of corn and meat were carried away. Farmers are still despondent about the grain crop. The oats are all killed out and the weather is not suitable for sowing spring oats.

Little Work Done In Crawford.

TAYLOR, Ga., February 2.— [Special.]—Owing-to the wet and cold weather of January, the farmers have but little work done on their arms. They are very much set back by losing their oats sown. Seed is very scarce many have to buy from the city market. a field in this section with a sufficient stand to warrant a crop. Labor is scarce in some local-ities and very much inclined to idle. The outlook for the farmer is gloomy the co

Clayton Still Hopes for Her Railroad. CLAYTON, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—Our railroad prospects are brightening. News has reached Clayton that the new deal between the Richmond and Danville and Louisville and Nashville companies will result in building a road from Loudon, Ky., to Toccoa, Ga. If this read should be built it would develop a country inexhaustable in minerals, timbers and almost everything else that makes a country valuable when properly developed.

Business in Americus. AMERICUS, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—Mr.
M. B. Foster has disposed of his extensive stock
of dry goods to Solomon Bros., of this city.
Mr. Foster and M. Gross, late manager her
of the dry goods business of J. Waxatbaum &
Co., go to Scranton, Pa., where they will engage in business.
Mr. J. T. Palmer, of Macon, pranses to open. Mr. J. T. Palmer, of Macon, proposes to open

shoe and hat store in this city at an early

day. The New Road Law Defeated. ROME, Ga., February 3.—[Spectal.]—Only 829 votes were cast in the county yesterday on the road law election. The new road law was defeated by 167 votes, and the old road law is now in force in Floyd. PROBIBITON INHALL,

The Election Ordered for the Tenth of

GAINTSVILLE, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]
Ordinary Law has ordered an election on March 10th in this county under the local option bill. Already there are indications that the contest will be close and exciting. It is understood that the Rev. A. A. Marshall, of the Eaptist church, will stump the county for prohibition, and it is said that Dr. Hawtherne, of Atlanta, will give the prohibitionists the benefit of his wonderful eloquence, and bring to bear his experience and observation in the Atlants campaign. Opinion is just as widely different here as it is everywhere. Many claim the county will go wet by 300 and an equal number put it just the contrary.

Real Estate Sale in Rabun. CLAYTON, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—Mr. W. L. Arrendale has sold his valuable farm, one half mile from Clayton, to Mr. Frank Earles, and has moved on another farm he owns near Tabletan river. Mr. Earles is today moving into the house vacated by Mr. Arrendale.

DEATHS IN GEORGIA SOCIAL CIRCLE, February 3, Sp Died, on Monday last, Mrs. Elizabeth J. Milligan, the widow of Dr. James Milligan, former eashier of Georgia Railroad and Banking company. Dr. Milligan moved to this place five or six years ago, and died about eighteen months ago. His remains were carried to Augusta for interment, and his wife's were also carried their last night for burial beside those of her husband.

A Box, a String and a Gander.

Frem the Wrightsville, Ga., Recorder. An amusing incident took place on the streets of Wrigh sville a few days ago. It seems that some sportive citizen had concocted a diabolical plan by which to "down" some f the geese which roam the streets in countss numbers. A string, some three or four et in length, with a grain of corn attached to one end and to the other an empty sar-dine box was arranged under the careful and personal supervision of careful and personal supervision of the aforesaid fur loving Wrights-villian. The innocent looking layout was then plan locality where the geese were went to roam in quest of the tempting morsels lying around loose. Not long after, and a bunch of the web footed family came ambling down Marcus street, headed by a staid old gander. On and on they wabbled along their downy figures, the dead line was crossed, the veritable gander was the first to pass "over the string," and at once his trained eve rested upon the innocent grain lying in wait. Like a duck on a junebug Mr. Gander gulped down the grain, which was accompanied by three or four inches, more or less, of string. He pulled down his vest; wined off his chin and procceded to take in other plunder, when he dis-cevered the sardine box attachment, which caused him to move up lively. The box was there to stay, so was the grai of corn, and between the two h gardership was in a quandary. Not havin time to investigate the wherefore-what's-it this new turn in the affairs of life he spread his snowy pinions and lit out for the friendly shades of Crawford's shops, warbling in guttural notes, "Goosey, goosey, where shall I waner." while close in his wake followed the box While making the curve at the burnt corne the box, while in mid air, came in contact with a friendly maple with such force as to burst the embination, allowing the fleeing bird to reach

rom the Fairburn, Ga., News

ome a wiser if not a happier gander.

Colonel J. H. Longino tells this good one o n old gentleman who takes his meals at th hetel. The old gentleman used a pocketbook after the old style, with partitions and clasp fastening. Having occasion to look in book, and knowing that he had in it 57.50—a five and a two and a half gold piece concluded to see if it was all there. ook these out and dropped them into one of the lepartments of the book. On opening another he found a five-dollar gold piece which he did not know he had. Finding himself \$5 better off than he thought he concluded to look still further, and to his great astonishment found a \$21 bigs. Berfectly elated he continued his 21 piece. Perfectly elated he continued hi search, dropping the coins into the same defound \$5 and \$2! pieces enough to swell his wealth to \$30. But imagine his chagrin, when upon investigation he found a hole in the aforesard department, and had been counting the same coins all the time.

An Arcadian Team. One of the most refreshing sights seen on the streets of Albany in some time, was a team of oxen—two yokes—from the plantation of Mr. J. E. Crosland, yesterday. They brought in a that saw these oxen stopped to admire them and the team was the subject of many remarks during the day. Four such steers were never seen yoked together on our streets before. They were not only very large and said he would bet that they could pul more than any four mules that could be started in the country, but none of the bystander wanted to take him up Mr. Crosland is farmer who makes something besides cotton to sell, and when his wagons come to town they don't come empty and return loaded with western corn or bacon.

The Common Sense of Jim Blount

The Sparta Ishmaelite very truly says: "I will be hard to convince the people of Georg that Congressman Blount is a dangerous man A man that has steadily and continuously reresented his district in congress, as has Mr. Blount, from the day he was first elected until now, is the best evidence that his people are satisfied with him. Besides this, he was born in grand old Jones county, a farmer boy, one of the masses, and has not been the least stuck up since his elevation to congress. He is the plain, practical, common-sense Jim blount he has always been. And he is going to represent the fifth congressional district just as long as he wishes and his people desire t, and den't you forget it.

Mortgages and Deeds.

Less than six hundred pages in an ordinary ze record book holds all the deeds that have been recorded in Lincoln county since 1853a period of thirty-three years. Some of our most intelligent people seem to attach little or no importance to the matter of having their land titles recorded. We decline to be interviewed as to bow many pages it requires to bold the mortgages recorded in the clerk's

Big Sales of Cotton.

From the Fairburn, Ga., News. Captain W..T. Glover and Jno. Lester, two of Fayette county's most prosperous farmers, sold in Fairburn respectively 40 and 18 bales of cotton one day last week. Each of these gentlemen, by good management, have made money farming, and are a standing refutation of the assertion that there is no money in farming.

SPORT IN LINCOLN COUNTY. Mr. John C. Hollenshead killed 13 larks at

me shot a few days ago.

Mr. J. A. Anderson killed with one shot the other day, two blue birds that were thirty yards apart. A deer was seen by Mr. Alexander S. Willingham on Tuesday last, in his stock past-ure, following his cow. Mr. Willingham says the deer approached within fifteen or twenty feet of him, and did not seem at all frightened

at his presence. The sportsmen of our town, including the 'fat editor" of the Lincolnton News, armed themselves to the teeth this morning and star-ted out in pursuit of the deer that was seen near here yesterday by Mr. A. S. Willingham. After meandering through the woods and swamps for half the day, they returned, look-ing so disconsolate that we judge it was a

ng so disconsolate tha 'dear'' hunt, indeed. Man-swearing-[neck-boil, Happy-new-St. Jacobs Oil. STATE SELECTIONS

FROM THE COLUMNS OF OUR EXCHANGES.

Fatal Fight Between Negroes in Bulloch County

-A Good Report by Eartow Grand Jury

Capture of a Thief at Bollingbroke—Exploits of an Augusta Reporter.

A large number of mules are being sold in the Covington market.

The grave of Dr. Memmler, of Cartersville, as been watched every night since his burial. Young A. Daniel, of Madison county, is stoken of for the next senator from the coun ies of Elbert, Madison and Oglethorpe.

The election for tax collector and coroner of Newton county takes place on the 16th inst. There are five candidates in the field for tax

Mr. Spencer Graves, of Worth county, has interred ten thousand LeConte pear trees this season. He has several fine ones in his orchard that will bear this year.

The Mitchell house, which was destroyed by fire in 1883, having been rebuilt, was for-mally opened on the first by the lessee, Mr. Uriah Welch, formerly of the St. Nicholas, New York.

A lively time is expected over a few lots of land in the southwest corner of Worth county. There seems to have been some mistake in the original survey, and some of the lots are numbered wrong. Some of the citizens have just discovered that they have been living on one lot of land about twenty years, while they paid taxes on and held titles to another, while one man has lost an entire lot, and can't even find the hole where it ought to be. As all parties seem to be willing to have the matter micably adjusted, it will probably be kept out of the courts.

The Bartow county grand jury finds that "our young men are, as a general thing, improved in their manners and lives, and cases of drunkenness among that class are very lare, and those who are so lost to self-respect as to procure liquors secretly, are forced to blush and make excuses when any is found in their possession. Anxious mothers and wives feel that prohibition is a bulwark with which they would not part, despite the howlings of opposition, and we are proud to note that the good colored people of our county are so unanimous in their approval of its workings, and that so few of them have been presented to this court for violation of this law."

Mrs. Sam Jones, accompanied by her two daughters, Mary and Annie, left Cartersville last Saturday week for Cincinnati. When they reached a point on the Cincinnati Southern road, near where her husband was snow bound. the train was derailed and the sleeper which they occupied was thrown over on one side, mixing passengers, bundles, etc., in a confused mass. It was necessary to make an opening through the windows for the passengers to es cape, and their toilets were hastily made in the cold and darkness. Fortunately no one was seriously in ured, but all were terribly frightseriously in ured, but all were terribly fright-ened, and one good lady had the misfortune to lose her portable masticating apparatus. All were seen made comfortable again and com-pleted the journey safely.

Last Saturday William Lanier and Wash ngton Burns, both colored, of Bulloch county had a difficulty, and Lanier fired two shots at Burns, whereupon Burns swore out a warrant for Lanier and put it in the hands of Cousta-ble Daniel Miller. Miller summoned a posse of fifteen men to arrest Lanier, Burns being one of the posse. The posse found Lauier with two friends. The trio were armed and resisted arrest twhereupon Burns fired upon resisted arrest, whereupon Burns fired upon Lanier with a double-barrelled shot gun, mortally wounding him. Lanier died Sunday night. Lanier was a bad negro, and has been n three shooting scrapes within the last nenth. There were several warrants for him in Screven county. The people generally are glad that he was disposed of in this way. Purns is a good law abiding citizen, and prob-

ably will not be arrested. Augusta Chronicle: On Saturday morning gentleman from Johnston, S. C., came into the Chronicle office and informed a reporter that a man there answered exactly to the description given in this paper some time ago Frank Gordon, the painter, who at first was supposed to have been drowned in the canal on the night of the 1st of January. A reportalled upon Mrs. Gordon and inquired of concerning her husband. Mrs. Gordon said that they had been married ten years, and had always lived happily tegether, he being as kind as possible to her. She then described her husband, and showed a coat which matched the vest he was wearing when last seen by her. She seemed confident that he had been drowned, and said she never expected to see him again. Mrs. Gordon seems to be h distressed over the lo ed and says she has no way of living ex the aid of a few friends who assist her sionally. After receiving all the informaion concerning his appearance, manner, etc et out in search of him. A photograph of him ould not be procured in the city, and the reporter had to rely upon the description give him by Gordon's wife and friends to recognize The gentleman from John had informed the Chronicl that one of the men he was with was an Indian doctor, and that the par-ty had just left for Ridge Springs, some few miles below. Arriving in Ridge Springs in uiry was made concerning these men, and it was found that their headquarters was at a stable on the edge of town, where they had their horses, wagens, etc., quartered. At the stable he met the Indian doctor, and under the pretense of being a drummer immediately began a conversation with the painter. After alking for some time he walked into the sta

taiking for some time he walked into the sta-ble and saw a man painting a sign on cambric. He immediately entered in conversation with him, but the man did not seem inclined to converse, until he commenced bom-ing up the painting business in Augusta. As soon as he talked the reporter gradually brought up the subject of the supposed drawning of Frank Gorden in of the supposed drowning of Frank Gordon in the canal, the destitute circumstances his wife was in, etc., etc. The man at once changed the conversation and would not refer to it terward. This man with the exception of his weight tallies exactly with the description given of Gordon. Gordon is said to weigh about 130 pounds, and this man will weigh at least 150 naunchs. least 150 pounds. His hair, mustouche, com-plexion, height, eyes, etc., are exactly the same as Gordon's. This person said he was from Connecticut, and was traveling with from Connecticut, and was traveling with these men, for whom he did painting and what-ever jobs he could get outside. Said he semetimes lectured for them, but had not done semetimes lectured for them, but had not done so for some time, as he had been feeling unwell. He called himself Vinton, and said some years ago he had worked at the navy yards at New York, painting ships. After getting all the information concering his life the reporter left him and returned to the city on one of the fast freight trains, which travels at the lightning rate of ten miles an hour. The reporter proceeded to call upon people in the city who had known Gordon. They all seemed to have no doubt of this being the man, and said that perhaps they had made a mistake concerning his haps they had made a mistake concerning his weight. His wife was then seen and this man was described to her. She said the description was exactly that of her husband with the exception of his weight, but said she could not believe it was he, for he was too kind to her to have descrited her in this way. The reporter had previously found out that Gordon before he came to Augusta went by the name of Weodward. He asked her about it, but she did not seem to know anything, except he had once received a letter directed to Frank Gordon or Woodward, and he had told her that he was at one time in the United States army and had assumed the name of Woodward then. She said he told her he came from Frank and a said he told her he came from Frank and said he told her he came from England and did not have any relatives living. From all information received there is no doubt in the minds of some but that Gordon is living, and in all probability the man at Ridge Springs is he. It is asserted positively by a citizen that he has seen him since the supposed drowning. The placing of the hat on the canal bank, some say, was a good ruse

CLINCMAN'S TOBACCO REMEDIES



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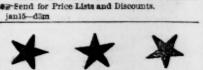
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THE TELEPHONE WAR.

Discussing the Fraudulent Bell Telephone

Washington, February 3.—The telephone war is not likely to soon come to an end. It has been shown beyond all reasonable dispute that Bel was not the real inventor of the telephone, but obtained his patent by fraud. The chief ground on which the government will move to vacate the Bell patent is that the patent was finaudulently obtained by corrupt collusion with an examiner in the patent office. This is see has not been adjudicated in anyof the telephone cases that have been decided by the lower courts. It is not an issue that the supreme courts can settle in any case now before it. It is a question that can be properly tested and adjudicated only in a suit brought by the government to annul the Bell patent.

The Bell telephone company through newspapers his commenced a bitter war upon Attorney-General Garland, Senator Harris, of Tennessee, and other well known southern men who were stockholders in the Pan Electric telephone company, the owners of the first telephone company, the owners of the TON, February 3.-The telephone

Tenuesse, and other well known southern men who were stockholders in the Pan Electric telephone company, the owners of the first telephone ever invented. The saccess of the Pan Electric telephone company would drive out of existence the Bell company would reduce the cost of telephones to one-half, one-third, or perhaps one-quarter the price charged by Bell, and still make a large profit. The following article is from the New York World:

To fully understand the interest which Attoricy General Garland had in breaking down the Bell patent it will be necessary to recapitulate a little.

First—There was his \$500,000 stock in the Pan Telephone company—one-tenth of the whole company was his. Then there is the \$40,000,000 capital stock of the license companies, of which 40 per cent, or \$16,000,000 belongs to the Pan company—of this one tenth or \$1,000,000, belongs to Attorney-General Garland. But that is not all, nor even a small part of what would result from the breaking down of the Bell patents. In that event there would not be eight, but at least fifty companies, with capital stocks averaging \$5,000,000 each.

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would not be eight, but at least fifty companies, with capital stocks averaging \$5,000,000 each, that would seek licenses from the Pan Electric company. Two hundred and fifty millions of dollars is an exceedingly small estimate of the amount at which the companies using the Pan Electric telephones would be capitilized if the Bell patcht was invalidated. Forty per cent, or \$10,000,000, of this stock would belong to the Pan company—one-tent of that or \$10. or \$10.400,00, of this stock would belong to the Pan company—one-tenth of that, or \$10,-000.000, would be the property of Attorney-General Garland. Paying only 5 per cent— and this is a small allowance—he would have an incene of over \$500,000, without being out one dollar.

There was another potent reason. The laws of the country are particularly severe upon bogus corporations which obtain money without giving an equivalent, and though corporations are without souls or bodies, the men who com-pose them are not, and hence, unless the Bell patents could be broken down and declared in valid, the men who had invested their money in the 60 per cent of the local companies which had been licensed by the Pan company, which had paid bonuses, built plants, bought tele-phones which were without value, would be apt to call upon the parties who had induced and profited by these expenditures, made upon false statements as to law and facts, to make

good the losses good the losses.

There was ruin, both in fortune and fame, upon the one side and almost unbounded wealth upon the other. It was worth stretching the law and power of the government to secure the one and prevent the other.

The list of the names of the leading stock-bodders and officers in this company reads.

The list of the names of the leading stockbolders and officers in this company reads
almost like a page from the Blue Book:

A. H. Garland, attorney general.

J. E. Johnston, railroad commissioner.
Isham G. Harris, U. S. S., Tennessee.
George G. Vest, U. S. S., Missouri.
Zebulon G. Vance, U. S. S., North Carolina.
Robert Klotz, ex-M. C., Pennsylvania.
Eli J. Henkle, ex-M. C., Waryland.
Casey Young, ex-M. C., Tennessee.
Mr. Tyshur, chief clerk, Indian bureau.
Frank Armstrong, Indian inspector.
John G. Brown, ex-governor Tennessee.
The Pan Electric telephone company has
\$5,000.000 capital stock, divided into shares of
\$1,000 each; these shares were held originally
by the following named persons: J. E. Johnston, \$500,000; Isham G. Harris, \$500,000; A.
H. Garland, \$500,000; Casey Young, \$500,000;
J. D. C. Atkins, \$500,000; J. Harris Rogers,
\$2,000,000; the company, \$500,000.

\$2,000.00c; the company, \$500,000.

It will be observed that these five gentlemen each beld one-tenth of the stock, but knowing the vagaries of inventors, they required that another tenth, making a majority,

could be put under their control, they required that another tenth, making a majority, should be put under their control, so that they could have the business in their own hands. This \$500,000 worth of company stock belonged to the bolders of the other shares in proportion to their holdings, but was controlled by the directors.

The board of directors of the company was composed of Joseph E. Johnston, Isham G. Harris, A. H. Garland, Casey Young, J. D. C. Atkins and J. Harris Rogers. The officers were: Joseph E. Johnston, president: Isham G. Harris, vice president; Casey Young, secretary and treasurer; A. H. Garland, attorney.

The company was chartered by the state of Tennessee, with its principal office in Memphis and another in Washington city. Under the laws of that state as to corporations, all that was necessary to be paid in of the five millions capital stock was the fee to the secretary of state for using his seal, amounting in this case to \$4.50. this case to \$4.50.

In November, 1883, the directors determined to issue licenses to local companies, that is, sell territory in which the Pan Electric instruments were to be used.

The terms upon which these sales were to be made were agreed upon and are as follows: "Forty per cent of the capital stock of the company to be held by the Pan company, all instruments to be furnished by the Pan company at a tated price. A royalty of \$10 per annum to be aid by the local company on each instrument; a benus in cash to be paid by each local com-

a benus in each to be paid by each local company."

Under these conditions eight local companies were formed. One for Pennsylvania, with the Hon. Robert Klotz, formerly in congress, as the principal promoter. General Frank Armstrong, now Indian inspector, being the secretary; one in Baltimore, the Hon. Eli J. J. Hankle, formerly in congress, being the promoter, to which the states of Maryland, Virginia and the District of Columbia were sold; one in St. Louis for Missouri; one in Wisconsing one in St. Louis for Missouri; one in Wis ons in Tennessae; one in Alabama, of General Upshur, now chief of the India

General Upshur, now chief of the Indian bureau, was the promoter; one in Texas and one in Louisiana. The two first named companies were not required to pay any bonus, but in all their contracts the Pan company agreed to defend its patents at its own expense.

When the first local company paid its bonus of \$10,000, the directors proceeded to pay back the sums expended by themselves in paying for patents, exteriments, etc. This amounted to \$275 for each of the five, showing that of the \$5,000,600 capital stock there never was paid in but \$1,375, being a little more than one-fortieth of 1 per cent.

fortieth of 1 per cent.

After this money was paid back the directors next proceeded to divide the remainder of the \$10,000 as a dividend to the stockholders, the amount received by each holder of one-tenth of the stock being a little less than

The \$500,000 of the company stock had in The \$500,000 of the company stock had in the mean time been partially distributed, one hundred shares going to ex-Governor John C. Brown, of Tennessee, now resident in St. Louis, dan principal attorney for what is known as "the Gould system of southwestern railways." Other sums were given or sold to other parties, having or supposed to have either local or national influence. Senators Vest, of Missouri, and Vance, of North Carolina, each getting a portion.

At the beginning of the first session of the forty-eighth congress a brother of Senator Vance, Mr. B. B. Vance, then a representative from North Carolina, introduced a bill in the from North Carolina, introduced a bill in the house of representatives giving the attorney general power to bring suit upon application to vacate patents. This bill was referred to a committee, which reported in favor of its passage, saying in its report that since 1839 the attorney general had not been intrusted with this power. The bill passed the house of representatives almost unnoticed, but was never reported from the senate committee on patents. Contracts continued to be made in

the spring of 1884 until eight local companies, as tefore stated, were organized. As these companies paid in the required bonus, the money was paid out to the stockholders in dividends, two being declared in Jluy of \$1.50 per share, giving each of the original promoters, Garland, Johnson, Harris Young and Atkins, \$750 at each division, or \$1,500 in that month. Another dividend of the same size was declared later, aggregating about \$3,000 profit to each of these gentlemen within eighteen months upon an investment of \$275 each.

SOMETHING FOR LEAN PEOPLE.

How To Get Fat.

From the Philadelphia Medical Bulletin. "The missing link" between the man and the monkey has never been discovered, and Darwin has never been able yet to present that unbroken chain of evidence, which is

Decessary in every case, to secure for any the-ory, universal acceptance.

The investigations of Darwin and other scientists have, however, demonstrated many wonderful truths, and amongst them there is not one of more interest than the fact, that in the building of the human body the bony framework in health, has to round out in the framework in health, has to round out in the form that amount of flesh best adapted to the healthy performance of the functions of the body, and at the same time please the eye, Hence it is that leanness of body, while it is a departure from the highest artistic standpoint which the body may reach, is also a thing to be avoided, on the ground that any departure from conditions which are natural nutritively artistic and the body to discuss the same transfer and the body to discuss the same transfer and the body to discuss the same transfer artistic predictors. departure from conditions which are natural must certainly predispose the body to disease. This is a fact which lean persons are not generally aware of. The fat of the human body represents an element necessary for its perfect working; following the loss of this element comes the inability to digest articles which form fat. One of the first positive evidences of the development of the conditions which lead to consumption, is the knowledge that the body is throwing off, in an undigested form, the fat that is taken into the stomach. This is followed by a loss, in quantity and quality, of the blood and corresponding loss in flesh. In these cases there as truly exists consumption (though there may not be necessarily consumption of the lungs at the beginning) as in any case that ever existed. ning) as in any case that ever existed.

ning) as in any case that ever existed.

Lean persons are the ones who furnish materials for the quick development of many alments. Susceptibility to changes in the weather, feeble digestion, limited strength and energy, nervousness and disturbed sleep, scon lead to some serious disease. Another popular fallacy with lean persons is that they must necessarily always remain lean because their parents have perhaps shown a tendency of this kind. The fattening of domestic animals is well understeed, and it is a wonderful fact that in this age of general intelligence, better results are ge of general intelligence, better results are ing arrived at in the improvement of live

health of the human family.

These lean persons doubtless inherit a tendency to imperfect action of the digestive functions. For the cure of this difficulty many medical authorities have agreed that a pure stimulant is the best thing. A stimulant which can be united with all of the best things which enter into an ordinary diet may well be considered a desirable one. This is secured in a pure malt whisky, as it can be used with nulk, eggs and with food at meal time. It is, however, not only desirable but absolutely necessary to get the best results that a whisky known to to be free from fusel oil and all other adulterations should be used. The chief difference in stimulants of all kinds is the per centage of alcohol, and by diluting, any percentage of alcohol, and by diluting, any per-centage can be obtained to suit any taste. The special properties of a pure malt whisky are not destroyed by being diluted and sweetened, and in this way many persons who cannot use alcohol in any other form, can use the product of the Duffy Malt Whisky Company, Balti-more, Md., the discoverers and sole proprietors of an absolutely pure malt whisky, free from fusel oil and all adulterations. The company is furnishing constantly an abundance of tesis furnishing constantly an abundance of tes-timony that by the use of their pure malt whisky, taken three times a day at meals, a marked, constant and permanent increase in weight has been obtained by parties suffering from leanness and supposed to be unsusceptible to any agency which might be brought to bear on them. Their medical department promptly answers all inquiries, free of charge, on this phicet

Oat straw is readily eaten by sheep and is a healthful food, especially if harvested before the oats were dead ripe.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, In Consumption and Wasting Diseases.

Dr. C. W. BARRINGER, Pittsburg, Pa., says: "I think your Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is a very fine preparation, and fills a long felt want. It is very useful in consumption and wasting diseases." Chance is the word void of sense; nothing carexist without a canse.

Of Interest to Athletes,

James Robinson, trainer of Alhletes at Harvard and Princeton Colleges, writes from Princeton, Jan. 24, 1885, "For cuts, bruises, strains, rheumatism and colds, I always use Alcock's Porous Plasters for myself anb pupils. Never have known them to fail in over one hundred cases. They strengthen the muscles and give instant relief. They are the only external remedy used by our athletes."

A good neme is your best trademark. It can be equaled, but not counterfeited.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs and Throat troubles. Sold only in boxes.

He that waits for an opportunity of taking his revenge watches to do himself a mischief.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. C. Roberts, Winchester, Ill., says: "I have used it with entire satisfaction in cases of de-bility from age or overwork, and in inebriates and dyspeptics, and am well pleased with its

Many people belive that where a great deal is said something must be true; they split the differ ence,

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays all pain and cures wind colic. 25 cents

Boston exquisites have their ears shaved as well as their faces. The custom was imported from Paris.

A Remedy For Lung Diseases.

Dr. Robert Newton, late president of the Eclectic college, of the city of New York, and formerly of Cincinnati, Ohio, used Dr. William Hall's Balsam very extensively in his practice, as many of his patients, now living, and restored to health by the use of this invaluable medicine, can amply testify. He always said that so good a remedy ought to be prescribed freely by every physician as a sovereign remedy in all cases of lung diseases. It cures consumption, and has no equal for all pectoral complaints.



Purest and strongest Natural Fruit Flavora. Vanilla, Lemm, Orange, Almond, Rose, etc. Gever as delicately and naturally as the fruit.

HUNNICUTT'S RHEUMATIC CURE

Will prove to any one suffering from RHEUMA TISM, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Neuralgia or Kid ney Troubles, that it will effect a permanent and speedy cure in every instance.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS Mr. Albert Howell says: A short time ago I suffered terribly with rheumatism. It was impossible to walk even with crutches. I could not put my foot to the floor. I found no relief from treatment or remedy until I tried Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Cure. Before I had finished taking one bottle I was able to walk comfortably with my crutches. Before I had finished the second bottle my rheumatism was entirely gone. I put my crutches aside and have never felt a twinge of rheumatism since. I am well, and can say my cure is perfect and permanent. It is certainly a wonderful medicine.

ALBERT HOWELL.

CERTAIN CURE

Atlanta, Ga., January 6, 1886.—Messrs. J. M. Hun nicuti & Co.: I have been a sufferer with kidney troubles for seventeen years, and have been treated by prominent physicians of this state and Alabama. I have used large quantities of medicines advertised to cure blood and kidney diseases, without receiving the slightest benefit. About six weeks ago I suffered such intense pain—scarcely being able to breathe at times—I concluded to try "Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Cure," and after using one bottle was entirely and absolutely cured, and for the first time in seventeen years I am without the slightest pain, and earnestly recommend all who stiffer to give your cure a trial. Yours truly.

J. C. WARNOCK, 148 E. Fair street.

and the second s

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!

BALSAW LUNGS.

Cures Consumption, Colds, Pneumonia, Influenza, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchi-tis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Cronp. Whoop-ing Cough, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, Inflamed and poisoned by the disease and prevents the night sweats and the tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMP TION is not an incurable malady. HALL'S BALSAM will cure you, even though professional aid fails.

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The Opium Habit Cured in 15 Days. CAN CURE THE OPIUM HABIT AND WILL CAN CURE THE OFFICE AND COMPANY COMPANY CONTROL OF THE OFFICE AND COMPANY COMP

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From Al. JOURNAL OF MEDICING "Dr. Ab Mesercle, who makes our doubt treated and cared more cases than any other living physical and the control of the control of the cases than any other living physical and cared of cases of over 20 years been astonishing: guaranteesa cure " Large Bettle and Treatise sent free. Divo P. O. and Express address to Dr. AB, MESEROLE, No. 96 John Street, New York

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr.
Haines' Golden Specific.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of chees, and in every instance a perfect care has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an uties impossibility for the liquor appetite to axist.

FOR SALE BY MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER, DRUGGISTS, Cor. Pryor and Decatur Sts., Atlanta, Ga.
Call or write for pamphlet containing hundreds of testimonials from the best women and man from all parts of the country.

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Have recently added all of the necessary machinery, and are now making a specialty of mansolenms, monuments, tombs, coping and all descriptions of cemetery work. Work guaranteed, equal to any procured elsewhere, and at prices which will prove satisfactory to purchasers. Parties contemplating erecting monuments are requested to confer with us and we will submit designs from whica they can select one approximating in cost the smount they wish to expend. We confidently refer to the kimball House Co., Constitution Publishing Co., O. E. Fuller, H. G. Huhrt, or to other contracts executed by us as an evidence of the skill of our workmen. other contracts executed the skill of our workmen.

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CINCINNACT, U. S. A. COO-CIN.

WHOLESALE HEADQUARTERS FOR PURE EASTERN Seed Potatoes

We have bought and shipped 2,000 barrels
SELECTED EASTERN EARLY ROSE,
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SELECTED EASTERN EARLY QUEEN OF THE
VALLEY.
The last.

VALLEY.

The last named is a new variety somewhat like the old yellow Pinkeyes.

We are prepared to sell in carload lots delivered at any depot in Georgia, Alabama or Florida.

W.F. STOKES & CO.

Wholesale Seed Potato Merchants.

Also Wholesale Fruits and Produce generally,
Atlanta, Georgia.

P. S.—Don't be deceived into buying cheap western, so-called, seed which are dear at any price, for planting in this section, as they produce nothing but leaves.



CONTENTS FOR FEBRUARY. Bass Fishing in the Shenandoah, Illustrated. A. E. Richards. Under the Magnolias. Clinton Scollard. Charles Gayarre. IV. S. H. Drifting. The Story of Black Dan. Louis Pendleton.

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Will Wallace Harney.
XIII.
XIII.

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XIV.
Comment and Criticism.
XV.
The Editor's Table.

The Editor's Table. XVI. Salmagundi.

FIF ST-CLASS BAR BILLIARD HALL

IN ALBANY, GA., FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE, centrally located, stock of liquors on hand, large and unsurpassed in quality; furniture and outfit complete and first-class in every particular. Two Brunswick and Balke pool and two billiard tables of the latest make. The bar and tables enjoy an excellent run of custom. Parties are requested to come in person and examine. Our only reason for selling out is a desire to change our business, and not from any belief that prehibition will ever prevail in Dougherty under the existing law. Our license is paid up to its January, 1887. Call or address McKENNA & SMAW, Albany, Ga. license is paid up to 1st January, 1887. Call or address MCKENNA & SMAW, Albany, Ga.
January 27, 1886. tue thu sat mon

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NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.



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CUBEBS and COPAIBA

Is an old, tried remedy for geonorrhors, gleet and all diseases of the urinary organs, its nest, portable form, freedom from taste and speedy action (it frequently cure in three or four days and always in less time than any other preparation) make "Tarrant's Extract" the most desirable remedy ever manufactured.

To prevent fraud see that each package has a red

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

W. M. 800TT: Frierson & Scott, Real Estate. Frierson & Scott, Real Estate.

OBIO TO GEORGIANS—AMONG THE OBIO delegation we have friend who has Jersey herd to sell or exchange for first-class stock farm. Herd of 21 head. I registered built grandson of Europia 176: 1 cow, Emma Buford No.—granddaugater of Victor, strain into Victor twice, Tom three times, Hero once, and I cow, Magalia Magpie 6525, granddaughter of Frankie 17 and dam of Albert 44: I hetiercalf of same breed to St. George, a Commassee built. 15 head coys and hetiers, full bloots a head cows and hetiers, three fourths blood. Fight of these cows made 1,510 pounds of butter, besides raising calves, last year. The herd can be bught at \$5,000. For further particulars apply at our office. Frierson & Scott, Real Estate, Kimball house.

Parms. Farms—Frierson & Scott, Real Estate, Kimban house, have the largest list of choice farm properties in Georgia to offer their customers. Here are few special bargains, viz. 495 acres. 2½, acres from Tallapoosa, 7a. 200 acres in cultivation, 125 acres of bottom land, 205 acres heavy timber, two creeks and branches ran through the place. 10 acres in orchard and vineyard, schools, churches and miles convenient, good neighborhood, new 4 room house, barn, 2 corneribs, 4 stables, good garden, 6 tenant houses—\$5,500.

MALL FARMS—WE HAVE NEAR WEST END a 38½ acre farm which we will sell for \$1,000, \$500 down, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. We are-atisfied it will be worth \$2,500 before the last pay-

ing, counters, etc., where man can do splendid re tail business, only one and a half miles beyond end of street car line. With it can be reuted 7-room new cottage and 5 acre truck farm. TRUCK FARMS-WE HAVE SEVERAL TO RENT or sell. Call and see us.

Wanted--house.

WANTED—TO RENTA GOOD HOUSE WITH 9 or 10 rooms in a good locality on the north side and with possession first or tenth of March. Rent must be moderate. Address 665 Kimball house. th su tu tf

Lost.

L OST-BLACK SETTER DOG: CHEST AND back of neck white; has on leather collar, my name on plate and city tag No. 407. Answers to the name of Mack. Bring him home and get reward. W. H. Patterson.

Dissolution.

Machinery for Sale.

for Sale -- farms.

will be sold with farm. Farmers are invited to inspect the Silo in operation on this farm. Take road through Grant park to Ornewood farm. Examine the farm and buildings at your leisure. This is the cheapest and one of the most valuable dairy farms near Atlanta. Call on Francis Fontaine, rooms 7 and 8 Fitten building, corner Broad and Marietta streets, Atlanta. Building Material. W. S. BELL HAS AN IMMENSE STOCK SASH, doors and blinds, from which you can select any thing you want. Quality and prices guaranteed to give satisfaction.

JUST THINK OF IT-TWELVE LIGHT WIN-dow for 75c. W. S. Bell, 25 Ivy street. 1wky. POSTS, PICKETS, SHINGLES, LATHS, DRESS-ed flooring, mouldings and framing lumber. W. S. Bell, 25 lvy street.

Cigars and Cobacco. B. F. GRAVELY'S TOBACCOS, THE ONLY GEN-uine Gravely on the market. Sold exclusively by Henry P. Scales & Co. th sa mo

MEMPHIS, BIRMINGHAM AND ATLANTIC RAILBOAD COMPANY. COTTON EXCHANGE BUILDING. P. O. DRAWER 218.

MEMPHIS, BIRMINGHAM -AND-Atlantic Railroad Extension.

Notice to Contractors.

CEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE UND dersigned and indorsed on the outside of the envelope "TENDEE," will be received at this office, until 12 o'clock m. on Monday, the Etch day of February, 1898, for the Graduation, Masonry, Bridging, Trestles and Cross Ties for that part of the Memphis, Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad lying between the Illinois Central and the Mobile and Ohlo Railroads, being about sixty (60) miles in length. Profiles and specifications can be seen at this office, where printed forms of tender can be obtained. Contractors are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms. This Company reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

til feb 15 Chief Engineer.

Manhood Free. A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay. Mervous Debihtrled in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham-street, New York City

Business Chances.

A PARTY WITH SOME MEANS IS DESIRED TO invest gate an established paying maunized-uring busic easin Atlanta, with a view to taking an enlarging interest. Address B. & to., Box 57. enlarging interest. Address B. & Co., Box 57.

WE NEED A LIVE, PUSHING MAN IN OUR
fence business, growing so rapidly our superintendent has more than he can attend to. Will
sell an interest to an approved party at a low figine, but he must have plenty 'snap' atout him.
We have the best paying business in the whole
country, and the right man can step inte a good
thing by applying promptly. Fullest investigation
invited. The Georgia Fence Co., 39 Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga. inta, Ga.

MALL LICENSED HOTEL FOR SALE ON RASY

A BOOT AND SHOE BUSINESS IN GAINES ville, Ga., for sale at a bargain. Address P. O. 53.

A FINE CHANCE FOR ACTIVE MAN WITH small capital. One half interest and financial management of a business which has paid for two years past fifty per cent, interest oncapital required. Will give good reasons for selling half interest. Business growing. Unexampled chance for proper party. Address P. L. D., Constitution office.

for Sale-- Miscellaneons.

H OUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT PRIVATE SALE, all in good order, and 30 Church street. thur fri and sat. DARTIES DESIRING TICKETS TO FANY DAY enport can get them by calling on H. C. Beer mann, corner Peachtree and Decatur streets Have only best seats.

WO GOOD COWS-FRESH IN MILK, FOR sale. Apply to Jno. Thomson, 225 Marietta

for Sale-- Books, Stationerp Etc.

FOR SALE-WE CARRY A STOCK OF SUPE-perior composition for making printers' rolllers, which we sell at forty cents per pound. We are also prepared to have rollers east. Address the Constitution.

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A BOOK OF 100 IRONCLAD WAIVER NOTES with mortgage clause; costs sixty cents, and is a good investment for the business man. We will send the book, post paid, upon receipt of sixty cents. Address The Constitution. DO YOU WANT A NICE RECEIPT OR DRAFT
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inity-five cents. Address The Constitution.

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FOR SALE-CHEAP - A FINE, LARGE BAY horse, very good under saddle and gentle. Address Horse, care Constitution.

Belp Wanted --- Male.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO START A new business at their homes; can be done evenings and learned in an hour; any person making less than 10c. to 50c. an hour should send 10c. at once for a package of samples of goods and 21 working samples (formulas) to commence on. Address Albany Supply Co. Albany, N. Y.

WANTED—MEN TO SELL OUR GOODS IN Fulton and adjoining counties. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms and state salary wanted. Soan & Co. manufacturers, 2M. George St., Cincinnati, O. feb. 2—1 thus sat mon

WANTED — SIX SOBER AND INDUSTRIOUS young men of nice address to travel in Georgia and elsewhere to solicit subscribers to the "National Library Association." Good salary to the right men. Address with references, "Association," Box 385, Atlanta, Ga. jan26 5t tu th sun WANTED—SALESMEN IN EVERY STATE OF the union to represent a paint manufacturing establishment having several specialities that are popular and easy selting. Can be handled alone or in connection with other goods. Address the Wm. B. Price Manufacturing company, Baltimore, Md.

Belp Wanted --- Female.

WANTED—LADIES OR YOUNG MEN: SOME-thing entirely new: (no photo painting): 31 to \$5 a day can be quietly made at your own homes; no canvassing; full particulars free: please address at once: Crescent Art Co., 19 Central street, Boston, Mass., Box 5170.

Situations Wanted--Male.

WANTED-BY A MAN OF TWENTY YEARS manufacturing pursuits. a situation as manager or general overseer. Can give the highest of references as to character and business qualifications. Address T. R. R., this office. SCHOOL WANTED-TRUSTEES OR PATRONS

desiring the services of a first class, experienced teacher (male, will be put in communication with one that has the highest qualifications and very best recommendations, by addressing, with particulars, Principal Waresboro High School. Waresboro, Ga.

Boarders Wanted. THE EWELL HOUSE. CORNER OF CHURCH and West Ellis streets, can accommodate several ladies and gentlemen with good board and nice rooms. It is opposite the club house.

Conntry Produce THOSE FINE BURBANKS HAVE ARRIVED, and perhaps no better eating potatoes ever entered Atlanta. A car of yellow Dunvers onlons are not the way. Who said anything about hard times? Elam Johnson, Son & Co.

HAVE 100 000 POUNDS OF TENNESSEE PACK-ed Pork well trimmed, with the lard, jowls and needs of six or seven hundred hogs, now for sale. Address me at Sweetwater, Tenn. J. F. Owen. tr

Partners Wanted. ACTIVE OR SPECIAL PARTNER WANTED with five or six thousand dollars, to take interest in an established manufacturing business. Address M. B., care Constitution.

Agents Wanted. WANTED—LADY AGENTS FOR MRS. CAMP bell's New 'Tilter'—a Tilter, Bustle, Hoop skirt and Underskirt combined. Hoops can be removed and skirt laundried. Adjustable to any size or shape. Can't break down. Adds grace, elegance and style tothe skirts. Sells for \$4.00 tevery well-drssed lady as soon as shown. Agents double their money. Also a full line of new urrashing goods for ladies and children. Address with stamp, E. H. Campbell & Co., 481 West Randolph street, Chicago, Illinois. thu sun tues

WANTED—LADY AGENTS WHO WISH TO canvass for a line of ladies and childrens' furnishing goods that sell in every house at 100 per cent. profit, should address, with stamp, E. H. Campbell & Co., 484 W. Randolph street, Chicago, Ill.

Wanted -- Miscellaneous.

CALL FOR MAMIE IRVIN TOBACCO. IT IS kept by all dealers. Harralson Bros & Co., 15 North Pryor street. tues thu sun WANTED-BUSINESS MEN TO SEND SIXTY cents to The Constitution for a book of 100 ironelad mortgage notes, waiving homestead and the garnishment of wages. WANTED—100 FAMILIES TO CALL FOR trial packages Bacot's Best Liver pills, at drug store of Bradfield & Ware, or Magnus & Hightower.

Money to Coan.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY OR TARK property at reasonable rates; no unnecessary lelays; Alfred Gregory & Co., 24%, Peachtree at. for Kent--Conses, Cottages, Etc.

TWO COTTAGES, FIVE ROOMS EACH, ON AD joining lots, new and nice, every convenience, \$12.50 each. Pure water. Keys 90 Davis street.

Ladies Column. SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW, JUST PAT-ented. The perfumed corset. Only to be had at Mrs. Danzeger's Corset Parlor, 70% White-hall st.

OSTRICH FEATHERS CLEANED, DYED AND curled by artistic workmen, also kid glores cleaned and dyed. I. Phillips, 13 N. Broad st. tu th sit. Anction Bales.

I. R. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER, 33 MARIETTA.
this very morning, 15 packages imported erockery
and glass ware.

LADIES desiring PERFECT FITTING SHOES, ask your dealer for Hough & Ford's Rochester, N.Y., make Prize Medal Shoes,

bles. good garden, 6 tenant houses—\$3,500.

(OWETA COUNTY—200 ACRE FARM. 8 M(LES) from Newman, 150 acres in cultivation (49 bottem) watered by creeks, springs and branches, 2 acre orchard, choice variety of peaches, 1 mile from P. O., church and school, new 3 room house, large barns, stables, wheat house, etc., etc. Land all lies well and very productive. Would make choice stockfarm—\$4,000.

We have two adjoining farms for sale so as to settle a colony.

DARE BARGAIN—DAIRY AND STOCK FARM ten miles from Atlanta, 159 acres on Snap Finger creek, bekalb county. 50 in cultivation, 60 acres bottom in pasture, Bermuda grass and care, and 15 acres bottom cultivated, 6 acres in orchard, in full bearing, mixed fruit; neighborhood good, school, stores, churches and postoffice convenient; 8 foom dwelling, tenant houses, stables, corn crip, etc., all in good condition. A very valuable farm, Owned by a lady who cannot attend to it and will sell it very cheap. \$3,500, \$1,000 cash, balance five years at 7 per cent interest. Will rent with privince of buying. Frierson & Scott, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Kinball House.

(*) ACRE DAIRY FARM, 2½ MILES FROM (*) the city of Atlanta, 55 acres in cultivation, 20 acres of bottom land, well watered, 2 acres in orchard, all varieties of fruit, 100 grape vines in full bearing, 3 room house, good out building—\$6,00). Would exchange for city property.

Would exchange for city property.

DAIRY AND FRUIT FARM—A GEM, 34 Miller this side of Marietta, 62 acres: 37 acres cuitivated, 25 acres woodland, 7 room brick residence, and all necessary outbuilding in complete order. R. R. station (with 40 foot right of way to R. R.) in front of the door. Four trains a day to and from Atlanta: 45 minutes ride. 500 choice fruit trees in full bearing—apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, figs, with choice variety grapes; 3 acres meadow land, with clear never failing stream running through it. Well fenced. Splendid well of water in back veranda. \$4,000, 3/cash, balance on long time. Frierson & Scott.

DOOR MAN'S FARM—WE ARE INSTRUCTED to sell a farm of 250 acres, 6 acres cleared, good cabin, well of good water, only 6 miles from Bain-bridge, main wagon road runs through the place, seed land, lies well, heavily timbered and very healthy. \$550 cash will buy it. Titles perfect.

ON PEACHTREE ROAD WE HAVE A WAGON

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WITH-drew from the firm of I. C. Bandman & Co., on January 1, 1886. Abe Foot.

CAS ENGINE FOR SALE, FOUR HORSE POW-er, nearly new. Also shafting, office fixtures, safe, etc. A. A. DeLoach & Bro.

OR SALE—FARMS NEAR CITY LIMITS OF Atlanta. 300 acres 1½ mile of city limits. 40 acres, improved farm, Edgewood station, mile from city limits, cottage, price \$4,000. 86 acres, nearly all in cultivation; 1½ miles from Grant's park, 1½ miles from city: fine barns and thoroughly equipped for a dairy farm, 22 milk cows and other stock will be sold with farm. Farmers are invited to in-

TO WEAK ME I suffering from the ef-fects of youthful er-manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home ours, free of charge. Address Prof. F. O. FOWLER, Moodus, Cons.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., January 30th, 1886.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED SYERY DAY IN THE WARK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE, AT \$1 FEE \$2.50 POR THREE MONTHS, OR \$10 A YEAR. THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR, SALE ON ALL TRAINS SCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

RETISING RATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE

ENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS RESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAK THE CONSTITUTION,

ATLANTA, GX., FEBRUARY 4, 1886.

Indications for the South Atlantic States, en at 1 o'clock, a. m.: Light tocal rain brhing, followed by fair, colder weather; barometer. East Gulf: Fair weather, slowly rising temperature, northerly winds becoming variable, rising barometer.

DEMOCRATIC officials in Washington, who have Pan Electric stock in their pockets should read up on the Credit Mobilier scan-

THE snow storm yesterday reached from the Atlantic coast to the Kansas line, and took a southward streak as far down as the city of Mexico.

OUR advice to democratic senators who are interested in the affair, is, to sell their Pan Electric stock for what it will bring. Otherwise they will get into trouble.

REV. SAM JONES expects to finish Cinein nati by Sunday. He says the city shows signs of promise, and will some day be good place of residence for Christians.

THE New York Times threatens to invent an advertising cut. We should think that a properly mounted cut of this sort would be a great success in metropolitan business cir-

THERE seems to be good grounds for lieving that the Bell telephone company obtained its patents by means of fraud, but this is no reason why democratic senators ld have their pockets full of Pan Elec

TR PIDDLERERGER was unfortunate in his resolutions regarding the relations of the president and the senate. On motion of Mr. Edmunds the resolutions were tabled, much to the chagrin of the repudiator from Vir-

OUR exports have largely declined in the last six years, and so have the imports. The latter have not, however, kept step with the former. In a general way it may be stated that the reduction in imports has been onehalf the reduction in exports. But there is still a handsome balance in our favor.

"THE south is solid on the telephone question," says the New York Tribune. Why, of course. The south is solid in believing that the charge against the Bell monopoly should be fairly tried, and that the democrats who have their pockets full of Pan Electric stock should show their hands.

SENATOR LOGAN made a miserable failure in his speech in favor of the admission of Dakota into the union. After failing to attract an audience, and disgusting those whose duty forced them to be present, he vainly essayed to provoke a sectional debate, which was cleverly parried by Senator Butler, of South Carolina.

THE president proves, whenever an august senator approaches him, that he stands in no need of dusty wisdom from the senate chamber. He met the two messengers who sought to have the nomination of Judge Merrick ecalled, with the remark that he had no to find with Merrick's performance of The senatorial bigwigs will soon to leave the preside

THE coal, coke and iron industries of Alabama are the growth of only ten years. They are fairly started-that is all. In another ten years the state will stand next to Pennsylvania alone in the production of pig iron and coke, and the mining of coal. Sh is now the second coke producing state, and she will have second place in coal production and in iron making in another decade. Nothing is surer in this country.

THE debt of Memphis has been readjusted and settled. It stands at \$3,186,569. Over one-half of the old debt was refunded at fifty cents on the dollar, and the remainder at sixty-eight cents on the dollar. The people of Memphis congratulate themselves, first, that the debt of their city is at last known and fixed, and then that they owe less than at any time in the past fifteen years. The people of Memphis are again hopeful, and are determined that the reverses that debt and epidemics brought upon them shall be overcome. There is not a

pluckier city in the land. The Bell Telephone "Scandal."

A correspondent asks us to explain the serious charges that have been made against certain leading democrats in regard to their holdings of Pan-Electric telephone stock. The explanation is a very simple one. Certain prominent democrats have been charged by newspapers more or less in the interest of the Bell telephone monopoly with dishonest ly holding shares of the Pan-Electric telephone company. Most of these democrats are southern democrats, and they are men se honesty and integrity will be vouched for by the best people of both sections.

These charges against prominent democrats are made by the organs of the Bell telephone company for the purpose of covering up and concealing the real issues to be tried before the courts. The charge, simplified and stripped of all details, is that the Bell patents were obtained by fraud. It is tood that a former employe of the patent office is prepared to testify to this ect, and that there is other evidence at

hand to substantiate the charge. Now, if the Bell monopoly, which has been organized into a system remarkable for its rapacity, is based on fraud, it is high time that the public knew it. It is probable that if the Pan-Electric patents should be declared to be the lawful ones, this company would also become a monopoly, but a least it would be a lawful monopoly, and there is reason to believe that its rapacity would not be as ferocious as that of the Bell company, supported as it is by the Western Union

telegraph company.

The position THE CONSTITUTION takes is this: That though ten thousand prominent

democrats held stock in the Pan-Electric ompany this fact would have no sort of bearing on the issue to be settled in the suits to be brought by the government. These ten thousand democrats might have come by their holdings of stock fraudulently—but this is a question for their constituents and for the public: whereas, the charge that the Bell telephone patents were fraudulently procured is a question for the courts and must be tried there. We are perfectly ing to have the innocence or guilt of the democrats who hold Pan-Electric stock discussed before the public of elsewhere. If their possession of this stock is not in accordance with the strictest rules of honesty and integrity, we shall not hesitate to con demn them, nor will they fail to be condemned by their own party and by the public: but, in the meantime, the question is, did the Bell telephone monopoly secure its patents by means of fraud? Let this matter be settled in the courts; and if the court are not large holders of the shares of a rival company then the Bell monopoly will have no reason for complaining of their decisions.

Atlanta and Her People. Pending the raising of subscriptions for the Georgia Midland road, which is progress ing finely, a suggestion may not be out of

Atlanta has been a good mother to her people. She has repaid bountifully all they have done for her. She has made their fortunes, and responded to every effort in her behalf. Most of her citizens who have for tunes made them right here, in the rise of her values and the stir of her streets. All this in busy has bred confidence in the city itself. The money that has been made here has been invested here. The hard earned surplus of one year has gone into brick and mortar, or merchandise, the next year. The interests and sympathies of citizens and city are interwoven with each other, compactly and in

The man who, deterred by doubts or inspired by pique, withholds his help from her when she needs it, wounds himself while he wounds her. The man who helps her helps himself, no matter how remotely his interests may lie from the center of he activities. Every man must rise or fall with the city. There are no bondholders or alien landlords here. All interests, all holdings, are identical with and dependent on the in terests of the city. Every current runs back, no matter how deviously or how slenderly, to the great rich heart of Atlanta. He who refuses to feed that heart impoverishes his own supply.

President Cleveland and His Party. The fight between the president and the senate is inevitable. The republicans have been determined from the first on making this fight. They have simply played for vantage points and have been ready to throw off the mask of peace whenever delay and diplomacy had donotheir perfect work. All appointments made by the president to fill vacancies caused by death of resignation have been promptly confirmed All appointments that followed removals have been laid aside. These have accum ulated and the fight will open whenever they are touched. The small pretext under which the re-

publican senators begin hostilities will deceive no one. The demand that the president furnish reasons for the removal of every official whose head is smacked off, is in sulting and absurd. The right of removal goes with the right of appointment. Both are presidential functions. Both were handed to President Cleveland when he assumed office, and both he must transmi inimpaired to his successors. With the removal of an official the senate has nothing whatever to do. It is the duty of the senate to review certain appointments and confirm or reject them. For papers relating to the fitness of appointees who come under its review, the senate might ask and the presipapers connected with the removal of an fficial the senate has nothing whatever to

The whole purpose of the fight is to rob the democratic party of the fruits of its victory and to keep republicans in office. No rule is sounder or more just than that the party responsible for the administration of affairs should have the right to fill the offices. Otherwise there can be no just re sponsibility. When the people voted for a change of parties they voted for a clearing out of the rat-holes of the government. They voted for an overhauling of the books and offices. They wanted a change from top to bottom. It is this that the republican senate will try to prevent.

It is good for the democratic party that President Cleveland is a man of courage. With an opposition majority of eight in the senate a weaker man might waver. Mr. Cleveland will do nothing of the kind. He will simply whet his cleaver and go to work. As fast as one democrat is refused he will present another. And between times he will chop off heads. The first year of his adminstration showed that he was slow, prudent and conservative. The official ax fell lightly and unfrequently. He did not allow partisan greed to discourage the public business He accepted the reproaches of his party rather than arouse apprehension among the people. All this was lost on the republican senators. They insist upon a fight. President Cleveland will doubtless accommodate them. He will meet them with a hearty undivided and enthusiastic party at hi back. This he can count on until "the last day in the morning.'

The Public Debt. The public debt was reduced last month over eight and a half millions, bringing the lecrease of the fiscal year-seven months o it-up to a little over fifty millions. This is even millions better than the decrease of the corresponding seven months of last year. The improved condition of the treasury has not begun to show in reductions of the interest bearing debt, but as a bond call matured on the first day of this month, the February statement will show a handsome eduction in that direction. In the January statement reductions take the shape of an increased amount of cash, and the payment of accrued interest, and the redemption of

ilver certificates. During the past month the gold fund suffered a loss of \$2,000,000, but it is still \$14. 000,000 above the amount held one year ago. The amount on hand is \$251,371,562. The net gold on hand foots up \$136,000,000-a

gain of \$21,000,000 in the course of a year. The number of standard dollars on hand is 169,000,000—the increase in a month be-

ng comething over three million. The nut ber of silver dollars not covered by silver certificates is 79,321,776. During the county the treasury accumulated the entire county. and about \$5,000,000 in addition. This re sult was brought about in good part through the redemption of silver certificates. The treasury holds \$41,000,000 more in silver dollars than it did one year ago.

The available cash balance is reporte January 1. This is exclusive of the over \$29,000,000 of fractional silver and coins, and about \$5,000,000 of accrued coins, and about 50,000,000 of accrued interest. These several items are treated as lia bilities under the new system of making in the accounts; adding them to the assets, as was the previous custom, would make the available cash balance \$215,464,284.

Compared with January, 1885, the receipte \$500,000, and about the same decrease in receipts from miscellaneous sources. The receipts for the month were less than \$25,000, 600, and the expenditures were within 2,000,000 of the receipts. The maked tables show the receipts and expenditures for the seven months ending January 31, 1885, and 1886, respectively:

... \$188.551.379 -\$101-512.808 Total. . \$154,176,239 - \$151,401,028

Another Pension Bill.

An annual burden amounting to \$6,500, 000 was placed upon the people of this country, the poor as well as the rich, almost without an objection, certainly without serious opposition. The pensions of dependent widows, mothers and fathers was increased to \$12 a month. No intelligent person considers the increase just, so far as the tax-payers are concerned; no honest member desired its passage; and yet it swept the house, securing the votes of every republican and every northern democrat except Mr. Bragg of Wisconsin and Mr. Hewitt of New York.

The bill was favored by many members because it could be utilized to head off a measure that would invite all unpensioned soldiers to put their hands in the treasury, and almost bankrupt the country. The hope is, that the widows' bill will satisfy the pension attorneys, so that the limitation upon the arrears act can not be removed during the present session.

But the barrier to new applications unde the arrears act will be removed soon or late-probably before another presidential election-and then new schemes will be devised. Where is all this to end? What effect will such taxation with no return have upon the energies and productive capacity of the south? It should be remembered that the south pays from its earnings one dollar out of every three that is disbursed by the pension office. If the annual pension charge rises to \$75,000,000, the sixteen southern states will be taxed \$25,000,000 a year. Can they stand such excessive taxation, it addition to all other national taxation, and all necessary state and local levies? This is becoming a very serious question, and northern demagogry should be brought face to face with the situation.

MR. GLADSTONE would do a brave and beau turn a bath-tub over Lord Granville and keep

It is stated that only three millions of dol ars are wanted for Mississippi river improvements this year. This is a bauble, a mere What the Mississippi wants i three hundred millio

An Iowa school teacher recently read an essay on "the effect of the tobacco habit on school work," in which he presented concluions which may seem extreme and fanatical to tobacco lovers, but which experienced teachers are forced to accept as plain statements of fact. Boys that began the habit at an early age he has uniformly observed to be come permanently stunted, mentally and phys ically, and especially that their reasoning powers are obscured, their memory treacher ous and zeal for study altogether lacking. In digestion, impaired taste, defective eyesight, dull hearing, nervous affections and diseases of the heart among the pupils under his care he has been able to trace, in a surprising proportion of cases, to an inveterate use of tobac co, often unknown to parents and home friends In many instances, boys who had been doing admirably in their studies showed a marked falling off in zeal, mental grasp and general success in scholarship, a change almost invariably traceable to the formation of the tobacco habit. The mental faculties of a boy under the influence of the narcotic, seem to be in a stupor and since the will power is simultaneously stupefied and weakened it avails little to try and arouse the dormant energies or to interest the

It is said that Mr. Gladstone dodged when the queen offered him her hand the other day. He thought the old lady intended to hit him a clip and retire as the actresses do on the stage.

AT a recent celebration at Topeka, Kansas, the Hon. Eugene Ware read a poem on John Brown. In conclusion the poet said: "John Brown, of Kansas, he dared begin. He lost but losing won." There is no reason why the press should remain silent when such slush is launched upon the country. Every man of common sense and common honesty knows that old man Brown was simply a compound of horse thief, ruffian and crank. He was born to be hanged, and his execution will always be justified and applauded in every civilized country under the sun.

A DEMOCRATIC congressman says that the president could have had a more affectionate following in the senate if he had bounced a few more republicans. This is probably true but the democrats will have to stick to him all the same.

A New York letter says: "There is no room for doubt that John Kelly is slowly wasting away. His energy has gone altogether. He s careless of what goes on about him. He is altegether in much the same state he fell into about eighteen years ago, after he had met with so much domestic affliction. It is sorrow ful to think of such a man thus losing his faculties. There were in him the elements of grandeur, lacking in almost every other man in political life in New York. He was bold, vigorous, self-reliant, and, like most so-called, self-made men, was egotistical. It was ego-tism-self love, out of which sprang all his political errors and woes. He not brook the presence of a vigorous man given to clinging to opinions. He drove every such man out of Tamming hall; and there grow up in that or-fanization a class of trucklers to him, time server; adulators, who praised him morning, noon and eve, who never told him the truth, because with flattering untruths they induced him to help them. Once in a while he awakened to his surroundings, and then some of the contemptible fellows were ejected from the presence of the big chief. They went into the county democracy and became loudest in their demunciation of "one man mile." But others always remained behind, and Kelly fell under their spell. No political leader was et-so deceived as he, none ever maintained said

lot of nincompoops as he. He howed his vigor in their support. It is a pity that his vigor was not absolute enough to make him rample them down in their native mud. As the gold-bugs are abusing John Sher-

As the gold-bugs are abusing John Sher-man's silver compromise bill, perhaps there is more in it than he have been inclined to give him credit for.

THE Graphic praises the people of Louisville for paying their water bills promptly. And yet what possible virtue can there be in paying twenty cents a year for a gallon of water?

THERE is a greatestre on the part of the gold-bugs to bring a pressure to bear on Mr. Evarts. They will feel very cheap when Mr. Evarts begins to fling the charms of his inter-PERSONS AND THINGS.

ToBoggan is "adoboggan," an Indian word SAMUEL J. TILDEN will colebrate his seventy second birthday February 9 PROFESSOR FELIX ADLER claims to have

According to the Enterprise (colored) not a black face is to be seen in the New York state cap-EVERY bride is beautiful, and it is a mystery

where all the plain married women come from.

New Orleans Picarune.

The geological formation through which the tunnel passes is the new red sandston SMITH M. WEED says that Mr. Tilden's rea

son for remaining at Greystone is that he cannot stand the rough riding over city pavements. THE church of England has nine preaching stations along the line of the Panama canal. The

are a large number of Englishmen among the worl

ments occur less frequently in winter than in sum-mer. The frozen coachman can't hold a candle to

AN Indiana paper has raised the name of General Weaver for president in 1888. The Phila delphia North American says "this is the mos-tiresome chestnut out."

KING THERAW, while in the act of surren dering, looked down from his gorgeous throne into a huge gold spittoon, so heavy that it is said to

TALCOT WILLIAMS, managing editor of the Philadelphia Press, has a collection of biographies of noted persons ready to be used as obituaries on their demise, which is insured for \$3,400.

LORD CAIRNS (Garmoyle) lately started on a steam yacht on a pleasure trip for the Mediterand an with a gay party and fifty dozens of chanpagn ut the bay of Biscay behaved so badly that actually put back. THE great Worth, of Paris, is glad that the

odern "stable styles" of dress started by the nough the man who makes dresses wants th MAN-MILLINER Worth, of Paris, corrects the current opinion that Eugenie, when empress, was the leader of feminine fashions, and declares that

he persistently refused to make innovations of prevailing styles for fear of being called giddy and PRESIDENT GREVY, of France, celebrated

schools a holiday and the conservative papers charge him with trying to "make himself solid" with the sising generation of voters, with a view to getting a third term. Ir Thomas J. Cluverius, the young lawyer who is in jail under sentence of death for the mur der of Miss Fannie Lillian Madison, obtains a new

trial from the court of appeals, he will be able, der a new law, to testify in his own defense. believed he could not again be convicted. THE queen regent of Spain has decided to cear her black woolen garments upon all occa sions, although by doing so she changes the eti quette of the Spanish court, which proscribe mourning apparel for all those acts which the per

on exercising supreme power performs in er quality of sovereign. In his after-dinner speech at the Typothetae dinner in New York last week, Dr. Paxton said:
"The press has killed gossip. When I meet my An out-of-town paper friend we are both dull."

way: 'The press has killed gossip. When I meet my friend we are both full." THE French have looked with alarm upon the steady export of Percheron horses to the United States; but the most prominent breeders there nov states; but the most prominent because there how say that the progeny of these horses raised in the United States are an improvement upon their sires and that it is profitable to reimport. It is known that Napoleon III. used to import Percheron horses from Vermont for the post chaises which he used so much.

THE "Claimant" has just delivered a lecture in Dublin. He drew an immense audience, wh hailed him as he came ou with criesof "Hallo, Ro ger!" and "Wagga-Wagga!" All the other performers with him were hissed off. Sir Roger was in evening dress, and is described as tall of stature, portly in build, of dark complexion and as solemn as a professional undertaker in appearance. His powers of oratory are not good, his voice is bad and his twenty minutes' address was of the plainest character.

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE. She Might Excuse It.

WALNUT, Ga., February 3.—Would it be considered proper by good society for a young man to send a letter of friendship to a young lady in his printed business envelope? X.
It is not good form, but if the young lady thought mything of the young man, she might excuse him

The Bombardment of Sumter. DAYTONA, Volusia county, Fla., January 30. Editors Constitution. The truth of any matter or history is always most to be desired. You publish an extract from the Athens, Ga., Banner, containing a short account of the bombardment of fort Sumter. The writer, Mr. T. B. Toomer, who was merely a looker on, as it seems, and not a particular to the state of the sta Editors Constitution. The truth of any matter o pant in that bloodless affair, falls into certain erers of statement in regard to times and other chemistrance. rem of statement in regard to times and other circumstances attending that memorable event which I propose to correct. The bombardment in question did not begin and end upon the 4th of April, as he states, but on the morning of the 12th of April, and ended about 120'clock m. on the 13th. The fort was set on fire by redhot shot from Fort Moultrie during the morning of the second didy's bombardment, and not on the first day, as he states. No white flag was seen or ever heard of by the writer, being holsted by the garrison of the fort, nor was the flag lowered until the notorious Frank-lin J. Moses, then an aide of Governor Pickens, in company with General L. T. Wigfall and others, lowered it from the flagstant. These are some other errors with regard to the holding the fort by Colonel Bhett.

He, it is said, requested to be relieved from the command of the fort turns the ground that it was

sel Bhett.

He, it is said, requested to be relieved from the
command of the fort upon the ground, that it was
not tenable. His request was granted, and that
noble solder and Christian gentleman, General
Stephen Elliott, being appointed to the command. a in 1865.
You will oblige me and perhaps gratify others by ring publication to the foregoing. Yours, etc.,

John A. Bradley.

Confederate Bonds, -By Cable to the New York Herald

LONDON, January 30.-Much amusement was caused today on 'change when the brokers read an advertisement in the latest Herald arrived here about confederate bonds, which reads as fol-

'A committee, consisting of the Right Honorable Lord Penzance, the Honorable Thomas C. Bruce, M. P.; John Elden Gorst, Esq., Q. C., M. P.; John B. Martin, Esq., and Robert Stewart, Esq., has been appointed in London to act as trustees for the con-federate bondholders. In view of solicited action by the cengress of the United States, persons hing such bonds, wherever situated, are requested as williams. Moore, Esq., care of Hosabla William Fullerton, of counsel, 18 Excha Place, New York city, their names and the num

ends held by them respectively, giving amounts, dates of issue and number of conjourattached to each bond."

A few doors from the Herald office is the Safe Deposit building on one side of which is a brast plate reading. "Confederate bonds received here."

None there knew anything about the advertise

Unper promise of withholding his name a certain banker and promoter said: "This old committee was appointed two of three years ago, including hose promoters and the was appointed two of three years ago, including long promoters. It is not seen that the said has not done anything since 1835. The committee of twistees and has not done anything since 1835. The committee of the firm of Mocatta & Cobert, of Cornhill: Meredith Brown and Mr. Chiunery, a stock bother, are still working away in the wild hope of coversing or stufflying the american people into exposing them what they call their just

stock broker, are still working away in the white hope of advanting or stullifying the american people into a stilling them what they call their just demands. At exactioning general, who held onice some few years after the close of the war of secession, has given an opinion favorable to the bond-holders claims, which is printed and distributed here, but his name is withheld. "It omits to mention the constitutional amendment about the hundred millions' worth of bonds now collected in London. Pully seven-eighths of these are held by foreigners, and points have lately been given out here to boom confederate bonds. As I understand it, sums of money have been raised by assessment on the holders for a spurt. The leaders understand that no good can come as a final result, but his is a plan to sell out mon the action of a paid congressman who is to introduce a bill, which will be referred to a commission, unless the speaker rules the inquiry of a commission, he would then ness for a one is connective, unless the speaker rules the inquiry off of orders fi not, he would then press for a hearing, and the face of the measure pending payment would be made their state for large holders to sell to the small ones. The Hondrid exposures on the Florida swindles are already noted hore, and hope is held that it will not allow ignorant mestigus to softer with these bonds, as enough transatlantic swindles on John Bull have already been played.

A STORM IN THE SAN JUAN A Remarkable Phenomena Witnessed of

From the Denver News. "Some fen years age," said a veteran pro pector, "I was traveling on foot from Ouray in the San Juan, across the country at the head o the San Miguel river. The time was in the fore noon of an autumn day, and a dense mass threatening clouds were rolling up in the wo over the western San Phillipo range. I was in over the western san Phillipo range. I was in a hurry to cross the fish lakes, and concluded to go up through Bear creek, a stream putting in the San Miguel from the south. The stream headed in a semi-circular basin-bounded by immense precipices of basaltic rock, at whose base were vast quantities of broken rock, varying in size from the boulder weighing a few pounds to masses of many tons in weight.

weight.

How these rocks came in that position was a source of inquiry to me, but I had an opportunity of solving the mystery before I reached the summit of the divide 1 intended to cross. The clouds I spone of seeing in the west had in the meantime come rolling up and accumulating in size and density, also becoming darker and more heavily charged with electricity. Thunder rolled

spone of seeing in the west had in the meantime come rolling up and accumulating in size and density, also becoming darker and more heavily charged with electricity. Thunder rolled and lightning flashes played above and below, and it seemed as if all Heaven's artillery was concentrated at this particular point. Instead of rising high in mid air the clouds rose just high enough to clear the tops of the dense forests that fined the approaches to Mount Wilson.

I feared to proceed, and sought shelter beneath a huge pile of rocks about the centre of the arena, and some half amile from the south end of the senic circular basin mentioned. In less time than I have been writing these notes the clouds swept eastward with immense velosity. The low altitude which they maintained was not great enough to clear the precipice on the east side of the basin, and they swept against it with terrific force. There was such a vast weight to water contained in them that the concussion when the clouds struck the precipice was so great that immense quantities of rock were broken off and fell with a shock like an earthquake to the foot of the clift. Like a battering-ram the body of clouds was thrown back and again advanced until three distinct blows were struck at the cliff. By this time the water was pouring over the mountain in a Niagara-like flood, bringing down additional quantities of rock. The occurrence lasted only a few minutes, but in this time it was easy to perceive how the masses of debris were placed in the position they occupied. The storm was over, the air cleared up, and I was able to pursue the projected journey.

Three Bright Youngsters.

A well known family up town has an eightyear-old urchin upon whom a revival at one of the churches has made a deep impression. He as tounded his good mother the other night by saying "Mamma, I am going to church tonight to be con

what it means."

I do, and I am going to join the church and
hristian hereafier."
you do that you must give tup dancing and
to the museum." "If you do that you must give up dancing and going to the museum."
"What is that? Must I quit going to the mu-

From the Boston Record.

It was a little girl at Malden, who, having been naughty, and having received a punishment from her mother, said this prayer fervently when she went to bed that night:

"O. God, please make me good; not real good, ust good enough so I won't have to be while THREE-YEAR-OLD LOGIC.

From the Peapack, Col., Illuminator.
When Raymond was three years old he talked so much about heaven and asked so many questions about God that his mamma felt worried and said: "You must not think about going to heaven now
my darling. When you are old it will be time t
go to God." "Do people go when they get old." h
asked. "Yes, dear," said mamma. "Well, grand
ma's old. Ain't it most time she went?"
Esther, who has just enjoyed her third Christma when you are not will be do to God." "Do people go when they get old?" he asked. "Yes, dear," said mamma. "Well, grandma's old. Ani't it most time she went?"

Esther. who has just enjoyed her third Christmas, was looking through a new picture book, and stopped perplexed at the sight of some cherubs. "What are they, mamma?" "Angels."

"Angels."
A pause, and then with irresistible sweetness:
"Mamma, how did you get my wings off?"

Society in Arizona. From the Virginia, Nev., Chronicle. The Daily Tombstone publishes the followng programme of dances used at a ball recently given by cowboys in Arizona:

given by cowboys in Arizona:

1. Grand-circle round-up march.

2. Horse hunters' quadrille.

3. Catch horse waitz.

4. Saddle-up lancers.

5. Broncho racquet.

6. Captain's quadrille.

7. Circular's gallop.

8. Round-up lancers.

9. Cut-out schottische.

10. Brauding quadrille.

11. Cow and calf racquet.

12. Night-horse lancers.

13. First guard waitz.

14. Second guard quadrille.

15. Third guard Newport.

16. Fourth guard quadrille.

17. Day herders' waitz.

18. Mayerick's polka.

19. Bull calves' medley.

20. Stampede all.

Beating the Weather and the Consumer. From the Omaha Bee. It is an unusually cold breeze when the in-

rentive genius of the yankee yields to the weather. Some Boston parties are turning Florida's frozen A Common Experience.

From the Lowell Citizen. A friend of ours, absent on a trip to Wash t he has been all through the naonal capital and considerable of his own.

From the Cincinnati Sur The burning question in Atlanta, Ga., at this time appears to be how long before the prohibition ordinance is going to be enforced there.

An Armed Truce. from the Galveston News. The indications are that William Ewat ne and Charles Stuart Parnell know when a rink is as good as a nod.

Tired.

I am tired. Heart and feet Turn from the busy mart and street; I am tired; rest is sweet. I am tired. I have played In the sunshine and the shade I have seen the flowers fade.

What has made my spirit glad, What has made my spirit sad. I am tired. Loss and gain! Golden aheaves and scattered Day has not been spent in vain

I am tired. Eventide 'Bids me lay my cares aside, Bids me in my hopes abide. I am tired. God is near,

CONSTITUTIONALS.

General Gossip and Editorial Short Stops Even statistics are interesting sometimes, men in Atlanta whose lives are insured should at once the die at once, the insurance companies and societies

life insurance of any man in the city. It is stated on pretty good authority that he has fifty-five thousand dollars on his life. Captain J. W. English, whose valuable life was seriously threatened some weeks ago, has fifty thousand dollars of insurance. Mr. James W. Harle carries fifty thou-rand. Mr. A. B. Steele carries fifty thousand. The insurance of the four citizens named amountotal of over two hundred thousand dollars.

Mr. Sam Inman, who is in excellent health and has an ample fortune already, has an insurance on his life, amounting to \$35,000. Mr. W. S. Thomson carries \$10,000. Mr. Bob Clarke, of Panola, carries \$30,000. Mr. Willie Haygood, whose excellent health is well known, has his life insured for \$25,-000. Alderman Charles A. Collier has \$25,000 on his life. Dr. B. M. Wooley carries \$25,000. Mr. George Muse carries \$20,000. Mr. H. I. Kimball carries insurance amounting to \$15,000. Mr. E. F. May has a like amount. Judge Richard H. Clarke and Judge Howard Van Epps carry good lines of insurance. Judge Marshall J. Clarke is a bachelor and says he needs no insurance. It is possible, however, he may want some in the course of events. Mr. John M. Greene is one of the fifteen thousand dollar men. Mr. Henry Lewis has \$15,000, Captain Gay has \$10,000, Colonel Foreacre has \$10,000 and Messrs. Oglesby & Meador have \$10,000 each. Mayor Hillyer carries \$0,000, Senator Colquitt carries \$10,000. Senator Brown is not heavily insured now, as his policies have nearly all matured, and he has received the money. \$50,000. The firm of Elsas, May & Co. carrie

Atlanta is a good insurance city, and there are a arge number of men who carry from two to ten thousand dollars insurance. Those who are named are not by any means all who carry ten thousand

In the last few years some interesting losses have been paid in Atlanta. Senator Ben Hill's life was insured for \$10,000, and at his death that sum was that now pay her a handsome return. Mr. Oliver H. Jones died leaving \$10,000 of insurance money to his heirs. Ex-Governor Conley, whose death occurred recently, was insured for \$10,000, Mr. Menko had \$10,000, Dr. Bradfield had \$8,000, and Dr. Drake had \$5,500. Major Ben Crane had \$5,000

It is said that Hon. A. H. Stephens could not get insurance on his life. At his death, therefore, he left no insurance money.

The heaviest insurer in the United States is Hamlton Disston, of Philadelphia, He has \$475,000 Lorillard, John Wanamaker, Cyrus W. Field, John Chicago, has \$160,000. Charles A. Dana, of the the seap man, has \$100,000 in the suds. H. 'B. Cla-\$100,000, and George M. Pullman, the palace car man, has \$100,000. Henry Ward Beeche 600 on his life and Talmage has \$60,000.

Yesterday THE CONSTITUTION was shown a list of 145 leading business men of the United States whose total life insurance footed up over \$14,000,000 in the regular companies.

The heaviest insurance ever paid in the world was paid some years ago by English companies There were three heavily insured noblemen, the duke of Newcastle, the marquis of Anglesia and the earl of Fief. The total paid by the companies to the heirs of these men was six million two hundred and filty thousand dollars. The heirs of Sir Robert Clifton received \$1,250,000 at his death. Napoleon III had his life insured for \$600,000 and this was the fortune of the Empress Eugenie at the death of her husband. President James A. Garfield . left a policy of \$25,000. President Grant left no life insurance. President Cleveland has his life insured.

One of the largest sums, if not the largest, ever paid in this country on the death of a man was paid to the heirs of W. N. Switzer, of St. Louis, He died several years ago leaving insurance to the amount of \$310,000. A man quite well known in Atlanta died with a very heavy insurance. N. B. Harwood, whose death occurred in Florida some months ago, was quite well known here. He was insured for \$200,000, and his wife has already re ceived over \$100,000 of the amount. The rest will be paid in a week or two.

Most of the Atlanta preachers are insured for sums ranging from \$2,000 to \$5,000. When Dr. Left-wich was here he was insured by his congregation for \$5,000. Rev. M. B. Wharton is insured for a like amount. Rev. Sam Jones has \$5,000 on his life. Sam Small has no insurance, but will probably take some soon. Rev. Henry McDonald, Rev. W. A. Candler, Rev. J. W. Lee, Rev. G. A. Nunnally, Rev. N. Keff Smith, Rev. C. A. Evans, Rev. Dr. E. H. Barnett, Rev. W. B. Bonnell, (now in China.) Rev. T. C. Boykin and Rev. A. B. Quillian, are among the ministers who are insured.

The insurance companies do not discriminate against policemen-Jumbo Hunter is insured.

Insurance companies will not take risks on railat regular rates, but engineers have to pay extra. Mr. Waldon, of the Richmond and Danville; Mr. 3. W. O'Brien, Captain Dave Wylie, Mr. Fred Bush and others are among the insured railroad men.

Even moderate drinking operates against a man in getting insurance. Statistics show that among intemperate persons between the ages of twenty and thirty the mortality is five times greater than among temperate persons. From thirty to fifty the mortality is four times greater with the intemper ate, and from fifty to sixty it is three times greater, while from sixty to eighty it is twice as grea These are figures that do not lie, and old topers and moderate drinkers should take a hint. In a group of total abstainers, aged twenty, the average of life left is forty four and two-tenths years, while with moderate drinkers the average would be fifteen and sixtenths years. That is to say a total abstainer on an average would live to be 64, while the moderate drinker would be cut off at 35. By a moderate drinker is meant a man who drinks continuously or periodically so as to effect his health. A drinker is more liable to accidental death than a sober man is, and in addition to that he is steadily breaking down his constitution.

Insurance companies do not insure brakemen sub-marine operators, manufacturers of explo-sives, aeronauts, seamen; men engaged with the army or navy, nor men who drink too much whis-

Only a few colored men in Atlanta are insured. David Howard, the undertaker, has a thousand dollar paid up policy. Colored people are not careful enough with their health, hence the obection of insurance companies to insuring them.

Under the modern plans of insurance a man need not die to get his money. After paying for a term of years his money comes back and he has a snug sum for investment, in addition to having had the protection insurance affords. It is a wise man who provides in health for those dependent on him. A snug policy in a good company must be a solace in the last hours of a man who leaves dependent loved ones behind.

A Question for Browning Student

From the Beston Post.

We hope some Browning society will give us the true significance of the poet's line, "Tommy, make room for your uncle-us" to rhyme with "rail-

EADERS

THE PROMINEN TODAY AN

There has not be

when both houses of pre-eminent and ack the democratic side is spect, while in the l republicans suffer a the comparison. If the ditions were exactly it would perhaps more equalize matters in a sense, for as the in each house that in leadership, and the thing that more chope in a legislative adequately led. The the face of a deficie ship, and the mino The question of tive or deliberati cannot well be



though wholly spekesman, poorly Blaine and Garfiel No question ever ship of Adams, Wel glas, Stephens, Thu ing still extant, entit Henry Clay in his dressing the senate compromise measulard Fillmore is in among the attentivare Calhoun, Bentster, Douglas, Prenhost of others who are familiar in the that time. They a usual abilities. Sino occasion when s photographed from atc. The tendency



few and newspaper for the senatorial what congress had formed man than h ny man to be to intelligence of 1886 and Webster were eral intelligence of there is still another greatness in the se cured an election to not so absolutely of the present

body to fill their nobody to fill their senate, and while have stepped manfustill measurably unfect men on that this time. South Carolina, West Virginia, are de rare ability as debat ator Vest, who is resome as the admileader in the senat the writer's ideal of man yet he poss man, yet he posse than ordinary gift bater, is a fair law altogether a wei ready and able style of speech is yet he is both in cussion. His sho ure, short neck a model of physic a genial tempera al magnetism. the Wabash"



when he sat th tiefing his abiliting the proceed inevitably came worth listening no man's word such respectful a few hours on their sensters on all their all the

s in excellent health and eady, has an insurance on 5,000. Mr. W. S. Thomson Clarke, of Panoia, carries ygood, whose excellent as his life insured for \$25,-. Collier has \$25,000 on his arries \$25,000. Mr. George H. I. Kimball carries in-000. Mr. E. F. May has a hard H. Clarke and Judge good-lines of insurance, is a bachelor and says he is a bachelor and says no is possible, however, he the course of events, ene is one of the men. Mr. Henry Lewis as '51,000, Colonel Fore-rs, Oglesby & Meador have yer carries \$0,000, Senator Senator Brown is not his policies have nearly is reported as corrying las, May & Co. carries

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LEADERS IN CONGRESS.

THE PROMINENT LEGISLATORS OF TODAY AND OTHER DAYS.

mparative Strength of the Two Parties in Houses Edmunds, Evarts and Logan, Carlist Morrison and Randall, Teller, Hawley and Voorhees, Hale and Others.

There has not been a time in many years when both houses of congress contained so few pre-eminent and acknowledged leaders as at present occupy seats therein. In the senate the democratic ide is the weakest in this re-spect, while in the house the

resent of the democratic state spect, while in the house the spect, while in the house the republicans suffer most by the comparison. If these conditions were exactly reversed would perhaps more nearly the specific state of the second state of th it would perhaps more nearly equalize matters in a political sense, for as the case now stands it is the minority side in each house that is weakest ANATOR, EDMUN of Vermont lands of the case of the

thing that more closely resembles a forlorn hope in a legislative body than a minority in adequately led. The majority, with a friendly presiding officer, will generally pull through in the face of a deficiency of commanding leader-ship, and the minority, possessing strong, able leaders, will be able to hold them pretty level. The question of leadership in a legisla-tive or deliberative body is one that cannot well be settled by caucus agreement. It settles itself. The man who possesses the tact, the ability and the other gifts of

nature which constitute the leader will gradually come to the front and be recognized,

no matter who else may be striving for the position. In the last congress ex-Speaker Keifer assumed that his prominence and the usages of the past would place him in the van upon the floor though wholly deficient in the qualities of a leader, but Mr. Reed soon came to be rec-

spokesman, poorly as he filled the shoes ef Blaine and Garfield. No question ever existed as to the leadership of Adams, Webster, Clay, Calhoun, Douglas, Stephens, Thurman and Blaine when they were in congress. There is a fine engraving still extant, entitled "The United States

ognized by the republicans as their best

senate in 1850." It represents Henry Clay in his famous attitude, addressing the senate on the compromise measures. Millard Fillmore is in the chair; among the attentive listeners are Calhoun, Benton, Webster, Douglas, Prentiss and a host of others whose names are familiar in the history of that time. They are all men. that time. They are all men who adorn the past of congressional history, and brought to the discharge of their duties unusual shifting.

usual abilities. Since that time there has been to occasion when so worthy a group could be chotographed from a single sitting of the sente. The tendency has been rather downward ever since, and not long ago we had a carpet-bagger in the place of Calhoun and a third-class lawyer in the seat of Webster. It does not follow on account of some degeneracy in the halls of congress during

the past twenty-five years that there has been a corresponding degeneracy in the mental culture and education of the American people. The contrary is true. The table land of general intelligence is much higher now than it was twenty-five years age, and hence promontorys are fewer and more difficult of growth.

The senator used to be the great political instructor of his people. When railroads were few and newspapers dear, the people waited for the senatorial "welcome home" to find out what congress had done and what they ought to think. Now the village schoolboy reads the compressional report every

to think. Now the village schoolboy rea
the congressional report every
day, and the chances are ten
to one that he is a better informed man than his senator
before the close of the term.
It would fearfully tax the
power of the humani mnd for
any man to be to the general
intelligence of 1886 what Clay
and Webster were to the gen-anaros yours

there is still another reason for the decline of greatness in the senate to be found in the fact that the qualities which once alone secured an election to a seat in that body are not so absolutely the requirements of the present day. Other considerations than ability, experience and Webster were to the gen-senar eral intelligence or 1850. But

ntely the requirements esent day. Other con-than ability, experience and statecraft eften prevail in these days to elevate men to that dignified and lofty po-When President Cleveland

took three of the ablest demo-



Teller and Hawley. The former, who drawing the secondary of the presiding chair droped out of leader, has now returned maturally to his old place. What for the presiding chair droped out of leader, has now returned maturally to his old place. What is the very shot time, states of the Sales and the stories which have been the stories which have been treated in the stories which have been treated and the stories which have been treated and the stories which have been treated and the stories which have been treated to the stories which have been treated and the stories which have been treated to the

ly. But his extraordinary campaign for the senatorship was the turning point in his fortunes and inspired a good deal of faith among party friends in the sturdy senator's staying qualities. Like all men who have preserved their physical health for a long period of years, the general lives simply. He has never been a drinking man, but smokes in a moderate way. He is temperate in his eating and is not very fond of swell dinners. Senators are invited out more than any other

and is not very fond of swell dinners. Sanators are invited out more than any other class of officials in Washington. Many senators whose deaths have been attributed to overwork owe the shortening of their lives to excesses at fashionable dinners, Where one attends three or four set dinners a week there is a constant temptation to eat and drink too much. A the shortening of their lives to excesses at fashionable dinners, Where one attends three or four set dinners a week there is a constant temptation to eat and drink too much. A man who can go through several Washington dinner campaigns without going down deto eat and drink too much. A paigns without going down deserves as much congratulation as the soldier who comes out whole at the end of a bloody

campaign.

Over in the other wing of the capitol the democrats have the best of it. All things considered, Speaker Carlisle is probably the ablest, most judicial-minded and broadest man in the

and broadest man in the house. Though removed from active participation in the debates, his influence from the speaker's position is of course greater than that of any leader on the floor. Undoubtedly Mr. Carlisle is the head of the tariff reform movement which the head of the tariff reform movement which the present house is expected to formulate. He is a moderate man, desirous of harmonizing all interests upon the platforn of the greatest good to the greatest number, and considered in the race for the presidential nomination in 1888. If he should succeed in having a tariff bill passed this winter through the house of a kind and character which should commend

the country, and it should commend itself to the business people of the country, and it should be rejected by the senate, Mr. Carlisle would then be brought very prominently to the front as a candidate. Mr. Morrison and Mr. Randall who represent directly opposite views on the tariff question are both miscock, N. Y. strong men. In nearly all that here were the careful for the country of the cou

There are few better organizers and political managers in the country than William R. Morrison, and few men in

There are few better organizers and political managers in the country than William R. Morrison, and few men in politics more thoroughly devoted to principle. It is true he is not a speaker, but is a man of much persuasive power, who wins adherents from the sheer force of his own convictions. He is very successful as a manager on the floor, and has a great deal of legislative adroitness in directing the general line of debate. Mr. Mor-

to that dignified and loty position.

When President Cleveland took three of the ablest democratic senators for his cabinet he weakend his party in the whole of the ablest democratic senators for his cabinet, he weakend his party in the whole of the beaute, and while Voorhees, Vet and Beck have stepped manfully into the breech, it is still measurably unfilled. These are the strongest men on that stile of South Carolina, and young Kenna, of West Virginia, are developing rare ability as debaters. Senator Vest, who is regarded by some as the administration leader in the senate. Is not share, is a fair lawyer and is altogether a well equipped, service when the content style of speech is somewhat florid at times, style of speech is some

OTHER MATTERS. The resolution adopted at the meeting on yester-day with reference to fixing the guage at four feet mine inches was reconsidered for the purpose of making some changes in the subject caused by the

making some changes in the subject caused by the resolution.

Upon its being reconsidered, E. B. Thomas offered a resolution that four feet nine inches be the standard gauge of the roads represented in the convention, which was adopted unanimously.

He then offered another resolution, that a committee be appointed by the chair whose duty it shall be to communicate with the leading railways that are of a four foot eight and a half inches and four foot nine inches gauge, and agree upon a wheel gauge which will be suitable to both gauges, said committee to report at the adjourned meeting to be held in this city Fehruary 16. The resolution was adopted.

Incompliance with the authority and objects of the resolution the chairman appointed the following committee:

the resolution the chairman appointed the following committee:

T. D. Kline, chairman; Reubin Wells, J. F. Devine, James Mehan, R. D. Wade, G. M. D. Riley, W. H. Thomas, William Kinyon, W. T. Newman, J. S. Cook, J. E. Warwick, G. H. Gramling, S. B. Hampt, and G. W. Gates.

A resolution of thanks was adopted to the proprietors of the Kimball for the gratuitous use of the parlors in which the convention was held. The convention them adjourned to meet again in Atlanta, February 16th.

HOW THE WORK, WILL BE DONE.

When the convention had adjourned the Consti-rction had a short talk with Secretary F. K. Hu-TUTION had a short talk with Secretary F. K. Huger upon some of the details of the proposed work. Said Mr. Huger: "The work of changing the gauge will commence at 3:30 a. m., and by 4 p. m., it is contemplated that the undertaking will be acaccemplished. There will be an average of three to four men to every mile of track. Spikes will be driven in the crossties three inches on the inside of the rail that is to be moved, previous to the date of the change, so that on the day of the change the rail can be raised up, and pressed to the spike and made fast. Material trains will follow the work as it progresses, preceding any regular trains over the line."

"What will be the cost of the work?"

"About \$80 to \$10 a mile, varying according to the conditions under which the work is done. This estimate does not include the cost of changing the machinery. The entire cost of making the change may be estimated at \$750,000."

"How rapidly can the guage of the wheels be changed?"

"One wheel press will press on the wheels of

"How rapidly can the guage of the wheels be changed?"

"One wheel press will press on the whoels of from fifty to seventy-five cars a day. For some years axles have been turned off in the rear of the wheel seat in contemplation of this change. A large number of cars that are now running on dished face wheels, will be all right as soon as the wheels are pressed back."

Still Making Rates.

The differences that were discovered to exist between the Cincinnati Southern and the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroads relative that has been written about Mr. Morrison it has been held that he is not a leader, but simply the lieutenant of Mr. Carlisle... But this view falls short of the real facts.

There are few better organizations are desired as the state of the real facts. by the addition of the difference between the old emigrant rates from Chattanoga to Mississippi river basing points, and the first-class rates between the same points. Rates have also been agreed upon from Meridian and Selma to Texas points, and other rates will be taken up in succession with all other points.

Foreclosing a Railroad Mortgage, PHILADELPHIA, February 3.—The Record,

tomorrow, will say: tomorrow, will say:

There was fresh evidence yesterday that a movement is on foot looking to the foreclosure of the Reading railway property, under general mortgage by the syndicate that is acting in the interest of the Pennsylvania railboad. It is given out, however, that the movement, instead of aiming at shutting Baltimore and Ohio out of New York, will give that company speedy access to that city, in return for which it will cease cutting passenger rates.

TOURISTS AND NOT BURGLARS. A Terrible Mistake in Roane County, Ten-

CHATTANOOGA, February 3.-[Special.]-Great excitement reigns in Roane county, Tenn., where the two supposed burglars were killed yesterday by a posse of citizens, who were in pursuit of them, over the rumor that the dead men were tourists, who were merely camping in the mountains. The two dead men are only twenty years of age. They were fashionably dressed and wore valuable diamonds and other fine jewelry. Their appearance betokens yefined habits and good living. The country has been seoured for some trace of their identity, and though the bodies have been viewed by hundreds, no one knows them. They have not yet been recognized as the men who attempted to burglarize Hamby's store, and the impression is graining ground that undue haste was exercised by the officials, and a double murder was perpetrated in consequence. where the two supposed burglars were killed

MADE INSANE BY STRIKERS.

A Pitiable Story From a Strike of Last Sum-SPRINGFIED, Ill., February 3.—One of the saddest results of the Wabash shop strikes of last summer came to light today; in the finding of a little ten-year-old daughter of Pressley Saunders the ten-year-old daughter of Pressley Saunders insane by the county court. It appeared in evidence that Saunders refused to join the strikers at the time of the trooble-between them and the Wabash company; and that a number of men who had quit work assaulted Saunders in the presence of his family. This act of violence so excited his little daughter that it threw her into convulsions, from which she never recovered. She was adjudged insane today, and will be sent to the asylum at Jacksonville. This is the second case of insanity resulting from the Wabash strikes in this city.

A Collision in North River, NEW YORK, February 3 .- This evening the New York, February 3.—This evening the tugboat Blanche Kate, while towing a railroad float up Northriver, ran into a rowboat attached to the Austrian corvette Donaur, lying off the foot or West Twenty-sixth street. The rowboat was under command of Midshipman Hirsch, and contained eleven men. The midshipman and four of the sailors are missing. Eive of the seamen were rescued by the tug Bianche Kate and two others taken from the river by the tugboat Janett. The rescued men were placed on board of the corvette, and theriver police arrested Captain Herbert, of the Blanche Kate.

MOBILE, February 3.—An unknown bark is ashore on the south shore of Sand Island, two miles west of the entrance to Mobile bey. She has lost standing rigging. Togs have gone to her assistance, but will not be able to reach the place. The wind has shifted to the north and the crew is in no himmediate danger.

COVINGTON, Ky., February 3.—[Special.]
Adolph Mentzer, the wealthy Amsterdam capitalist who spent the past year inspecting the southern states, traveling incog, leaves here tonight for Europe. He returns next April to establish a coaling depot and ship yard at Pensacola, and to settle manufacturing colonies in Georgie, Alahama and Florida. nies in Georgia, Alabama and Florida.

Counterfeit Silver Dollars. CHARLOTTE, N. C., February 3.—For several weeks past parties have been passing counterfeit silver dollars in this community, and today Rufus Laurence, a negro, was arrested for passing two counterfeit dollars on a mountaincer. Laurence confessed having passed the counterfeits, and said a white man named counterfeits, and said a white man named James L. Freeman had been giving him the money to work off. Freeman was arrested and put under \$100 bond for trial in the federal court. Laurence was also put under bond of \$100, which he failed to give, and was sent

THE MURDER OF CRAWFORD. The Mexican Officer Makes His Report of the Affair.

El Paso, Tex., February 3.—The report of the officer in command of the Mexican troops who attacked Captain Emmett Crawford's co who attacked captain Emmett Crawford's com-mand of United States troops while the latter were surrounding the company of Geronimo, the renegade Apache chief, about fifty miles southwest of Narcori, Mexico, is published in the Estado Di Chihuahua, which reached here

the Estado Di Chihuahua, which reached here today. The report says:

"On January 11th we combatted a great number of tame and wild Indians, probably over 200, led by foreign (United States) officers, and over twenty soldiers. They displayed not a sign of legality, as was evinced as much by their strategy as by the animals which they had, and which I hold to prove that they were stolen."

The report is dated from Doloc's mining camp, January 20, and signed "Porgez" It's

camp, January 20, and signed "Perez." It's believed that the animals referred to in the report are those captured from the Indians, which the latter had probably stolen. Four Mexicans are reported to have been killed and

DAKOTA STILL INDIAN GROUND. Discovery that the Title Has Never Passed from the Braves.

BURON, Dak., February 3.—The commissioner of the general land office has made the startleng discovery that the Indian title to about ten million acres of land in North Dakota has not ten minon acres of land in North Dakuta mas not been extinguished, despite Secretary Teller's order in October, 1884, opening these lands, and their subsequent settlement by the in-habitants of what may comprise fourteen counties, most of which is organized, and which countains 20,000 people. The Devil's lake which counties, most of which is organized, and which countains 20,000 people. The Devil's lake section, the Turtle mountain district and the Mouse river region, now attracting so much imigration, are included within this area, which, according to Commissioner Sparks, has been unlawfully entered as public land. Under date of January 26th, Sparks writes to the surveyor general of Dakota suspending all contracts made for surveys in the above described section, which Sparks regards as the reservation of the Turtle mountain band of Cheppewa Indians.

THEY WILL NOT SURRENDER. The Cincinnati Police Commissioners Refuse to Go Out.

CINCINNATI, February 3.—At this morning's session of the board of police commissioners the following resolutions were adopted: "Having been advised by our attorneys, Hoadly, Johnston and Colston, that in case Hon. J. H. Forsker, governor of Ohio, should decide to remove this board or any member thereof, to refuse to surrender our positions and to hold the same, be it therefore

Resolved. We will not surrender our positions as police commissioners of the city of Cincinnati, until the proper court passes upon the issue and decides against us, and be it further. Resolved, That the superintendent and inspector of police be and are hereby ordered and instructed not to surrender the police authority nor to accept any orders from any source whatsoever, except by consent of the majority of this board.

The Chess Contest.

St. Louis, February 3 .- The chess champions, Zukerhart and Steinitz, resumed their contest for the world's championship at the Harmonic club this afternoon. The large dining room of the club house was arranged for the accommodation of the spectators, about one hundred of whom were present, and the small adjoining room was fitted up for the players, who sat upon a platform, raised about a foot above the floor, placed opposite the open folding doors, and in full view of the audience. The moves were all represented on a large chess board standing on an easel against the wall of the dining room, and S. M. Josephs, member of the Harmonic chip, kept the official score. Steinlitz won. Time of game five hours and twenty-six minutes, of which Steinitz consumed three hours and thirty-three minutes, and 2uckertort one hour and fifty-three minutes. The match will be resumed I riday afternoon. world's championship at the Harmonic club thi

It Was From a Defective Pipe. UTICA, N. Y., February 3.-The res Samuel Williams, a farmer about half a mile north of Trenton village, was destroyed by fire at five o'clock this morning. Williams and his wife were turned to death. The fire is said to haveloriginated from a defective stove pipe.

Out in the Cold Wind.

Connellsville, Pa., February 3.—Twenty of the striking miners of the coke region, and their families, are homeless tonight. The strikers are centering their whole fight on the works operated by the syndicate, which controls half of the coke evens in the region. A few individual operators and all the furnace operators have granted the advance. The syndicate has not one hundred men at the works.

A Congressional Humerist.

A Congressional Humerist.

From the Chicago News;

There are no professional humorists in congress this session. Tom Reed, of Maine, or mean period one as any statesmen of his avoirdepois could. The three great congressional humorists were Sam Cox, Proctor Knott and Jim Belford—and see what they have come to! Belford is hustling for law business on the streets of Denver, Cox is salasming to a Mahemetan despot and dreaming his soul away in the chervating samosphere of the Boupharous, and Knott is issuing notary commissions and pandonidg negroes out of the Rentucky ponitoritary.

Atlanta Signs More Men-Augusta Wants to Sell, Etc.

Atlanta Sirns More Men-Angusta Wants to Sell, Etc.

Walter R. Brown, secretary of the Southern League, received three contracts from Macon yesterday showing that the central city club has signed the following players: D. J. Corcoran, fielder; James Walah, short stop; George Hoiter, catcher. Atlanta yesterday received the contract of Striker who last year played with the Athletics of Philadelphia. It is said that Striker plays second base, and has a fine-batting and base ruuning record.

AUGUSTA WISHES TO SELL.

AUGUSTA, February 3.—[Special,]—No baseball for Augusta the oming season. The directors are down-hearted and hopeless and express a determination to sell their franchise to the highest bidder, giving proference to any Augusta association, and offer their places for engagements. They say they are determined on this course, and will so officially announce in a day or so, and maintain that this is no plan to boom ball in Augusta, but a bona fide announcement. The citizens seem utterly indifferent at present, but there are those who vow to have ball, and should the present directors place the franchise on the market, in all propolability another as-

but there are those who vow to have ball, and should the present directors place the franchise on the market, in all probability another association will form in Augusta.

THEEE NEW MEN SIGNED.

MACON, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—Macon has signed three new men: Corcorau, third base; Harter, catcher, and Walsh, shortstop. Secretary Brown says that the five others required to make the team are secured, but the contracts have not been signed as yet, but will be next week. Then Macon will have as fine a team as there is in the league.

AFTER LOSG YEARS.

A Father Sees His Child for the First Time When She Reaches Forty.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., February 3.-A strange SPANTANBURG, S. C., February 3.—A strange circumstance was revealed here last week. A Dr. Mitebell, from Washington, about seventy years old came to this place inquiring the way to the Gowensville neighborhood in the northwestern corner of the county. He secured a conveyance and went, the object of his search being Mrs. Cook, the wife of a poor man who had a hard and unsuccessful struggle in the battle of life. She was the daughter of, Dr. Mitchell, although he had never seen her, nor even of life. She was the daughter of, Dr. Mitchell, although he had never seen her, nor even heard of her birth until recently, and she was over forty years of age. His story is this. Out in Tennessee, about the time the Mexican war was breaking out, he married a beautiful young lady of good family. For some reason or other her parents opposed the match, and they made it so unpleasant for him that he concluded to join a regiment for Mexico, and see if he could not find peace in the army of invasion. Before the troops were disbanded he heard of the death of his wife, but he did not hear that an infant was born in her last illness which survived. Knowing nothing of this event he did not return to Tennessee, but all these years have been spent in other places. Some time ago he saw a notice in some paper coming from one been spent in other places. Some time ago he saw a notice in some paper coming from one who claimed to be his daughter. At first he dismissed the subject as a singular coincidence and nothing more. After a time, the matter working on his mind, he began a correspondence which led to the discovery of his daughter. He came on here and finding her lot a hard one relieved her wants, and has made arrangements to buy her a home, so as to make her comfortable and independent. He has returned to Washington, but said he would come back in a few ton, but said he would come back in a few weeks to look after his daughter's home. After his first marriage he never married again, but has been wandering alone all these

ALL THROUGH DIXIE.

ONE hundred camp fires built by tramps can be counted from a single point of view in Jacksonville, Florida. Hon. N. S. Graham, of Tuskegee, Alabama.

In Montgomery Janish was received as TWELVE Mormon elders are in Chattanooga

preparing to branch out for their work in the Taylor, Wylie & Bliley. Metropolitan undertakers and funeral directors embalming and preserving a specialty, No. 26 \(\)
Alabama street. Telephone, 719.

GRAND Palace Car Excursion

SAN FRANCISCO

ATLANTA & NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE. Via West Point and Montgomery,

Leaving New Orleans 7:30 p. m., February 21st, 1886. EXCURSION TICKETS

GOOD SIX MONTHS.

Pullman Buffet Sleepers -BETWEEN-

ATLANTA M NEW ORLEANS Without Change.

Parties desiring to join this excursion should send in their names by 15th inst. Applications for sleeping car berths, tickets and general information will receive prompt attention from the undersigned. Trav. Pass. Agent, Gen'l 1.

CHAS. H, CROMWELL, Gen'l Pass. Agent Montgomery, Ala, FREE PRESCRIPTIONS are to be the found in the "SCIENCE of HEALTH" for the speedy cure of Nerrous Debility, Lost Manhood, Despondency, etc. A copy of this book will be east free, sealed. Address SCIENCE of HEALTH, 120 W. sixth St. Cincinnett, 0. apr2—dawkyly the sat the

The immense success that our Grand Republic parties to put on the market a base imitation, and rgainst this imitation, and in purchasing the Ciga Factory 200

New York, and branded Grand Republic, we also up to the standard as long as we manufacture long Hayana filler, or we will forteit (\$1,009) one association in the state of Georgia. GEO. P. LIES & CO., Proprietors of Factory 200. Third District, N. Y. For sale at retail by the following first class MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER, B. W. BALLARD, NUNNALLY & RAWSON, C. O. TYNER, HUTCHISON BROS.

47 Whitehall Street.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Cigarros have attained has induced unprincipled we call the attention of the trade and smokers

Absolutely Pure

This Powder never varies. A marvel of a graph and wholesomeness. More echan are ordinary kind, and cannot be provided in the multilude of low reight alum or phosphate por ders. Solvest, New York.

FIRST

GRAND EXCURSION CALIFORNIA

THE GEORGIA PACIFIC R'Y

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

GOOD TO RETURN WITHIN SIX MONTHS.

—то тне— PACIFIC COAST! Atlanta, Ga., to San Francisco and return \$110

COMPLETE SLEEPING CAR SERVICE AT-ANTA, GA., to SAN FRANCISCO, via Birming-iam, Meridian and New Orleans. Accommodations can now be secured by addre

Opera House.

Positively One Performance Only! THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 4.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCE FANNY DAVENPORT,

-In Sardou's Greatest Play,-"FEDORA."

"The strongest play produced for over thenly years."—New York Herald.
Presented with the original cast, including MR. ROBERT B. MANTELL.
The following prices will prevail: Parquett and Dress Circle, \$1.50; Balcony, \$1.00,
Sale of seats begins Monday morning at the Box Office.
2031 1 3 4

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, SATURDAY MAT-FEBRUARY 5 and 6. INEE at 2. The Great Irish Comedian, W. J. SCANLAN! "PEEK-A-BOO."

Under the management of A. PITOU, will appear Friday night and Saturday matinee, in a new Irish play, SHANE-NA-LAWN I
By Jas. C. Roach and J. Armory Knox (Texas Siftings.) An Irish love story, full of Irish wit and sentiment. A true picture of Irish life, without priest, politics, red coat or process server. And Saturday night

THE IRISH MINSTREL! On which occasion Mr. Scanlan will give every lady a beautiful souvenir photograph of the poet, Tom Moore's Harp. Hear Scanlan's new song! Usual prices. Reserved seats at Wilson & Bruck-per's. DIAMONDS,

WATCHES, ART GOODS T. P. McCANDLESS,
Trav. Pass. Agent,
So. 9 Pryor street, Kimball House, Atlania, Ga.

J. P. STEVENS, Jeweler,

CAUTION TO SMOKERS

3rd District,

propose keeping the quality of the Cigarros fully them, and we guarantee them made of the finest thousand dollars to each and every charitable

dealers:
THEO SCHUMANN,
ADAMS HOUSE,
CAMP & SON.
CAS. D. FORD,
GOLDSMITH & CO.

W. A. RUSSELL & CO., Sole Agents, Atlanta, Ga. 570 webter our

-AND-LEAVES NEW ORLEANS FEBRUARY 21st, 1886 LOWEST RATES EVER KNOWN

Atlanta, Ga., to si savannah, Ga., Macon, Ga., Augusta, Ga., Charleston, S. C., Charlotte, N. C., Anniston, Ala., Oxford, Ala.,

B. F. WYLY, JR. Passenger Agent,
Atlanta,
ALEX S, THWEATT,
Gen'l Trav. Agt.,
Atlanta, Ga.
Birmingham, Aia

Amnsements.

HUMPHREYS GASTLEMAN BROKER AND DEALER IN

Bonds & Stocks, WANTED—Stock of Ga., West Point, and South-western R. Rs.; also Georgia bonds maturing next April and July. Have for sale Atlanta and state bonds. I am authorized agent for the sale of the new state of Georgia 43, per cent bonds. HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN.

KOU NTZE BROTHERS, BANKERS,

120 Broadway, - - - - New York. DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS RECRIVED FROM bankers, merchants and others, and interest

Advances made to correspondents on approved business paper or other good collateral. Letters of credit issued. Collections made. Government bonds and other securities bought and

The GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK

-OF ATLANTA, GA.-

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY Capital & Surplus \$300,00.00. In Savings Department we issue certificates paya

ble on demand with interest. Three per cent per annum if left four months. Four per cent per annum if left six months.

4% per cent per annum if left twelve months.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

ATLANTA, February 3, 1886. Money easy. New York exchange buying at par; selling at

STATE AND CITY B	ONDS.	R.R. BONDS. BIG.	ASKE
Bid.	Asked.	Ga. R. 6s, 1910.1071	108
New Ga., 41%		Ga. R. 68, 1922.1081	109
30 year106	107	Cen. R.7s, 1893.109	111
Ga. 68103	105	C. C. & A. 1st112	114
Ga. 7s 18861001/	101	A. & C. 1st117	119
Ga. 7s, gold 111	113	A. & C. inc 99	101
Ga. 7s, 1896 122	124	M. & A. ind100	103
8. C. Brown106	108	W. of Ala. 1st106	108
Savannah 5s 98	100	do. 2d107	109
Atl'ta 8s. 1902122	124	Ga. Pac. ind104	106
Atl'ta 8s. 1892112	114	Ga. Pac. 2d	
Atl'ta 7s. 1904113	116	mortgage 40	45
Atl'ta 7s, 1899112	114	E. T. Va. & Ga	
Atl'ta 6s, L.D.107	109	1st consol 5s 64	70
Atl'ta 6s. S.D.,100	101	BALLBOAD STOC	
Atlanta Sc 101		Goorgia 161	169

103 Georgia......161
At. & Char.... 80
111 Southwest'n ...116
70 S. Carolina.... 72
Central deb ... 91
110 A. & W. Pt.... 94
105
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109 Columbus 5s... 95 97
ATNANTA BANK STOCKS,
Atlanta Nat'l 200 —
Merch'ts B'k..103 110
B'k State Ga...120 150
Gate City Nat..100 105 Ga. R. 6s, 1897, 104 107

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, February 3.—The stock market has again been very active, but was more or less feverish and irregular nearly all day. Prices at the opening showed changes ranging between advance of 3% and decline of equal amount for active stocks, and during the greater part of the forenoon the market showed considerable weakness. A raid was made upon the Northwestern, driving the price down 136: Union Pacific, and Louisville and Price down 1951, Union Facine, and Louisvine and Nashville fell 35, and Western Union 35, [while Pacific Mail, Northern Pacific preferred, New York Central, and Lake Shore yielded 36. The decline was checked shortly after 11 o'clock, but prices continued irregular and unsettled until after mid-day. The important exceptions to this general rule were Lackawanna and Delaware and Hudson, which were strong throughout. Lackawanna clos-ed 2% and Delaware and Hudson 1% higher. After midday the whole market responded to strength manifested in two coal stocks mentioned; Lake Shore, Northern Pacific, preferred, Omaha, common, and grangers were conspicuous. In sympa-hy, however, with coal stocks, they closed generally little below best figures of the afternoon, with advances ranging from small fractions to 15%; later Omaha, common, but Lake Shore, Union Pacific, 1; Northern Pacific, preferred, 74, and St. Paul 34. Northwestern closed 34 lower. The mar-ket was decidedly irregular late in the afternoon,

sed steady. Sales 519,000 sharss. Exchange 486%. Money 2@1%. Sub-treasury bal-

ames, com, 2103,000,000; (
ernments dull; 48 1241/8; 8	s 100%. State bonds du
but firm.	
Ala. Class A 2 to 5 9914	Mobile & Ohio 15
do. Class B 58 105	N. & C 48
Ga. 6s*100	N. O. Pac. 1sts 63
Ga. 7s mortgage 101	N. Y. Central 105
Morth Carolinas 82	Norfolk & W'n pre. 27
do. new 20	Northern Pacific 27
do. funding 10	do. preferred 59
8. C. con. Brown 108	Pacific Mail 57
Tennessee 6s 561/2	
Virginia 6s *43	Rich. & Alleghany. 7
Virginia consols 53	
Chesap'ke & Ohio 101/6	
do. preferred 136	Rock Island 128
	St. Paul 93
Krie	
	Texas Pacific 12
Lake Shore 871	Union Pacific 51
T. & N	N. J. Central 47
	Missouri Pacific 111
Bid. 1Ex-dividend.	Western Union 72
Lat. dividend.	+Offered. &Asked.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

OONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, February 3, 1886,
New York—There was no particular change in
the cotton market today. Futures closed a shade
lower. Spots, middling 9 3-18c.
Net receipts four days 75,645 bales, against

LOUISV II.LE. February 3—Grain weak and lower.
Wheat, No. 2 red 92. Corn, new mixed 25; do. white
39½. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 22; do. 2 mixed 23; do. white
39½. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 25; do. white
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15,745 bales last year: exports 60,075 bales; last year 61,506 bales; stock 1,079,071 bales; last year 853,487 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

OPENED,

addling 8%c; strict good ordinary 8c; good ordinary 7/40; tinges 81/40; middling stains 80.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day.

PECKIPTS.

110,969

141,40

33,221

Total..... Stock September 1... Grand total..... 1,140 1,102,815 4,226

Actual stock on hand ... Actual stock on hand.
The following is our comparative statement:
Receipts today.
Same day last year.
Showing an increase of.
Receipts since September 1.
Same time last year.
Showing a decrease of.

ket report says: Future deliveries, at the first call, were sold at a decline of 4@2-100. The second call showed a further decline of 1@2-100, which was, lowever, recovered, so that at the third call price ranged 4@5-100 below yesterday's closing quotations: 200 bales May brought 9.33, 100 bales July 9.52, 100 bales September 9.88 and 100 bales October 9.19; 100 bales May brought 9.07 March 9.14 April 9.23 uary was offered at 9.07, March 9.14, April 9.23, June 9.43, August 9.60. Futures closed steady 2@ 3-100 lower than yesterday.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, February 3-12:15 p. m.—Cotton, fair business; middling uplands 5; middling Orleans 5½; sales 10,600 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 7,060; American 5,800; uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 4 57-64; March and April delivery 4 62-64; June and July delivery 5 1-64, 52-64; August and September delivery 5 7-64; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, February 3-2:00 p. —Cotton, middling uplands 415-16; Orleans 51-16; sales of American 8,900; uplands low middling clause February delivery 4 56-64, value; February and March delivery 4 56-64, value; March and April delivery 4 57-64, buyers; April and May delivery 4 59-64, buyers; May and June delivery 4 51-64, value; June and July delivery 5, sellers; July and August delivery 53-61, sellers; August and September delivery 5 6 64, sellers; futures flat.

LIVERPOOL February 2-5-60 p.m.—Unlands legitical contents of the sellers o By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, February 3-5:00 p.m.-Uplandslow middling clause February delivery 4 57:64, sellers:

LIVERPOOL, February 3-5:00 p.m.—Uplandslow middling clause February delivery 4 57-64, sellers; February and March delivery 4 57-64, sellers; March and Aprildelivery 4 58-64, sellers; April and May delivery 460-64, sellers; May and June delivery 1 62-64, sellers; June, and July delivery 5 1-64, sellers; July and August delivery 58-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 6-64, sellers; futures closed easy.

NEW YORK, February 3-Cotton quiet; sales 483 bales; middling uplands 9 3-16; middling opleans 93; net receipts 10; gross 3,554; consolidated net receipts 10,524; exports to Great Britain 1,446; to continent 5,018.

5,018.

GALVESTON, February 3—Cotton dull and easy; middling 8½; net receipts 1,587 bales; gross 1,021; sales none; stock 65,285; exports to continent 339.

NORFOLK, February 3—Cotton easy; middling 8½; net receipts 1,359 bales; gross 1,359; stock 46,194; sales 714; exports coastwise 3,800.

BALTIMORE, February 3—Cotton nominal; middling 9½; net receipts none; gross 1,125 bales; sales —; stock 31,592; sales to spinners —; exports coastwise 725.

BOSTON, February 3—Cotton quiet; middling 914; tet receipts 545 bales; gross I,072; sales none; stock WILMINGTON, February 3 — Cotton dull; mid-dling 8%; net receipts 427 bales; gross 427; sales none: stock 9,852. SIOCK 9,852.

PHILADELPHIA, February 3—Cotton dull; middling 9%; net receipts 25 bales; gross 3,461; sales none; stock 20,213; exports to Great Britain 4,182.

8AVANNAH, February 3—Cotton quiet; middling 8%; net receipts 1,810 bales; gross 1,310; sales 1,800; stock 89,587. NEW ORLEANS, February 3—Cotton easy; mid-dling 8%; net recepts 3,160 bales; gross 3,848; sales 4,000; stock 384,055; exports to continent 3,774; coast-wise 3 808.

wise 3,208.

MOBILE, February 3 —Cotton quiet; middling 8 11-16; net receipts 391 bales; gross 412; sales 500; stock 59,686; exports coastwise 367.

MEMPHIS, February 3—Cotton quiet; middling 8 11-16; net receipts 667 bales; shipments 1,887; sales 750; stock 138,624. 750; stock 188,524.
AUGUSTA, February 8—Cotton dull; middling 8%; net receipts 389 bales; shipments—; sales607.
CHARLESTON, February 3—Cotton at a stand; middling 8%; net receipts 697 bales; gross 597; sales none; stock 72,731; exports to continent 700.

THE CHICAGO MARKET. Features of the Speculative Movement is

Grain and Produce

Special to The Constitution. CHICAGO, February 3-A pronounced feeling of weakness was developed in the wheat market today which carried prices down 13/c from the close of yesterday, with the market finishing practically at nside figures. The starting figures for May delivery were 85% with some trading at 85 9-16c, but from that point the market fell off to 84% on news that St. Louis flour mills were shutting down, owing to a lack of orders, but a slight rally succeeded, followed by a drop to 841/4c, the market closing on the regular board at 81%. In the afternoon there was another wave of weaknest, which carried Maydown to 83%, closing at 84c asked. Foreign advices quoted spot wheat weaker and cargoes quiet and steady. Very little outside support was given the

market here culative trading in corn and oats was light Speculative trading in corn and oats was light, but the feeling was easy, prices closing a shade Mess pork attracted a good deal or attention, ad-

vancing 10@20c, but closing comparatively weak at 7½c higher than yesterday.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC, CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

ATLANTA, February 3, 1886, The following quotations indicate the fluctuation on the Chicago board of trade today: WHEAT.
Opening. Highest. Lowest. Closing.
79% 79% 78% 78%
PORK.
......11 35 11 37½ 11 35 11 37½

February11 35 CLEAR RIB SIDES.
February....... 5 70 5 70 5 70 Flour, Grain and Meal.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, February 3—Flour—Best patent \$6.50

@86.75; extra fancy \$6.00@86.25; fancy \$5.50@\$5.75;
extra family \$6.00; choice family \$4.50@\$4.75; family
\$4.25@\$4.50; extra \$4.00@\$4.25. Wheat—No. 2 red
\$1.08@\$1.10; No. 3 do.\$1.06. Bran—Largesacks \$60;
mail \$60. Corn meal—Plain \$50; bolted \$5; pea
meal 75. Grits—\$3.75. Corn—No. 2 white Tennessee
560; No. 2 white mixed \$50; No. 2 white mixed \$50.
Oats—Red rust proof 500; No. 2 mixed \$43. Hay—
Choice timotny, large bales, \$1.00; small bales \$1.00;
No. 1, large bales, \$7.40; small bales \$7.40; clover
900; wheat straw baled 750. Peas—Red 900; clay
900; mixed 900.

BALTIMORE, February 3—Flour steady and quiet;

90c: mixed 90c.

BALTIMORE, February3—Floursteady and quiet;
Howard street and western superfine \$2.62@\$3.00; extra \$3.25@4.00; family \$4.25@\$4.75; city mills superfine \$2.50@\$3.00; extra \$3.50@4.15; Rio prands 6234.

\$4.75. Wheat, southern firmer with light supply;
western easier and dull; southern red 92@94; amber
\$6@\$7; No. 1 Maryland—; No. 2 western winter red
spot.8674@\$7. Corn, southern steady; western a
shade firmer but dull; southern white 46@48; yellow 46@48.

NEW YORK February 3—Flour southern steady:

shade firmer but dull; southern white 46@48; yellow 46@48.

NEW YORK, February 3—Flour, southern steady: common to fair extra \$3.50@33.90; good to choice \$4.06@45.40. Wheat, spot \$4.00 lower; ungraded red \$5.4@9424; No. 2 red February \$94.6@10. Corn, spot firm; ungraded 47@49; No. 2 spot 50. February \$94.6@50. Oats, cash steady; No. 2 \$74.6@38. Hops unchanged; common to choice 7@15.

CHICAGO, February 3—Flour unchanged; southern \$4.40@34.85. Wheat weak, closing 14c under yesteday; No. 2 February 34.6@79%, March 794.680; May 844.6@554. Corn dull and easy; cash 36; February 366.864, May 344.6940. Oats easier; No. 2 cseh 25%; February 234; May 314.6931 15-16.

ST. LOUIS, February 3—Flour unchanged. Wheat decidedly lower; finished 14.6934 clower than yesterday; No. 2 red cash 91%; February 30%.6334. Oats entirely nominal; No. 2 mixed cash and February 274 bid; March 234 bid. CINCINNATI, February 3—Flour easy; unchanged; family \$4.156@44.0. Wheat easier; No. 2 red 94. Corn firm; No. 3 mixed 36%. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 52.

LOUISy ILLE, February 3—Grain weak and lower. mixed 32. LOUISVII.I.E. February 3—Grain weak and lower. Wheat, No. 2 red 92. Corn, new mixed 38; do. white 394. Oats, new No. 2 mixed \$2@\$2%.

powdered, bbls. and halves, \$\frac{3}{2}\c; standard grad is lated 7\frac{1}{2}\c; standard A 7\frac{1}{2}\c; on id A 6\frac{1}{2}\c; white extra 6\frac{3}{2}\c; perimo \cdot \cdot

Provisions.
(HICAGO, February 3-Mess pork irregular and slightly higher; cash \$11.55@\$11.40; February \$11.50 @\$11.40; May \$11.55@\$21.40; Lard quiet and steady: cash and February 6.124@6.15; March 6.174@6.20. Boxed meats steady; dry salted shoulders 3.95@4.00; short rib 5.67@5.70; short clear 5.85@5.90.
NEW YORK, February 3-Pork from but rather

short rib 5.6:66.70; short clear 5.856.50.

NEW YORK. February 8—Pore firm but rather quiet; mess spot \$10.62½6\$11.12½. Middles dull; long clear 6½. Land opened a shade higher but c'o ed west with the advance lost; contract grade spot 6.4566.47½. February 3—Povisions strong and higher Bacon clear rib 6.05; sides 6½; boulders 4½. Bulk mests, clear rib 5.60; sides 5.90; boulders 4½. Bulk mests, clear rib 5.60; sides 5.90; boulders 4½. Mess ork \$11.00. Hams, sugar-cured 9@11½. Land, choice lear 7½.68.

ATLANTA, February 3—Bellies 7½c; bulk clear rib sides 6½c; smoked shoulders 6c. Bacon, sugar-cured shoulders 1½c; sugar-cured hams, 10 b. averget 11.60. s 64c; smoked shoulders be. Bacon, sugar houlders 7½c; sugar-cured hams, 10 fb aver ; do. 14 baverage 10½c. Lard—Leaf tierces ST. LOUIS, February 3-Provisions higher. Pork

51. Locis, restricts 1.60. Lard 6.00@6.65. Bulk meats, loose lots, long ear 5.65; short ribs 5.75; clear 5.80. Bacon, long ear 5.90; short ribs 6.05; clear 6.15@6.12½. CINCINNATI, February 3—Pork firm at \$11.25. Lard firmer at 61%. Bulk meats higher; shoulders 9%; short rib 5.55.560. Bacon firm and higher; shoulders 5; short ribs 6.40; short clear 63%. Fruits and Confectioneries.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, February 3—Apples—\$1.50@\$2.00 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ bbl.

Lemons—\$2.50@\$5.00 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ box; Florida lemons \$2.00 \$\frac{3}{2}\$.00. Oranges—Florida \$2.00@\$2.50 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ box; \$5.00 \$\frac{3}{2}\$.00. Oranges—Florida \$2.00@\$2.50 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ box; \$5.00 \$\frac{3}{2}\$.00. Oranges—Florida \$2.00@\$2.50 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ box; \$5.00 \$\frac{3}{2}\$.00. Figs—16@18c. Raisins—\$\frac{3}{2}\$ box; \$2.75; new London \$8.75; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ box \$0.00 \$\frac{3}{2}\$. Currents—7\frac{3}{2}\$ @\$c. Currents—7\frac{3}{2}\$ @\$c. Currents—7\frac{3}{2}\$ @\$c. Currents—16@40c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—12c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—16@40c. Walnuts—16c. Dried Fruit—Peaches 2@\$c: apples 2c.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, February 3—Turpentine steady at 88%; rosin firm; strained 75; good strained 89; tar firm at \$1.00; crude turpentine steady; hards \$1.25; yellow dip and virgin \$1.90.

SAVANNAH, February 3—Turpentine firm at 39%; sales — barrels; rosin quiet; strained and good strained \$1.00@\$1.05; sales — barrels.

CHARLESTON, February 3—Turpentine dull at 38%; rosin, strained \$0; good strained 90.

NEW YORK, February 3—Rosin dull at \$1.021/4@\$1.05; turpentine dull at 40%.

Live Stock ATLANTA, February 3-For several weeks the mule market has been very active. Trade for the past few days, however, was not so brisk, though a very satisfactory business was reported. The supply of mules is equal to the demand at the following prices: Muler-14 to 13/4 hands \$90@\$119; 13/4 to 11/4 hands \$110@\$125. Horses—Market quiet; supply; plug \$60@\$90; drive \$100@\$140. CINCINATI. February 3-Hoes firm: common

CINCINNATI, February 3—Hogs firm; common and light \$3.25@\$4 10; packing and butchers \$4.10 @\$4.40 Country Produce.

ATLANTA, February 3 — Eggs — 23c. Butter— Jersey25c; Tennessee 15,20c. Poultry —Hens 25@ 27c; chickens 18@20c, cocks 15c; ducks 20@22½c. Dressed Poultry—Chickens 10@11c; turkeys 13@11c. Irish potatoes—\$2.25@\$2.50 \text{p} bbl. Sweet Potatoes— 40@45c. Honey—Strained 6@7c; in the comb 12½c. Onions—\$2.25@3.00. Cabbage—2½c. Hardware.

ATLANTA, February 3—Market steady. Horse shoes \$4.00; mule-shoes \$5.00; horse-shoe nails 12½ @20c. Iron-bound hames \$4.00. Trace-chains 30.6 70c. Ames' shovels \$9.50. Spades \$9.50@\$13.00. Well buckets \$4.00. Cotton rope 16c. Swede; iron 5c. rolled (or merchant bar) 2½ rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails \$3.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, \$7.00; painted 6c. Powder, rifle, \$4.00; blasting \$2.75. Bar-lead 7c; shot \$1.65.

Miscellaneous. ATLANTA, February 3—Leather — Steady; G. D. 22@25c; P. D. 21@24; best 25@28c; whiteoak sole 40c; harness leather 30@38c; black upper 35@40c. ATLANTA. February 3—Bagging—Jute, 11/2 lbs, 101/2c; 13/2 lbs 103/2c. Ties—Delta \$1.35; arrow \$1.30; pieced \$1.16.

J. W. PHILLIPS & CO.,

WHOLESALE

Commission Merchants, '71 South Broad Street.

Atlanta, - - - Georgia.

—Telephone 444.—
We sell anything sent us. Make correct and prompt returns. Can give the best reference our city affords. Send us your stuff.
Our specialty: Georgia, Florida and Tennesse Produce.

d6m

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD

GEORGIA BAILROAD COMPANY,
Office General Manager,
Augusta, Ga., Nov. 21, 1885.
Commencing Sunday. 22d proximo, the following
passenger schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time.

FAST LINE. NO 27 WEST-DAILY. ... 1 00 pm NO. 28 EAST-DAILY. Leave Atlanta..... Leave Gainesville... Arrive Athens..... Arrive Washington.

Tickets Only 85. Shares in Proportion



LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY CO "We do hereby certify that we su agements for all the monthly

cancements for all the monthly and quarterly drawings of the Louisians State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the drawings shemselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to-use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures at ached, in its advertisements." Bermonde

Luck COMMISSIONERS We the undersigned banks and bankers will pay all prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotterles which may be presented at our counters. J. H. Gollesey. Pres't Louisiana Nat'l Bank S. H. KENNEDY, Pres't State National Bank. A. Baldwin, Pres't New Orleans Nat'l Bk.

A BALDWIN, Prest New Orleans Nat'l Bk.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the legislature for educational and charitable purposes—with a expital of \$1.000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. De 2679.

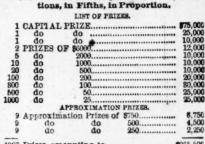
The only Lottery ever voted an and indorsed by the people of any state.

IT NEVER SCALES OR FOSTPONES.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings Take place monthly, and the Extraordinary Drawings regularly every three months instead of Scinl-Annually as heretofore, beginning March, 1886.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FOR-

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. SECOND GRAND DRAWING, CLASS B, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC. NEW ORLEANS, Tuesday, February 9, 1886---189th Monthly Drawing. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each, Frac-tions, in Fifths, in Proportion.



by express (all sums of \$5 and upwards at our express) addressed M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.

Or M. A. DAUPHIN, Make P. O. Money Orders payable, and ad-

dress Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,

PJEDMONT AIR-LINE, RICHMOND AND DANVILLE

RAILWAY SYSTEM.

The Great Through Car Route, With Double Daily Trains And Through Sleeping Car Service Complete

BETWEEN THE SOUTH AND NORTH. 72 MILES SHORTER AND 8 HOURS QUICKER

THAN ANY OTHER ROUTE TO WASHINGTON AND THE EAST. Richmond and Danville Railroad One Hour Faster than At-lanta City Time.

Schedule in effect Jan. 17th, Mail and Express No. 51.

Leave Gainesville city time... Arrive Atlanta.. Only 31 Hours Transit ATLANTA TO NEW YORK. The only line running Pullman Buffett and Sleep-ing Cars, without change, Atlanta to New York via Washington.
Berths secured and numbers given ten days in advance in these cars. Train number 53 has Pull-

advance in these cars. Train number 33 has Pullman Buffet cars New Orleans to Washington.
Train number 51 has Pullman Buffet and Sleeping car, Atlanta to New York. Two Daily Trains for Athens, Georgia. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

BERKELY, Gen. Pass. Agent.
Richmond, Va.
C. E. SERGEANT,
City Pass. Agent,
Atlanta, .Ga Atlanta, Ga. C. W. CHEARS, Ass. Gen. Pass. Agt. Richmond, Va.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD. SUPPERNTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHERS, GA., Jan. 18th, 1896.
Commencing Monday, January 18th, 1886, the following schedule will operate on this road. Trains run by 76th meridian time—one hour faster than Athens time. DAIL EXCEPT SUNDAY. 8:45 a m | 5:90 p m 9:40 a m | 6:07 p m 10:53 a m | 7:30 p m 1:40 p m | 10:40 pm 1:55 p m DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. No. 50. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Leave Tallulah Falis.....
Arrive Clarkesville....
Leave Atlanta....
Leave Lula...
Arrive Harmony Grove....
PALITY at Athens... 8:00 a m 8:45 a m 8:46 a m 11:10 a m 12:20 p m 1:35 p m 10:45 p n an 1:35 pm | 10:45 pm

DUCRO'S

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Divisions in Georgia. THE NEW SHORT LINE.

CHATTANOOGA TO ATLANTA. ATLANTA TO MACON ROME TO ATLANTA. -ATLANTA TO SAVANNAH, AND-

THE SHORTEST OF ALL ROUTES.
CHATTANOOGA AND THE WEST. TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST. Closely Connecting in Union Depot at Chattanoogi BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH

BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH.

With trains of Cincinnati Southern Railway and Memphis and Charleston Railway division, Nashville, Chattancoga and St. Louis Railway.
Only line running Fullman Sleeping Cars daily BETWEEN CINCINNATI AND FLORIDA. The year round without change and without delay. Trains at Atlanta arrive at and depart from Short Line Passenger Station, Mitchell street.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING THROUGH PASSENGER COACHES BETWEEN CHATTANOOGA AND JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Without change and without extra fares. Condensed Local Passenger Schedule (on a basis Central Standard time, by which all trains are run) in effect November 22d, 1885.

S01	THWAR	D.		
STATIONS.	Express No. 11.	Fast mail No. 13.	*********	
Leave Chattanooga	5 40 pm	9 45 am	**********	
" Ooltewah	6 10 pm		**********	
" Cohutta	6 40 pm		**********	
Arrive Dalton	7 05 pm		**********	
Leave Dalton			*** ******	
Arrive East Rome	8 25 pm	12 30 pm	*** ******	
Leave East Rome	8 39 pm	12 35 pm	**********	
" Rockmart	9. 23 pm		*********	
" Dallas	10 03 pm	2 11 pm	*********	
Arrive Atlanta	11 27 pm	3 30 pm	*********	
Leave Atlanta	11 32 pm	4 00 pm	*********	
" McDonough	12 37 am	5 12 pm	********	
" Jackson	1 14 am	5 51 pm	*** ******	
Leave Flovilla	1 25 am	6 02 pm	*** ******	
Arrive Macon	- 2 45 am	7 20 pm	*********	
Leave Macon	2 50 am	7 40 pm	*********	
" Cochran	4 21 am	9 17 pm	********	
" Eastman	5 05 am	10 03 pm	*********	
Arrive Jesup	8 35 pm	1 36 am	*********	
Leave Jesup		8 55 am	********	
" Sterling		10 26 am		
Arrive Brunswick			*********	
" Jacksonville			********	
" Savannah				

STATIONS. Leave Cleveland ... 7 05 pm 11 14 am 8 25 pm 12 30 pm 8 30 pm 12 25 pm 9 25 pm 1 25 pm 10 03 pm 2 11 pm 11 27 pm 3 30 pm Arrive Atlanta.. NORTHWARD. No. 12. STATIONS.

Leave Savannah... 7 01 am

NORTHWARD Leave Atlanta.....
" Dallas.......
" Rockmart.....
Arrive East Rome.
Leave East Rome...

CONNECTIONS. Trains Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 connect at Chatta-nooga with Memphis and Charleston Division, E. T., V. & G. R. R., and Cincinnati Southern Rail-way and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Bail-

T., V. & G. R. R., and Cincinnati Southern Raliway and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Raliway.

Trains Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 connect at Cleveland with main line East Tenn. V. & Ga. R. R. and connect at Rome with Alabama Division E. T., V. & Ga. R. R.

Trains Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 connect at Atlanta and Macon with all diverging roads, and connect at Jesup with S., F. & W. Railway for Florida and Savannah.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

Frains Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 have Pullman Palace Sleeping cars and Mann Boudoir cars between Jacksonville, Jesup, Macon and Atlanta for Chattanooga and Cincinnati, and and through day coaches between chat.anooga and Jacksonville. Nos. 11 and 12 connect at Chattanooga with Pullman cars for Philadelphia and solid trains for Lynchburg.

Trains for Lynchburg.

Nos. 13 and 14 connect at Chattanooga with Pullman cars between Chattanooga and New York and solid träins between Chattanooga and Lynchburg.

Nos. 13 and 14 carry through first-class coaches between Atlanta and Little Rock via Memphis and Charleston railroad. Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 have Pullman Buffet cars and through coaches between Atlanta and Savannah.

All trains run delly. All trains run daily. Trains to and from Hawkinsville connect at Cochran daily, except Sunday, J. W. FRY, Superintendent Georgia Division, Atlanta, Ga. B. W. WRENN,

General Passenger Agent. P. A., Atlanta. KENNESAW ROUTE.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.
The following time card in effect Sunday, November 15, 1885.
NORTHBOUND-NO. 3 EXPRESS-DAILY. l important stations. NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY. Leaves Atlanta.. Stops at all way
Stops at all way
Leaves Atlanta.

Arrives Chattanooga.

NO. 19 KENNESAW EXPRESS—DAILY.

5 55 pm
10 02 pm
11 31 pm

nooga. No. 19 has through first class coaches Atlanta to Little Rock without change, via McKenzie and Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without

NO. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY. Leave Chattanooga.
Arrive Atlante.
NO. 12 EXPRESS—DAILY. NO. 12 EXPRESS—DAIL

Leaves Chattanoga. 1 00 am
Arrive Atlanta. 5 51 am
Stops at all important way stations.
NO. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.
Leave Rome. 7 55 am
Anima Atlanta 11 05 am Arrive Atlanta.

Stope at all way stations and by signals.
No. 17 Marietta Express—Daily Except Sun
Leaves Marietta.

Arrive Atlanta.

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 2 has Pullman palace sleeping cars. St. Louis to Jacksonville, via Evansville, Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Savannah.
No. 4 has Pullman palace cars and Mann Boudoir cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville without change.
No. 12 has Pullman sleeper Chattanooga to Atlanta, and Pullman sleeper Nashville to Atlanta, and through coach Little Bock to Atlanta without change. JOB. M. BROWN, Gen'l Pass and Ticket Agent. ALTON ANGIER, tant Gen'l Pass and Ticket Agent,

Mlanta and New Or eans Short Lin

THE

AT THE OPERA H

MEETING OF FULTO

RETURN DAY return day for the

HE DIED SUDI negro, whose ho denly yesterda; was due to hear

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Vicksburg and Shreveport

--VIA--

MONTGOMERY

ONLY 15 HOURS

ATLANTA

NEW ORLEANS

Pullman Buffet Sleeping Care

Atlanta and New Orleans Without Change

Owen Smith wi his late home buried by Morn tans, of which ON ALL TRAINS. Through time table in effect January 3d, '9831

SOUTH BO				
	INo.	50.	No.; 52.	INO. L
L've Atlanta			9 55 pm	5 30 pm
Ar. Fairburn	2 55	pm	*****	6 47 pa
" Palmetto	2 07	pm		7 18 pm
" Newnan				8 15 pa
" Grantville		pm	********	9 25 pm
" Hogansville		pm		9 57 pm
" LaGrange	3 37	pm		10 50 pa
" West Point	4 05	pm	12 24 am	
" Opelika	4 48	pm		-
Ar. Columbus, Ga		pm		
v. Columbus		am	II oo am	
Ar. Montgomery			2 50 am	
		pm	-	
Ar. Pensacola		am	6 10 pm	
· Mobile	2 25	am	8 45 am	
' New Orleans	7 20	am	1 00 pm	
"Selma		pm	12 00 m	***************
Marion	12 45		4 12 pm	
Greensboro	1 59	am		
Meridian	6 25	am		
ckson	10 40			
Vicksburg	12 40			1
fonroe	6 30	pm		
hreveport	11 10			
NORTH B	-	_		
NORTH D			No. 54.	1 No. 3.
				-
New Orleans		pm		
Mobile	12 20		8 45 pm	
Montgomery	10.00	anı	2 20 am	******
Opelika			-	
. Columbus			***********	
. Columbus	8 30	am		*******
West Point	10 49	am	4 56 am	*******
LaGrange	12 20	am		4 00 az
Hogansville	11 46	am		4 53 az
Grantville	11 59	am		4 28 az
Newnan	12 25	pim		6 140an

No. 50, Pullman Buffet sleeping car Atlanta to New Orieans without change. No. 52, Pullman palace sleeping car Atlanta to New Orleans.
No. 51, Pullman Buffet sleeping car New Orleans
to Atlanta. Palace day coach Meridian to Mo gomery.
No. 53, Pullman Palace Buffet car New Orleans to

Atlanta and Washington. CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Montgomery, Alabam Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Railroads.

All trains of this system are run by Central (20th Meridian time). ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, DMC. 6, 1885, PAS Senger trains on these roads will run as follows GOING FROM ATLANTA. Carrolton D E 8 Macon D No 52...

Lv. Atlanta D No 54.

Savanoville D...

Jacksonville D...

Perry D E S No 27.

Fort Gaines E D S No 27.

Blakeley D E S No 25...

Blakeley D E S No 25...

Lufeula D No 1...

Columbus D No 5...

Montgomery D No 1...

Steeling cars on No 54.

Sleeping cars on No 54, Atlanta, to Savathrough sleeping and string cars on No 2 to sonville via Albany and Waycross. Passenge Wrightstille, Louisville and Sylvanta, 62, train No. 52. Trains Nos. 2 and 52 make closs

Ly. Jacksonville via Savannah D...

"Jacksonville via Albany...

"Savannah D No 58...

"Albany...

"Blabele...

Blakeley Fort Gaines

Savannah

Savannah

Albany D

Blakely

Fort Gaines

Perry D E 8 No 24.

Eufaula

Ar. Atlanta D No 1...

Eufaula
Columbus
Montgomery
Macon D No 1
Thomaston D E S No 34

" Macon D No 52.
" Augusta D No 17.
" Savannah D No 52.
" Jacksonville...
" Perry D E S No 21.
" Fort Gaines D E S No 27.
" Blakely D E S No 25.
" Albany D No 25.
" Albany D No 25.
" Columbus D No 5.
" Montgomery D No 1...
Ly, Atlanta D No 2. adopted the public buile Lv. Atlanta D No 2...... Av. Thomaston D E S... "Carrollton...." Macon... given the pro "Four thou odds. In fact will take \$2, 6:25 pm " Savannan
" Jacksonville D.....
" Perry D E S No 23...
" Fort Gaines
" Blakeley
, ' Albany D No 3....
" Eufaula chambero .10:45 p #

"That's "Well, y nothing

Mr. Levi

titione

.11:40 p m .7:40 a m .10:25 a m .5:40 pgd

5:00 a m 9:30 p m 8:20 p m

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nah to Macon tion at Atlanta

The forlow coal co Jose

vice Seaver The follow Juli recreix C. Mo and J. The the follow Jose Brown Collie E. Br. W. C. The follow Jes gener Brown Collie points and local stations. Through sleeping and sitting cars on train leaving Jacksonville at 720 pm., via Wayeross, Atlanta and Macom. D—Dailer. D—Es—daily except Sunday. Tickets for all point and sleeping car berths on sale at Unionideos thirty minutes prior to leaving of all trains. WM. ROGERS, Gen! Sup't, Sayannah, Ga. T. D. KLINE, Sup't S. W. E. R., Macon, Ga. W. T. SHELLMAN, Traffic Manager. G. A. WHITEHERAD, G. P. A., Sayannah, Ga. R. SCHMIDT, Atlanta, Ga.

ans Short Line

Shreveport

MERY!

DURS

NTA

eping Cars

LEANS

Without Change January 3d. '9927

DAILY. 50. No.: 52. No. 4. m 9 55 pm 5 80 pm m 6 47 pm m 7 13 pm m 8 18 pm m 9 25 pm m 9 57 pm m 10 50 pm

| No. 54. | No. 8.

1 400 am 1 400 am 1 423 am 1 6 400 am 1 6 400 am 1 7 25 am 2 7 22 am 9 25 am 2 8 04 am 2 7 22 am 9 25 am ing car Atlanta to ing car Atlanta to car New Orleans to

ern & Mont-Rai roads.

run by Central or ecember 6th, 1835. DEC. 6, 1885, PAS will run as follows

6:25 p m .10:45 p m

6:50 p m 6:00 a m 12 noon 12:00 p m 4:38 p m 7:10 p m 2:45 p m 4:01 p m 2:15 pm

o Savannah;
o 2 to Jackassengers for
a, Ga., take
ke close con
& W Ry for
S. Train No
R. Trains 52
F & W R'y for

8:10 p m

7:32 a m 4:10 a m

THE CONSTITUTION. EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, FEBRUARY 4.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT-FANNY DAVEN-MEETING OF FULTON LODGE No. 216 F. & A. M.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Pavement Paragraph's Caught on the Fly by the Constitution Reporters.

RETURN DAY U. S. COURT.—February 16 is return day for the United States circuit court.

HE DIED SUDDENLY. -Steve Moore, an aged negro, whose home is on Fort street, died sud-denly yesterday afte noon. Moore's death was due to heart disease.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—On account of a querum not being present the board of county commissioners did not hold a meeting yesterday. It will be held Friday.

THEY WILL MEET .- The board of police commissioners will meet in regular monthly session next Monday night. So far, nothing of importance has been booked for the meet-

CORONER HAYNES SICK.—Coroner Dick Haynes is quite sick at his home on West Mitchell street. He has been sick for five or six days and yesterday was so much worse that his friends became quite alarmed. He is receiving every possible attention.

Owen Smith's Funeral.—The funeral of Owen Smith will take place this morning from his late home on Cain street. He will be buried by Morning Star lodge of Good Samarians, of which organization he has been a popular member for a number of years. The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock, and a number of state house officials will be in attendance upon the solemn exercises. The remains will be buried in Oakland cemetery.

THE PATROL WAGON.-The patrol wagon will probably be rolled out this week. Yes-terday a fine pair of horses were purchased, and when a clear day comes the wagon will be christened. The christening exercises will be solehn. Chief Councily will mount the box and drive the team through the principal streets, while several newspaper reporters will ride in the wagon. Due notice of the impor-tant event will be given.

A COFFIN COVERED WITH FLOWERS.—Yesterday a coffin literally covered with flowers passed through Atlanta. The coffin contained the remains of James Huuter, who died a few days ago in Mobile of heart disease. The coffin is en route to Scottland, Hunter's former home. On top the box that contained the coffin a structure five feet high had been built of wood and canvass. Inside this canvass crowns and harps made of the most beautiful flowers were protected. The flowers were fastened to the frame in such a way as to remain perfectly stationary.

A DISHONEST POSEMASTER.—Jake Keepe has A COFFIN COVERED WITH FLOWERS .- Yes

A DISHONEST POSTMASTER. - Jake Keene has been the postmaster at Golightly, S. C.

Jake is of the masculine gender and hails from the land of Africa. His head resembles a north Georgia brush pile and his lips hang over like a couple of barn doors. As before stated Jake was the postmaster at Golightly, and he has mixed himself into some trouble which will likely "goheavy" with him. Adjoining the postoffice was a store, and one night Jake, having a desire to become suddenly rich, robbed both the postoffice and store. Inspector Troutland dropped to Jake's racket and a few days ago pulled him in.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

That Body Thinks \$3,600 Enough for the Chamber of Commerce.

The board of aldermen met in regular ses-

The board of aldermen met in regular session yesterday morning.

There were present Messrs. Cooper, Gramling, Hutchison and Collier.

The board concurred in several small matters passed up by the council. The ordinance resending the ordinance authorizing belgian block work on West Peachtree street was taken from the table and, after a discussion, was concurred as also was the ordinance. was concurred, as also was the ordinace granting the Atlanta Street Car company per-mission to construct its track down North ave-nue from Peachtree to the baseball park. The board discussed the contemplated contract with the chamber of commerce for the three floors of the building. The committee on public buildings and grounds recommended that the contract be signed at \$3,600, and Mr. Mitchell, of the second ward, moved that the contract be made for \$4,000. The council by a vote referred the recommendation of the public buildings and grounds committee and adopted the motion of Mr. Mitchell. The board, however, after considering both propositions, reversed the action of the council by repudiating Mr. Mitchell's motion and adopting the committee's recommendation.

Subsequent to the adjournment of the board, Mr. Bell, who is chairman of the committee on public buildings and grounds, and who has given the proposed lease a careful study, said: "Four thousand dollars is too much by long edds. In fact \$3,000 is a big figure. You see it will take \$2,000 to fix the third floor up for a council chamber. Now add that \$2,000 to the \$4,000 rent per year, and when the five years' lease has expired, the city will have paid the chamber of commerce \$22,000."

"That's a snug sum?"

"Well, yes. It is a small fortune and when the last dollar is paid out the city will have nothing tangible for it. Now, that \$22,000 will almost build us a house. For one, I think the city had better add a few thousand to the \$22,000, raise the money some way and build Subsequent to the adjournment of the board,

\$22,000, raise the money some way and build a city hall. Then, again, the elevator will have to be rigged up and manued, and here the city will have another expense."

THE SMALLPOX HOSPITAL. Mr. Levi C. Wells Wants the Hospital Moved

He Sues the City. Levi C. Wells brings suit against the city for

five thousand dollars damages.

It appears that Mr. Wells is the owner of a ertain tract of land in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, located near the smallpox hospital or pest house and quarantine camps. hospital or pest house and quarantine camps. The land covers fourteen or more acres, and has been used by him as a market rarden. The smallpox hospital is within fifty yards of Mr. Wells's property. During the smallpox epidemic the city caused the bedding and clothing to be hung on the fence enclosing Mr. Well's property. The city also caused about sixty-five persons who had died at the hospital to be buried year near the fence and land of the neerty. The city also caused about sixty-five persons who had died at the hospital to be buried very near the fence and land of the petitioner. These bodies have remained there undisturbed ever since. Three families who lived a short distance from the hospital and camps caught the smallpox and several members died from said disease which the city allowed to exist at the places stated. Mr. Wells says he has tried to get the city to move the hospital and camps, but in his efforts he has been unsuccessful. He claims that he has been damaged to fully the amount asked for.

the amount asked for. OFFICERS ELECTED. The Managing Officials of Several Compa-

nies Elected. At a meeting held yesterday morning the following officers were elected for the Dade coal compeny:

Joseph E. Brown, president; W. C. Morrell, vice president; Julius L. Brown, Jacob W. Seaver, Elijah A. Brown, directors.

The Castle Rock coal company elected the following officers:

The Castle Rock coal company elected the following officers:
Julius L. Brown, president; W. C. Morrell, secretary and treasurer; Julius L. Brown, W. C. Morrell, Joseph E. Brown, Jacob W. Seaver and Joseph M. Brown, directors.
The walker Iron and Coal company elected the following gentlemen as officers:
Joseph E. Brown, president; Julius L. Brown, vice-president and treasurer; J. L. Collier, general manager and treasurer; Joseph E. Brown, Julius L. Brown, J. W. Seaver, and W. C. Morrell, directors.
The Chattanooga Iron company elected the following:

following:

Jeseph E. Brown, president; J. L. Collier, general manager and treasurer; Joseph E. Brown, Julius L. Brown, M. C. Morrell, L. S. Collier and E. A. Brown, directors.

ARMSTRONG'S TRIAL.

THE ARGUMENT CONCLUDED AND EVIDENCE BEING CONSIDERED.

The Court Reviewing the Evidence and Trying to Determine Whether Dr. Armstrong is Guilty of the Charges Brought Against Him-The Trial to Resume this Morning.

One week ago yesterday the ecclesiastical court convened in session for the purpose of trying Rev. Dr. J. G. Armstrong, charged with conduct unbecoming a minister. The evidence was all in by Tuesday, and

and the argument began. Both the prosecu-tion and the defense contested every inch of ground. Mr. Hoke Smith, for the defense, spoke for more than five hours. The argument was concluded yesterday afternoon at half past two o'clock, and the court at once took the avidence under consideration. A stenographic reporter has taken down every syllable of evidence, and he was instructed by the court to employ assistance to write it out so that there would be no trouble in finding any part of the evi-

dence they might desire to refer to during their deliberations. Last night the court held a session from seven to ten o'clock. What was done is not known, there being no one present except the

Armstrong is guilty or innocent.

After the session last night a Constitution man met Rev. Dr. Hunter, president—of the court, at the Markham house, and in reply to a question, the doctor said:

"I suppose there is nothing wrong in saying that the court has not yet concluded their deliberations."

"How long before you will?" asked the re-

porter.
"I think we will arrive at a conclusion tomorrow, and our decision will be given to the bishop. Of course what we do will not be made public; that will be left for the bishop." "The trial has been a long one." "Yes, sir: and if Dr. Armstrong should be

found guilty, no one can say that he has not had a fair trial. In every particular the trial has been a fair one."
"Will the evidence and argument be printed

"I cannot say. That is a matter for the black hop to decide upon, but I think it probable The court meets again this morning at 9 o'clock in the chapel.

THE CONVICT'S FROZEN FEET. Bud Williams to be Taken to the Medical College and the Knife Used.

Bud Williams's foot was not amputated yesterday.

It will be chopped off tomorrow, however.
Early yesterday Dr. Boring called to see the convict and found him suffering intensely.
Williams had read the story printed in THE CONSTIUTION and for the first time realized that he would lose one, maybe both, feet. Every time Dr. Boring mentioned amputation to the convict he opposed it so strenuously that he had began to think that he would have his own way. When he read the decision of Dr. Boring and Dr. Ridly, Williams went into convulsions and when Dr. Boring called he found the convict so nervous and broken up that a gentle touch provoked a cry of pain. Williams begged long and hard for the foot. Dr. Boring tried to show the convict that he would die unless the foot was

"Then let me die," said the convict, "I had rather die with two feet than to live with

ne."
The amputation would have taken place yesterday but for the damp, disagreeable weather The physicians have decided to remove Williams to the college where he can receive every necessary attention, and remove the foot there.

The weather yesterday was not favorable to his removal and the convict was permitted to sleep with his foot another night. If the weather is favorable Williams will weather is favorable Williams will be moved today and the am-putation will take place tomorrow. In the meantime Williams's feet are growing worse. The flesh is leaving the bones rapidly. and the bones are pulling apart. Last night about dark another toe dropped from his right

foot.

The convict's frozen feet was the general talk of the town yesterday.
Everybody wanted to know who was at

No one ascertained The county commission was called together early in the day, but only two members, Messrs. Inman and Hunnicutt, responded. Colonel Grant was too sick to attend, so was Mr. Moore. Mr. Murphy was out of town. Messrs. Inman and Hunnicutt discussed the matter, and then instructing Mr. Tyler Cooper, the secretary of the commission, to call a meeting for Friday, took their departure. It is understood that the two commissioners are considerably worked up over the matter, and that they are going to handle it without gloves.

"Why," said Mr. Hunnicutt, "it does look

strange that the darkey's feet should freeze in that building."
"Whose fault was it?"

"Whose fault was it?"

"I have no idea. I hope it was not due to his negligence. I know the gentlemen in charge and I am satisfied they would not handle a prisoner roughly. However, the commission will go to the bottom of the affair, and mission will go to the bottom of the affair, and if any one is at fault we will find it out."

It is highly probable that Dr. Boring will have a lively time when he undertakes to move the convict from his home to the college. Yesterday when the question of the removal was being discussed several of the convict's friends congregated about William's home and said that he should not be taken to any medical college. Williams himself objects to the removal, and it is extremely likely that when the ambulance draws up at Williams's door today or tomorrow a crowd of his friends will attempt to prevent the physicians from taking the convict away from his home. The darkies are of the opinion that the convict will be cut to pieces in the college.

"I don't know who is to blame for the convict's freezing," said a gentleman yesterday.

vict's freezing," said a gentleman yesterday, "but I'll stake all I have that it wasn't Garmany. I have known John Garmany for years and there is not a better hearted, eleverer man

in the wide world." MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE.

A Thorough Canvass of the City to be Made at Once. The interest in the Georgia Midland road increases daily.

The committee of fifteen appointed by the

chairman of the mass meeting Tuesday night met yesterday morning at eleven o'clock at THE CONSTITUTION office, and mapped out its line of work.

This committee will begin work at once and a thorough canvass of the business men will be

made.

The committee is composed of progressive citizens, and good work is expected from them. They say they can and will raise the desired

Mr. M. C. Kiser, a member of the committee and a valuable worker, received the following

Mr. Mr. C. Kleer, a member of the committee and a valuable worker, received the following letter yesterday:

Mr. M. C. Kiser: Dear Sir—Feeling an interest in Atlanta and her commercial prosperity in common with you and many other citizens, we wish to contribute our mite to the building of the Georgia Midlend railroad, and you may put our firm down for \$500 stock. It is an enterprise that every citizen owning property should feel called upon to contribute to. Yours truly,

W. P. & W. F. PATTILLO,
Insurance Agents.

The above is one of several read at the meeting yesterday, and it is only printed to show the interest the business men are taking in the graph of the property of the property was omit of from the list of subscribers to the Georgia Midland fund published yesterday. He subscribed \$300.

RUST PROOF SEED OATS.—We have ten cars choice rust proof Texas oats which we can deliver promptly to the wholesale trade. The Tolleson Commission Co., Gate City national bank building.

THE RAILROAD GATES.

What the Railroads Think of the Experiment —When it Goes Into Effect. Mr. Charles Collier's gate ordinance will go into effect on the first of April, and by the terms of the opdinance overy railroad using the tracks over Whitehall, Pryor and Loyd streets will be liable to a fine by the recorder.

will be liable to a fine by the recorder.

The railroad companies, however, have not yet arrived at any conclusion touching the gates.

Yesterday THE CONSTITUTION made an excursion among the railroad officials to ascertain what they thought of the gates.

"I have no idea what sort of a gate they contemplate using," said Colonel L. I'. Grant, of the Atlanta and West Point railway, "and I have never given the matter an investigation.

of the Atlanta and West Point railway, "and I have never given the matter an investigation, but I am induced to believe, from what I have heard, that the gates will be a good thing. I think, though, that the people will grow impatient at first. The gates, of course, will detain them just as the trains do now."

"Then they will not be much advantage?"

"They will be almost a guarantee against accidents and that is what we want. We want some way to prevent people from rushing madly across the tracks in front of moving trains, and I am in hopes that the gates will prove satisfactory."

tisfactory."
The state road officials think that the gates

will prove a solution to the question.
"I den't know that the gates will do much good," said Mr. Cecil Gabbett. "They will obstruct the crossing just as freight trains do struct the crossing just as freight trains do now and will make people impatient. You see the people are not kicking against passenger trains because they get across the streets in no time and are not so frequent and long as freights. They are kicking against freight trains. Now, there is a way to remedy the blockade by freights without the gates. It is this: The state road does all its switching across Whitchall street. In order to get their long freight trains off their tracks. switching across whitchair street. In order to get their long freight trains off their tracks into the yard they must come across Whitehall street. Suppose the state road was compelled to put the switch on the other side of their depot. Then what? Why all the switching depot. Then what? Why all the switching would be on the west side of Whitehall and the tra k would be clear to what it now is."

Mr. R. Schmidt, of the Central, is not a strong advocate of the gates but says his road will

do anything to protect life.

Mr. T. T. Smith, of the Richmond and Danville says: "I think the gates will prove a bigger nuisance than the freight train block-Mr. Clolier says that he intends to have the value of the experiment clearly shown.

COURT CLIPPINGS. A Small Day's Work in the Temples of

In the United States court yesterday there was little done. In the circuit court, Dave Thomas, from Walker county, plead guilty to illicit removing and concealing, and his sentence was suspended. In the district court, B. H. Bond, of Banks county, was found guilty of illicit distilling and working, and was asked to make the first of \$200 and heard in juil for two pay a fine of \$200 and board in jail for two months. F. F. Harvey, of Rabun county, dis-tilling and working, one month and \$100. James J. King, of Banks county, distilling and working, one month and \$100. Pending intro-duction of testimony in the case of David Horton vs. the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, personal injuries, this court

THE CITY COURT. Cornelius Williams was found not guilty of ooting a mule, the property of Wesley Dur-

den. \
Milton Risby, earrying concealed weapons, fifty dollars and cost, or six months in the chain gang. George Anderson, stealing cloaks from D. H.

Dougherty, \$100 and cost, or twelve months in the chain gang.

Dora DeLyon, larceny from the house, \$50 and cost, or six months in the chain gang. ORDINARY'S COURT.

Judge Calhoun yesterday disposed of the fol lowing business:
J. S. Broomhead was qualified as administrator on the estate of B. H. Broomhead, de-

The will of E. W. Holland, deceased, was admitted to record in solemn form, and Mrs. Kate B. Holland qualified as executrix. Application of Mrs. Mollie R. Cross for homestead was granted.

STILSON 53 Whitenail Street,

IN GREAT VARIETY. I WILL NOT B E UNDERSOLD. GEORGE MUSE,

ASK FOR AND'USE DRU "J. T.," Big Chunk an
AND DON'T YOU
THE ONLY GENUINE
REIBER & STERN
GUCKENHEIMER SON, SAVANNAH.
HOLLENS BROS., CHARLESTON, S. C.
LOBRICK & LAWRENCE, COLUMBIA, S. C.

"J. T.," Big Chunk an
Hollens an

The Babies of the New Home. My appeal for furniture for the nursery department of the home for women and girls, 147 Marietta street, brought a very meager outfit for the helpless little ones who would seek our sheltering aims. Four cradles, two jwithout mattresses, one trundle bed, one dollar in cash from a dear good woman, who, though poor, spends her entire time and means in works of charity, and fifty cents from and means, in works of charity, and fifty cents from "A Friend," in Lithonia, constitute the entire donations reported. I know that this department of this charitable institution, does commend itself to the tender loving kindness of every true man and woman, and but for the press of weightier matters of personal interest which causes procrastination, our home would have been crowded with furniture in response to the appeal made. For the want of this furniture, we have been compelled to refuse admittance to many friendless little ones.

Now I ask every mother and father who has a "little angel" in heaven to take to their hearts the following beautiful lines, which come from the weary soul of a bereaved believing mother, and in behalf and for the sake of your dear ones "forever free from sorrow and pain," send me a contribution to be devoted specially to this department.

"Intille Angel waiting for me On the beautiful banks of the chrystal sea; When my weary heart is throbbing with pain And I fain would clasp my darling again, I'll look away from this earthly strand. To the beautiful fields of the better land: I will think of the angel waiting there And offer to God a thankful prayer.

"I have a little angel waiting for me, on the beautiful banks of the chrystal sea; Forever free from sorrow and pain. Spotless and pure from all earthly stain, Never in erring paths to rove. Safe in the bosom of infinite love:

May we not hope this "angel trust fund" will built sufficient for the demands of this department Mrs. Stainback Wilson, February 3, 1886. "A Piano Recital.

Professor Joseph H. Denck will play this evening at 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock in the parlors of the Young Men's Christian association, corner Waiton and Forsyth streets. The following is the pro

We offer for rent the entire upper floor and room on secend floor of the building

No. 23, Corner Alabama and Whitehall sts., Formerly Used for

WATCH FACTORY. FREEMAN &

We Will Sell a Lot of

Shafting, Pulleys and Machinery

N. FREEMAN & CO.

OF VARIOUS KINDS AT VERY LOW PRICES.

TO ANY PARTIES DESIRING TO PURCHASE

Two Upright Plate Glass Show Cases Suitable for Display Purposes,

We Can Offer an Especial Bargain.

D. N. FREEMAN & CO.

WE ALSO HAVE A LOT OF

Desks and Show Cases

And other office Furniture which we will sell low.

FREEMAN & CO.

JEWELER! BELIABLE GOADS FAIR DEA LING AND BOTTOM PRICPS. Atlanta, Georgia.

MY STO CK OF FALL AND WIN TER CLOTHING IS COMPLETE IN A LL DEPARTMENTS. FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN.

38 Whitehall Street.

MMOND'S HORSE SHOE NATURAL LEAF,
TANNER, CURIER & HEATH, ATLANTA.
M. J. O'BRIEN & CO., CHATTANOOGA, TENN!
H. W. PERRY & CO., BIRMINGHAM, ALA,
P. & G. T. DODD. ATLANTA.

BLANK BOOKS.

Complete Sets. All Sizes, CHEAP.

STATIONERY.

Picture Frames.

Any Size Made to Order. No Fancy Prices.

WALL PAPER!

E. H. THORNTON, Stationer, Wall Paper and Picture Frame Dealer,

THE EXECUTORS OF THE LATE JOHN NEAL'S estate have established an office at 28 White Late THE EXECUTORS OF THE LATE JOHN NEAL'S estate have established an office at 28 Whitehall street, where they request all who are in arrears to call early and arrange the same. They di not propose to enforce immediate payment in full where the debts are amply secured and interest promptly paid. They will continue to make loans and buy approved paper for the estate. The patronage of Mr. Neal's old customers is particularly desired.

T. B. NEAL,
JOHN KEELY,
E. H. THORNTON,
Qualified Executors.

JOHN NEAL ESTATE.

nx rm nx thor d&wk 1m Rooms and Offices to Rent

In the new Constitution building. Steam and Electric Light furnished. Apply to W. A. Hemphill, BusinessManager.

Posts, pickets, shingles, laths, dressed flooring nouldings and framing lumber. W. S. Bell, 2

Chamber of Commerce. The membership of the Atlanta chamber of mmerce was increased last month by the election five new members.

B. F. Gravely's tobaccos, the only genuine Gravely on the market. Sold exclusively by Henry P. Scales & Co. th sa mo

W. S. Bell has an immense stock sash, doors and blinds, from which you can select anything you want. Quality and prices guaranteed to give satis-Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Cure

reduced to\$1.00 per bottle. For sale by all druggists.

Stamps for sale at Constitution business office. Cotton Exchange. J. Martene and George Ruhmann have bought the well known and popular Cottou Ex-change, corner Alabama and Broad streets, and will be pleased to see all their friends and the

Just think of it—twelve light window for 75c. Bell, 25 lvy street.

A Word from a Great Benefactor

Cheney's Expectorant is a positive cure when rightly taken for Coughs, Colds, Laryngetis, Croup and all afflictions of the throat and lungs. I have tried it in my own family and know whereof I speak. I trust it will find its way into every home

in our country.

JOSIAH BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga. Sun, Thur and Fri.

Samuel W. Goode's catalogue' of farms e'c., is now ready. Call or write (inclosing stam.) for MEMBERS AND AGENTS

Connecticut Mutual Life Ins. Co. Insurance Monitor --- Just Out. Address C. C. HINE. Publish v., Single Copies 25 cts. 187 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Stamps for sale at Constitution Business office.

WANTED

FOR CASH A RESIDENCE LOT WITHIN THREE blocks of Kimball house or Postoffice. Address, stating size, location and lowest cash price, F. J. COOLEDGE & BRO.,

21 Alabama Street. 1eb4 th sun wed NewBuilding and Loan Association.

Parties Wishing STOCK IN THE SECOND issue of Atlanta Building and Loan Association are requested to call before the third Tuesday in February, and subscribe for the number of shares wanted, JOEL HURT.

Janzi -dim



SUIT, better style at Less Price than any house in the city,

Name we will Do Better.

We are determined to reduce our

W, M. Scott's stock of Furnishing Goods and will sell them 25 per cent less than New York Cost,

41 WHITEHALL ST.

Three Millions of Dollars,

to lenders. Atlanta is ahead of all cities of her size in prohibiting the sale of liquor by popular vote; so is she equal to any city in the security she offers, and in the prompt payment

borrowed. My facilities for making superior investments on city or farm prop-

No loan made for more than onethird the value of security taken.

City bank. L. B. NELSON.

TF you want pure Teas and Coffees, go to Duffy's. IF you want pure Lard, go to Duffy's.

IF you want the best Can Goods, go to Duffy's.

TF you want the Farris Boneless Breakfast Bacon, TF you want Pink Geletin, go to Duffy's.

TF you want the finest Smoked Beef, go to Duffy's. IF you want pure Flour, go to Duffy's.

If you want fresh Strawberries in bottles, go to Duffy's, TF you want fresh Cherries in bottles, go to Duffy's.

F you want any kind of Soups or Vegetables for Soups, go to Duffy's.

If you want anything in the Grocery line, call and see DUFFY, 75 Peachtree Street.

NACE BROS...
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN DOORS,
Sash and Blinds, Moldings, Brackets, Scroll
and Turned work. Rough and Dressed Lumber, Laths and shingles, Flooring and Ceiling. Interior finish stair work. Newels, Rails, Balus-ters and door and window frames a specialty.

HAVE YOU MONEY TO INVEST?

when you can have EIGHT PER GENT NET.

WITH YOUR MONEY SECURED BY A FIRST
W mortgage upon some of the cholocest real estate
in the city of Atlanta; or if preferred, the best farm
lands in the state of Georgia, worth in every intance three times the amount leaned. I have been
exclusively engaged in the special business of negotating this class of loans for twenty years in the
morthwest (state of lows) up to 1880, and since 1880
here in Atlanta.

Complete abstracts of title by competent attorneys
and all interest and principal collected without a
cent of expense to lenders. I use coupen notes,
making them as convenient as government bunds.
Investors are invited to call and have a talk, whether
they desire to invest or not. Testimonials from
propose who have loaned through me for years are
list in your office.

C. P. R. HARKER.

A NoProfit Sale

No matter what PRICES they

stock of Winter Goods regardless of PRICE, to make room for our New Spring Stock. We have bought out

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.

Loaned since 1865 in the west and south, without the loss of one dollar

of interest by her people on money

erty are unsurpassed.

Eight per cent interest net to lenders. Correspondence with parties controlling money for investment solicited. Send for pamphlet containing full information relative to Georgia farm loans, my manner of doing business and testimonials, or call and see me at room 12 Gate

IF you want pure Olive Oil, go to Duffy's.

If you want any kind of pure Cheese, go to Duffy's. IF you want a fine Sugar-cured Ham, go to Duffy's IF you want the finest Grits in the market, go to Duffy's.
IF you want Ice-cured Meat, go to Duffy's for it.

TF you want any kind of a Conduit, go to Duny

I you want the finest Olives imported, go to

TF you want Stuffed Olives, go to Duffy's. F you want the finest Prunes, go to Duffy's.

TF you want any Imported Jam, go to Duffy's. F you want pure Jellies or Preserves, go to Duffy's.

IF you want any kind of fresh Fruit in bottles, g TF you want any kind of fresh Fruits, go to Duffy's,

Office, mill and lumber yards No. 285 Decate street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 48.

McBRIDE'& CO. 1886

China, Crockery, Clocks, Show Cases, Fine Cutlery, Spoons, Forks, Lamps, Dry-Air Refrigerators, Gate City Stone Filters, Improved Fly Fans, to trade at manufacturers prices.

THE WEATHER REPORT

Daily Weather Report. OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A. U. S. Cusron House, February 3, 9:00 P. M All observations taken at the same momentime at each place named:

		1:	W	IND.	3	100
	Barometer.	Thermometer Dew Point.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Jacksonville Montgomery New Orleans	29,86	.60 .62 - .32 27 .34 28	S.W NW N	Light.	.16 .19 .00	Cloudy. Cloudd. Cloudd. Cloudd. Cloudd. Cloudd.
· LO	CAL	OBSI	ERVA	TIONS	١.	
10 a. m	29.83 29.85 29.91 29.88 29.96	.40 40 .80 87 .32 30	NW	10 8 10 21 20	.00 .32 .00	Cloudy. Cloudy. Cloudy. Cloudy. Cloudy.

THE OLD BOOK STORE."

38 Marietta St., opposite Opera House.

Old Books, Seasides, Lovell's Libraries. Confederate Money bought and sold, school books and supplies a specialty. Full line school and staple stationery. 60,000 rare, standard and miscellaneous volumes to select from. Persons out of the city desiring to buy or sell write for particulars.

J. T. White, leading dealer in Wall Paper and Window Shades, 46 Marietta street. New goods received every week.

DIAMONDS J. P. STEVENS,

47 WHITEHALL ST.

Meetings.

A regular communication of Fulton Lodge, No. 216, F. and A. M., will be held tonight for usual business and work in the first and second degrees. All Master Masons are cordially invited to participate. By order of Masonic Notice

OTTO SPAHR, Secretary.

PERSONAL. MR. W. B. CARTER, representing the Clingman Tobacco Cure company, of Durham, N. C., is in the city in the interest of his firm.

MR. R. G. THORNTON, of the Richmond Pampany, is in the city. H. YANCEY, of Cincinnati, southern f the Wabash system, was in Atlanta yester-

J. A. THOMAS, of Cochran, is a guest of the JUDGE W. T. SWIFT and wife, of Perry, Ga.,

are in the city, visiting their son, Mr. C. T. Swift. at 215 Capital avenue, and will remain several MESSRS. S. K. JOHNSON and Willis Porter, of Augusta, are at the Kimball.

MISS DOLLIE LEWIS, of Dalton, was in At-MESSES. R. H. WRIGHT and J. H. Hunter, on, are in the city. A. T. KEMP, of Douglasville, is visiting the

D. S. PRINTUP and E. G. Shannon, of Rome, are on a visit to Atlanta.

F. A. Morse, of Rosswell, is at the Kim-

J. A. Monday, of Newnan, was in Atlanta yesterday. E. H. BRADFIELD, of LaGrange, is in the

Supreme Court of Georgia.

OCTOBER TERM, 1885. Number of cases remaining undisposed of:

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

No. 4. Argument concluded,
No. 8. Blount vs. State. Larceny from the house,
from city court of Atlanta. Argued. Gray
& Way, for plaintiff in error. H.C. Glenn,
solicitor city court, by brief, for the state.
No. 9. Campbell vs. State. Withdrawn.
No. 10. Robinson vs. State. Continued.
No. 11. Ware vs. State. Withdrawn.
No. 12. Henderson, by next friend, vs. Francis et
al. Case, from city court of Atlanta. Argued. Haygood & Martin; Speairs & Simmons, for plaintiff in error. Hoke & Burton Smith, for defendants.
No. 14. Hodge vs. Ellis, guardiau. Equity, from
Fulton. R. P. Trippe & Son, for plaintiff in
error. W. D. Ellis, in propria persona, for
defendant.

Pending argument of Mr. Ellis, the court adjourned to ten o'clock this morning.

A Guess at Beecher's Earnings.

New York letter in Boston Globe. I am not able to speak by the absolute card,

I am not able to speak by the absolute card, nor would it be entirely proper to do so if I could, but, taking him as a pronounced type of successful professional men, I think I can make an estimate approximate of the enormous sum he has coined from his yet vigorous brain in the past forty years. At times his salery was but \$1,500, but if jumped gradually from that humble sum, from \$5,000 to \$10,000, to \$20,000 a year: Salary as preacher, \$220,000; lecture fees, \$240,000; sundry publications, \$100,000; wedding fees, \$50,000; incidentals, \$40,000. Total, \$750,000. Now, I have reason to believe that this is an underestimate, and I have no doubt whatever that from the day that blue-eyed, beardless boy astonished the good folks of Indianapolis in the yet standing pine-board meeting-house, by the fire and zeal and enthusiasm of an ardent nature, though his days of struggle and vicistade, to the point when, standing on the platform of the Broadway Tabernaele, he shook the dried bones of old-time divines and electrified the city by the terrible arraignment of the demon slavery, and thence on through the early triumphant periods of Plymouth church, through the stormy days of the war for the union, and thence down to this proud day, when, in his seventified when to this proud day, when, in his seventified is proud from his head, his heart and his hand not less than a million of money.

Wishes He Hadn't Asked.

Wishes He Hadn't Asked.

From the Louisville Journal.

Bontelle was anxious to know, you know.
He is now convinced that where ignorance is bliss,

DRY GOODS.

· All Heavy Wool Goods AT COST.

We are determined not to carry our heavy won goods through the summer if low prices will sell them. Call this week and

SEE OUR LADIES' CLOAKS SEE OUR FINE BLANKETS! SEE OUR FINE SHAWLS See our heavy wool dress goods and price them. You can make your selections from the largest and most magnificent stock in the southern states, and get prices as low and lower than same quality can be found. For black and colored silks with new styles and trimmings see our stock. The best is the cheapest. 2,000 yards remnants at % cost.]

Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

J. W. ENGLIER, A. B. STEELE, B. S. BUST.
President, Vice-President. Secretry CHATTAHOOCHEE BRICK CO. MANUFACTURERS OF

CHATTAHOOCHEE RIVER BRICK.

Office 33 1-2 Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. We are prepared to furnish brick in any quantity suit the times. at prices to suit the times.

PLAIN, OIL PRESSED and MOULDED BRICE A SPECIALTY.

MOORE'S IRISH HARP How W. J. Scanlan's Manager Persuaded Mr.

Childs to Permit a Photograph of It. From the New York Mercury. Of the thousends of rare, leautiful and unique pieces of bric-a-brac and virtu with which George W. Childs's Queen Anne private office in the

George W. Childs's Queen Anne private office in the Ledger building is crowded, one of the most interesting is the Irish Poet Moore's harp. It rests on a black ebony stand, on which is carved: "The Poet Moore's Irish Harp." The instrument is covered with a glass case and occupies the most prominent place on Mr. Childs's writing-table. It is a curious little harp, unlike any ever seen in this country before. It is only twenty-one inches in height and has but fifteen strings, and three of these are broken. It is what is known as the knee harp. It is soft in tone and of exquisite sweetness. It is painted a delicate green and about the edges are inlaid gold leaves representing the shamrock. A broad band of green silk is fastened to the back, which was used to sapport the instrument while being played by the poet. This little harp was Thomas Moore's constant companion. What became of it immediately after the poet's death is not known, but it subsequently came into the possession of Mr. and Mr. Hall and was part of their gift of Mr. Childs of their wealth of literary relies. It is a relic as much prized by Mr. Childs as any one of the thousands in his possession. Among other mementoes of the poet in his possession is Moore's family Eible and the gown in which he was graduated at Trinity college, Dublin. The little harp has been viewed by hundreds of Irishmen and scores of distinguished foreigners. Many enterprising photographers and magazine publishers have tried in vain to induce Mr. Childs allow them to photograph the harp for the purpose of selling copies. He has held the relie so sacred that he did not wish it to become common by having photographs of it scattered throughout the country. It remained for the persistent, indefatigable theatrical manager to shake this resolution. When W. J. Scanlam, the Irish comedian played in this city last year his manager, Augustus Pitou, learned that the poet's harp was in the possession of Mr. Childs. He immediately conceived the idea of having it photographe and turning it to Ledger building is crowded, one of the most inter

graphed and turning it to the good account of himself and the actor. At the same time he learned of its owner's determination to allow nothing of the kind to the done, but a little obstacle like that doesn't deter a theatrical manager from going ahead. Mr. Pitou first armed himself with letters of introduction to Mr. Childs and made a personal assault on his determination. He was repulsed and left with the emphatic assurance that he could not have the harp photographed. The manager smiled, went to New York and renewed his attack through the mails. After a seige of several months he effected a slight breach in the determination. He speedily followed up this advantage with another personal attack. At last Mr. Childs said;

"There are three qualities that I admire in a man and these are 'enterprise,' 'energy,' and 'perseverance.' You seem to possess all three in an eminent degree, and I don't see any alternative but to grant your request."

The battle won, the manager lost no time in appropriating the 'spoils. He took the instrument limmediately to Gutckunst, the photographer, and inside of half an hour had it posed in front of the camera. Two copies were taken, one about 18x24 inches and the other about 5x8 inches. From these prototypes were made by the thousand, and these will be distributed during Mr. Scanlan's tour through the country.

TO-NIGHT.

Fanny Davenport in "Fedora." To the lovers of native art and artists nothing can bring more pleasure than the recollection of Miss Fannie Davenport's success last year as the heroine of Victorien Sardou's great play, "Fedora.' Miss Davenport had borne the banners of dramatic victory many times before, but in Sardou's dramashe found her most congenial role, and her success was unequivocal. Her warmest admirers were hardly prepared for the sensation her "Fedora" created. This evening Miss Davenport will present for the first time here her greatest success, "Fedora." If any doubt exists as to the place she has won in the estimation of our theater goers, it will quickly be dispelled by the glowing reception which awaits her. An important addition to the cast this season is a special engagement of the popular actor, Mr. Robert Mantell, who will appear in his original role of "Loris Spanoff," in which character he has no equal. The performance this season is emphatically pronounced an improvement over last year's portrayal. Seats for "Fedora" can now be secured at box office.

ON DECK. can bring more pleasure than the recollection o

The Ohio Farmers Arriving In Large Numbers-Delegations Ready to Meet Them. The Ohio farmers are commencing to arrive and Georgia is ready to give them a warm

Yesterday afternoon the following excur-onists reached Atlanta and registered with sionists reached Atlanta and registered with Mr. Sloan at the National hotel:

H. A. Newman, Leipsic, Ohio; Y. J. Kohler, Sidney, Ohio; John Shooyer, Sidney, Ohio; B. F. Le-Fever, Sidney, Ohio; A. R. Butts, Sidney, Ohio; T. A. Wilkam, Union City, Ind.; J. F. Hone, Degraffe, Ohio; J. Hone, Degraffe, Ohio; J. Hone, Degraffe, Ohio; J. Hone, Degraffe, Ohio; J. Hone, Degraffe, Ohio; John A. Yelloway, Xenia, Ohio; H. S. Mellinger, Springfield, Ohio; J. A. Anderson, Springfield, Ohio; J. J. Rodehaver, Newcomb, Tenn; J. Smith, Creston, Ohio; A. T. Connolly, Norcross, Ohio; Samuel Spence, Utah, Ohio; L. P. Madren, Utah, Ohio; L. S. Auctman, Convantville, Pa.; Samuel Smayer, Collinsville, Ohio; D. H. Dransfield, Collinsville, Ohio; Y. Raudabug, Cellina, Ohio; C. Bard, Cellina, Ohio; J. M. Boyles, Findley, Ohio; D. H. Dringley, Ohio; D. H. Bringley, Ohio; D

In the afternoon many of them visited the agricultural department and registered. Cap-tain Redding has arranged a neat register and is anxious to have all of the excursionists to come up and leave their name and address. Today it is expected that a large number of our western visitors will arrive, and on Friday morning at 9 o'clock an appropriate reception will be tendered them at the agricultural de-

This morning a small delegation will go to

This morning a small delegation will go to Newton county as the guests of General Sims, General Scott and Mr. Newt Anderson, returning to Atlanta in the afternoon.

It is stated that a large number of delegates will come to Atlanta today and tomorrow from all sections of the state for the purpose of meeting the excursionists and tendering them invitations to visit various sections.

Besides this quite a large number of people who have property for sale will come here and act on their own account.

Yesterday J. J. Spears, mayor, and Henry C. Day of Brunswick, George W. Fagan, of Houston, and J. Conkling Brown, of Greensbore, reached Atlanta for the purpose of mingling with the visitors upon their arrival. Delegates it is said, may be expected from Cedartown, Gainesville, Rome, Americus, Cuthbert and Macon, and from the counties of Morgan, Houston. Tenill and others.

Today some of the real estate agents

WILL GO TO CHATTANOGGA for the purpose of meeting the excursionists and coming down with them.

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